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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVII NO 210 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1939 PRICE: ONE ANNA

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British 'Planes Over Germany

Appeals To People Dropped From Air

NAZI REGIME FACES ECONOMIC CRISIS

Greek Ship Sunk In Baltic: Nazis Use Poison Gas

SOUTH AFRICA SPLIT OVER ISSUE OF CO-OPERATION WITH BRITAIN

Prophets of Germany's precarious internal economic position are being vindicated. Hardly four days have passed since the Nazis plunged into the unprovoked war, when the German News Agency informs the world that the Government has been compelled to issue five-mark Notes of Reutenmark which are already in circulation, while Notes of one and two Marks will soon be issued. London comments on the move is that German people will be disturbed with the thought of the terrible inflation period when the German Mark ceased to have any exchange value outside.

R. A. F. Over Germany

Britain's declaration of War was swiftly followed by extensive reconnaissance over Northern and Western Germany by the Royal Air Force. There was no clash with the Nazi air arm. The R. A. F. 'planes dropped six million copies of an appeal to the German people over a wide area. Dover is closed to commercial shipping, and naval activity continues on all seas, though no major operations are yet reported.

French Operation

France's first War Communique states that "operations have been begun by the whole land, sea and air forces." A Berlin communique says that "there has been no military operations yet in the West."

South Africa Divided

Following the British Government's declaration of War against Germany, Australia has joined up. There is sharp cleavage in the South African Government on the question of neutrality or co-operation, the division being 6 to 7.

Egypt's Support

Egyptian attitude is stated in a Cairo report which says that all political parties, including the Wafd, are unanimous in their support of Britain. They declare that the "Arab World is solid with England." The Jewish Agency in Palestine, for its part, has offered assistance to the British Army, and all Jews between the ages of 18 and 40 are being registered for "national service."

Greek Ship Sunk

Following the torpedoing of the "Athenia" near the Hebrides, off the Scotland Coast, a Greek Steamer bound for Leningrad from Antwerp struck a mine in the Baltic, near Falsterbo, (port at the extreme South of Sweden), and sank.

Nazis Use Poison Gas

German air raids on Polish towns have met with stubborn resistance. The Polish Ambassador in London told Pressmen that the Nazis had made a beginning in the use of poison gas. As a result of the air raids 1,500 Poles, mostly civilians, have been killed.

64 German 'Planes Shot Down

A Warsaw communique claims that 64 German 'planes were shot down while the Poles lost 11 of theirs. But it is admitted that Germans have advanced on all lines in the Silesian sector. In the Corridor province of Pomoroze, however, the Polish forces have recaptured Puck and Orlowe. Czestochowa has fallen to the Germans.

Warsaw After The Raids

Foreign correspondents who visited Warsaw after the Nazi air raids found a repetition of the gruesome sights of the Spanish War, of children killed and seriously wounded, of children's hospital bombed. Debris of several German 'planes shot down by the Poles were also seen by them.

France Starts Operations

PARIS, Sept. 4.

France's first War Communique states: "Operations have been begun by the whole land, sea and air forces."

AUSTRALIA JOINS UP.

MELBOURNE:—Mr. Menzies has cabled to Mr. Chamberlain: "Your broadcast moved Australia. In reply we proclaim a state of war. I broadcast on behalf of Government that we stand with Britain. We believe right to be on our side and victory to be sure."

CZECHS AT WAR WITH GERMANY.

LONDON:—Mr. Chamberlain has received a telegram from ex-president Dr. Benes: "We Czechoslovakian citizens also consider ourselves at war with Germany. We shall march with your people

(Continued on page 7, col. 6)

Smuts And Hertzog Call Different Tunes

CAPETOWN, Sept. 4.

The nature of the split in the Cabinet on war policy was indicated in a debate in the Assembly in which General Hertzog and General Smuts expressed opposing viewpoints.

HERTZOG FOR NEUTRALITY.

General Hertzog read a declaration of policy that South Africa's relations with the various belligerents continue as if no war is being waged subject to a proviso that existing relations and obligations between South Africa and Britain and other members of the British Commonwealth continue unimpaired.

General Hertzog specially instanced the Naval Base at Simons Town and said that nobody would be permitted to use South African territory for the purpose of doing anything which would impair those relations and obligations.

SMUTS FOR EMPIRE.

General Smuts moved an amendment calling for severance of relations with Germany and continued co-operation with the British Commonwealth. He said that if they followed General Hertzog's course they would be compelled ultimately to take sides. If they parted from the Empire on this when the day of trouble came when the German demand for the return of South West Africa was made at the point of bayonet they would stand alone.

The debate continues.—Reuter.

ECONOMIC CRISIS BREWING IN GERMANY

Five-Mark Notes Appear: Notes Of Smaller Value Soon

MEMORIES OF INFLATION PERIOD WILL HAUNT PEOPLE

BERLIN, September 4.

THE German News Agency announces that it has become necessary lately to put in circulation larger amounts of Fivemark Notes of Rentenmark currency.

In order to facilitate payments of smaller change, Rentenmark notes of one and two marks will be issued.

LONDON VIEW OF IT

LONDON:—Banking circles here comment on the above announcement that Fivemark Notes have never been seen in Germany in recent years.

It is thought that reappearance of a fresh flood of paper currency in Germany, especially of Notes of such small denominations will cause considerable comment among Germans, whose memories go back to the inflation period.

JUMP IN PAPER NOTES

The Reichsbank published returns of the week ending August 31, reveal a jump in Notes circulation by 2,196 million marks, while the proportion of gold and foreign exchange holdings covering the Note issue fell further to 0.71 per cent.—Reuter.

BRITISH PLANES OVER GERMANY

LONDON, Sept. 4.

The Ministry of Information announce that on the night of September 3/4 air-craft of the Royal Air Force carried out an extensive reconnaissance over northern and western Germany. They were not engaged by the enemy air-craft.

More than six-million copies of a note to the German people were dropped over a wide area.

The Admiralty announce that naval activity continues on all seas but, as yet, there are no major operations to report. The port of Dover is closed to commercial shipping.—Reuter.

LONDON.—The Ministry of Supply has taken over control of supplies and prices of timber, jute, rayon yarns, paper, paper making materials, and wool.—Reuter.

LONDON:—The House of Commons passed all stages of the Emergency Prolongation of Military Service Bill enabling the authorities to retain with the colours soldiers otherwise eligible for discharge.

The Bill has already passed the House of Lords.—Reuter.

NOTICE TO READERS

Owing to Parsi New Year day the offices of the "Bombay Chronicle" will remain closed on Wednesday. There will, therefore, be no issue of the paper on Thursday. A Special Supplement of the paper containing the latest War News will, however, be published on Wednesday.

STOP PRESS

CHAMBERLAIN SPEAKS TO GERMAN PEOPLE

LONDON, Sept. 4.

Mr. Chamberlain broadcasting to the German people in their own language said:

"Your country and mine are now at war. Your country had bombed and invaded free and independent Poland which this country is bound to defend. Because your troops were not withdrawn in response to the British Note war has followed."

After giving facts in regard to Herr Hitler's offer to Poland Mr. Chamberlain asked:

"Why did we feel it necessary to defend an Eastern Power when our interests should be in the West?" The answer, I regret to say, said Mr. Chamberlain, is that nobody in this country trusts your Leader's word.

We are not fighting against the German people but against a tyrannous and foresworn regime which betrayed their own people and the whole of western civilisation and all you and we hold dear."

Mr. Chamberlain concluded: "May God defend the right."—Reuter.

BRITISH LABOUR'S DETERMINATION

LONDON. Sept. 4

When delegates representing five million British Trade Unionists assembled at Bridlington for an annual conference to-day, it was decided to curtail business to two days, thus reflecting the delegate's implacable determination. The President expressed the feelings and aspirations of the Congress when he declared that British Labour would stand four square, no matter how dark or difficult the days might be, until they had smashed Hitlerism for ever and created a world of true brotherhood.—Reuter.

JINNAH SEES VICEROY

SIMLA, Sept. 4.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah met the Viceroy at half past six after Gandhiji's interview.—United Press.

Mahatma's Two-Hour Talks With Viceroy

CONGRESS CABINET TO DISCUSS REPORT

Jaiprakash And Subhas Babu To Attend Wardha Meeting: Jawahar Flies Back

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, September 4.

ON all sides eager interest is being evinced in Gandhiji's meeting with the Viceroy this evening. His presence in Simla at this juncture is considered to be as outstanding a political event as the Gandhi-Irwin negotiations of 1931 and is hailed with satisfaction in Assembly circles.

Simla is thick with speculative rumours as to the outcome of the conference—particularly proposals which the Viceroy may have for quickening the pace at the Centre.—But I find more than ordinary interest drawn to Gandhiji's plea for voluntary Federation.

MADRAS RESOLUTION RECALLED

It appears that political leaders present in Simla are busy unofficially impressing the need for an immediate move forward at the Centre and in this connection reference is made to the Madras Assembly resolution in 1937 on Federation moved by Premier Rajagopalachariar suggesting immediate interim arrangements.

Considerable interest has also been aroused by the London report in newspapers to the effect that suggestions are being made there "that a personal meeting should be arranged between Gandhiji and the Secretary of State for India."

As this report appeared before the war broke out it is felt that this is hardly the time for the Secretary of State to take a long journey and that the British Government would rather entrust the matter to the Viceroy himself who is in a better position to understand the present Indian situation.

Still it is recalled that in 1917 the then Secretary of State, Mr. Montagu, toured India along with the Viceroy to gain personal knowledge and make proposals to His Majesty's Government.

MAHATMA-VICEROY INTERVIEW

SIMLA, Sept. 4.

Mahatma Gandhi returned from the Viceregal Lodge at 5-45

(Continued on page 8, col. 1)

Move For United Front

(From Our Correspondent)

PATNA, Sept. 4.

I understand most reliably that in view of the World War the Congress ranks will be closed and there will be a united front.

Mr. Jayaprakash, on behalf of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, Acharya Narendra Deo on behalf of the All-India Kisan Sabha and Mr. M. N. Roy on behalf of the All-India Radical Congressmen have sent telegraphic message to Babu Rajendra Prasad, the Congress President placing the services of their parties at the disposal of the Congress President.

Mr. Jayaprakash's wire reads:

"Pledge unquestioned obedience to the Congress for all international war resistance".

Political circles opine that this would enable the Mahatma to speak to Simla and Whitehall with the united voice of the Congress and India.

It is understood that Sardar Patel has wired to Mr. Jayaprakash from Delhi as follows:—

"Would like your presence at the emergent meeting of the Congress Working Committee in the present international crisis. Would you attend Wardha in the shortest possible time".

Political circles opine that the Viceroy should respond to the Congress demand and thus pave way for Indo-British friendship as equals in the effort for world peace.

CONGRESS CABINET MEETING

DELHI, Sept. 4.

Mr. Kripalani, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, announces that, in consultation with Mahatma Gandhi, it has been decided to hold a meeting of the Congress Working Committee at Wardha on September 8.—A. P.

SUBHAS INVITED TO CONGRESS CABINET

MR. SUBHAS BOSE HAS ACCEPTED THE SARDAR'S INVITATION TO ATTEND THE WORKING COMMITTEE TO DISCUSS THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION.

MR. JAIPRAKASH NARAIN WHO IS INVITED BY THE SARDAR TO ATTEND THE WORKING COMMITTEE MEETING HAS OFFERED FULL CO-OPERATION OF THE CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY TO THE OFFICIAL CONGRESS.

Legislative Work To Be Speeded Up

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, Sept. 4.

Simla's normal activity continues unshaken despite heavy strain which war emergency has imposed on the Secretariat. The only sign of emergency, which one sees in Simla streets is the presence of armed guards at some important points.

The reference made by the Leader of the House in the Assembly this morning to the declaration of war was brief, solemn and matter of fact. Both his announcements to-day were well-received in the lobby—the decision of the Viceroy to address the Central Legislature on Monday next and the promise that all Ordinances would be introduced in the Legislative form in the Assembly's current session.

SPEEDING UP

It is generally inferred that there is no intention on the part of the Secretariat to move immediately to New Delhi or adjourn the session of the Assembly immediately. Non-official circles in the Assembly are also anxious, judging from Lobby reports, to expedite work of the Assembly as much as possible and to leave members of the Government free for Departmental work.

(DETAILS ON PAGE 8)

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42 SITUATION VACANT.

Wanted a highly qualified Physical Instructor for the Sarvajanik Education Society's institutions. Graduates will be given preference. Apply stating age, experience, qualifications and minimum salary, etc., to the undersigned before 15th September, 1939. V. K Nimkar, Honorary Secretary, S. E. Society, Surat. (933)

Wanted a Cashier and Accountant for a local commercial association, a B.Com. or G.D.A. whose mother tongue is Hindi. Cash security or personal guarantee of Rs. 2,000 essential. Salary 75 p.m. Apply mentioning qualifications and previous experience to Box No. 944, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted candidates to become overseers by Postal training. Principal, British India Technical College (B.C.), Sukkur (Sind). (12175)

Wanted Clerks, Overseers, Lawyers, Doctors and Engineers. Apply for "Terms" to Kapoor and Co., Cloth Market, Delhi. (12094)

Public Service Commission, Bengal. Applications are invited from European or Anglo-Indian ladies to fill the post of Head Mistress, Dow Hill Girls' School, Kurseong, in the Bengal Senior Educational Service on a scale of pay (which is subject to reduction) of Rs. 300—40/2—500—500 (efficiency bar) 40/2—700, a notice regarding which appears in Part II of the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th August 1939. Copies of the notice, form of application and memorandum of particulars may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta, Block No. IV (third floor), personally or on sending a half anna stamped envelope bearing full address. Applications should reach him not later than the 30th September 1939. (939)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Drink, Tobacco and Opium habits can be permanently cured with harmless and speedy prescriptions guaranteed send 8 annas only to Dr. (Mrs.) Gogia, Sundarnagar, (Pb.). (12167)

"Hair-Vita" Guaranteed cure for Baldness, Dandruff, falling-of-hair, etc. Available at:—Narendra Pharmacy, Thakurdwar and leading Chemists. (12219)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

Suit No. 1170 of 1939.

1. JYESHTHAMAL MORARJI KAMDAR, of Bombay Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, a Solicitor of this Honourable Court residing at Tardeo Road outside the Fort of Bombay and 2. BHAGWANDAS MORARJI KAMDAR, of Bombay Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, an Architect and Civil Engineer, residing at Chinchpoogli Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, on behalf themselves and all other creditors of Pratapsingh Morarji Kamdar, late of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, who did business in the name and style of Kamdar Automobile Works at Gowalia Tank Road outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs

Versus

TARAMATI, widow of Pratapsingh Morarji Kamdar of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Hughes Road outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Defendant.

NOTICE under 0-1, r.(8) of the Code of Civil Procedure.

To

All the CREDITORS of the deceased Pratapsingh Morarji Kamdar, who carried on business in the name of Kamdar Automobile Works of which he was the Sole Proprietor.

PURSUANT to the Order made by the Honourable Mr. Justice Kania on the 18th day of August, 1939, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN under Order 1. Rule (8) of the Code of Civil Procedure that the Plaintiffs have filed the above Suit against the Defendant abovenamed on behalf of themselves and all other creditors of the deceased Pratapsingh Morarji Kamdar praying for the following reliefs:—

(a) that the estate of the said deceased Pratapsingh Morarji Kamdar may be administered by and under the directions of this Honourable Court;

(b) that the Defendant may be ordered to discover the estate of the said deceased Pratapsingh Morarji Kamdar that has come to her hands.

(c) that for the purposes aforesaid, all necessary inquiries may be made, directions given, accounts taken and orders passed;

(d) that the Defendant as the heir and legal representative of the deceased Pratapsingh Morarji Kamdar may be ordered and decreed to pay to the Plaintiffs out of the assets of the said deceased in her hands the sum of Rs. 25,832-15-5 with interest thereon at 6 per cent per annum from the date hereof till judgment and interest on judgment at 6 per cent per annum till payment.

(e) Pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit the Plaintiffs or some fit and proper person may be appointed as Receiver to take charge of the estate outgoings and assets of the said Pratapsingh Morarji Kamdar including of the Kamdar Automobile Works with all powers under Order 40, Rule 1(d) of the Code of Civil Procedure including powers to recover debts and to file suits in that behalf;

(f) Pending the hearing and final disposal of the Suit the Defendant, her agents and servants may be restrained by an order and injunction of this Honourable Court from dealing with or disposing off the estate of the said deceased;

(g) that the Plaintiffs' costs of this Suit may be provided for.

(h) that such further and other reliefs may be granted to the Plaintiffs as the circumstances of the case may require.

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the hearing of the Suit has been fixed for the 20th day of September, 1939.

Dated this 1st day of September, 1939.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL, Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

The 1st day of September, 1939.

Messrs. KAMDAR & CO., Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

960.

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED before 25th September, 1939, for the purchase of about 1753 lbs. of Hermes brand and 408 lbs. of Monsonto brand confiscated saccharine. For further particulars apply to the Headquarters Assistant to the Collector of Salt Revenue, Custom House, Madras. (955)

MORVI RAILWAY

TENDER NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of Consumable Stores & Stationery for the Calendar year 1940 are invited and will be received by the Stores Superintendent, Morvi Railway, Morvi, upto 5-30 P.M. of THURSDAY, the 5th October, 1939.

(2) Tender forms, along with the schedules can be had on payment of Rs. 3/- for Consumable Stores & Re. 1/- for Stationery per copy.

(3) Earnest Money of Rs. 200/- for Consumable Stores & Rs. 100/- for Stationery tender must accompany each tender.

(4) Tenders must be Superscribed "Tender for Consumable Stores" and "Tender for Stationery" as the case may be.

JAYASHANKER K. DAFTARY, Stores Superintendent, Morvi Railway, Morvi.

Stores Superintendent's Office, Morvi, dated 23/8/39. (917)

RE: THE NEW BERAR CO. LTD. (IN LIQUIDATION).

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED proposes to give a lease or leases for working the Ginning and Pressing Factories for the current season. Tenders are invited for the purpose which should be submitted to the undersigned on or before the 12th day of September, 1939, at his Office Manekji Wadia Building, 125, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. The Lessee will be required to pay half the rent in advance within eight days of his offer being accepted by the Official Liquidator and sanctioned by the Court, and the other half within three months from the date of the commencement of the lease. Intending Lessees will be required to give cash security for the due performance of the terms of the lease. The undersigned is not bound to accept the highest or any offer.

AKOT:—One Pressing Factory.
AMRAOTI:—One Ginning & Pressing Factory.
KHAMGAON:—One Ginning & One Pressing Factory.
UMERKHED:—One Pressing Factory.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

Dated this 18th day of August, 1939

B. K. DESAI, Official Liquidator.

859.

BE AMIDST THE REFRESHING ATMOSPHERE OF RURAL INDIA
THIS PATETI
VISIT
IMPERIAL
SEE:——
SADHANA
SAGAR'S EPIC on LOVE!
The Grand Picturization of Real Rural India
SPECIAL MATINEES at 1-45 P. M.
TO-DAY, TO-MORROW & DAY AFTER

PATETI GREETINGS
To all our PARSI PATRONS!
MATINEES AT 1 P.M. TO-DAY, TO-MORROW & THURSDAY
Shree RANJIT'S Progressive Social
"ADHURI KAHANI"
Starring:
DURGA KHOTE, PRITHVIRAJ, ROSE, K. DATEY, ETC.
Directed by CHATURBHUJ DOSHI
Second Glorious Week
AT
WEST END
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.

MINERVA PRODUCTION
MINERVA MOVIETONE'S GRANDEST SHOW IN TOWN!
"PUKAR" or "THE GREAT MOGHUL"
(Directed By: SOHRAB MODI)
HOLDS SWAY IN THE HEARTS OF LAKHS!
THOUSANDS ARE SEEING THE PICTURE AGAIN!
LIVE AGAIN IN THE GOLDEN AGE—WHEN NOORJEHAN WAS THE QUEEN OF BEAUTY & JEHANGIR'S JUSTICE WAS THE PRIDE OF THE LAND!
★ ★ ★
SOHRAB MODI CHANDRAMOHAN and NASEEM
IN
"PUKAR" or "THE GREAT MOGHUL"
CENTRAL
EXTENDED ANOTHER WEEK!
and
MINERVA
FOR NON-STOP RUN!
DAILY: 4, 7 & 10 P.M.
MATINEES DAILY (except Friday) at 1-30 p.m.
An EVERGREEN Release!

For PATETI HOLIDAYS
TWO MORNING SHOWS AT 10 A. M. TO-DAY & TO-MORROW ONLY
NEW THEATRES' BEST SOCIAL:
"ADHIKAR"
Starring: BARUA, JAMUNA, MENAKA, PAHARI
IN BENGALI
Songs composed by Poet TAGORE
KRISHNA
DONT MISS THIS GREAT HIT!

KRISHNA
DUBASH THEATRE
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
MATINEES DAILY except FRIDAY
"DEVDAS"
REVIVAL of NEW THEATRES GREAT PICTURE
With
SAIGAL, JAMUNA & RAJKUMARI

PATETI GREETINGS
To all our PARSI PATRONS
MATINEES at 1 P.M. TO-DAY, TO-MORROW & THURSDAY
SANT TULSIDAS
Shree RANJIT Picture in
ELEVENTH GREAT WEEK AT
OPERA HOUSE
DAILY: 4, 7 & 10 P.M.

2ND GLORIOUS WEEK
"FOUR FEATHERS"
(IN TECHNICOLOR)
EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Held Over!
3rd WEEK
'RAJA SHRIYAL'
Mythological Devotional Film in MARATHI
Daily: 4-30, 7-15, 10 p.m.
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To-day, To-morrow & Thursday
Matinees: 1-45 p.m.

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THE
CAPITOL
Where the
SON of ZAMBO
Thrills you with his daring and amuses you with his antics.
Enchanting BIMLA KUMARI smiles her way into your hearts!
NEW SONGS
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Every day at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
Matinees: Saturday, Sunday & Holidays at 1-45 p.m.
Plans open at THE CAPITOL
Popular prices of admission.
From Wednesday 6th
SIMULTANEOUSLY SHOWING AT THE
LAMINGTON
TALKIES
A BHAVNANI PRODUCTION
SUPREME RELEASE!

Trouble Brewing In Czechoslovakia

Big Army In Preparation; Workers Carrying On Ceaseless Struggle

Nazi Regime Doomed In Case Of War

Reports from reliable sources state that all is not well with the Nazi regime in Czecho-Slovakia. In the first place all the Czechs abroad have taken a firm resolve to deliver their country from its present misfortune by all the means at their command. Secondly it is said that Dr. Benes will be approaching Russia for help.

IN THE MEANWHILE, WITHIN THE COUNTRY, REBELLION IS BREWING AT TOP SPEED. THE CATHOLIC CHURCH WHICH WAS HITLER'S FRIEND ONLY A SHORT WHILE AGO, HAS REARED UP ITS HEAD IN OPPOSITION. THE SCATTERED CZECH ARMIES WHICH HAD FLED THE COUNTRY AT THE TIME OF THE CRISIS ARE NOW RALLYING TOGETHER FOR JOINT ACTION. MORE IMPORTANT STILL, THE CZECH PRE-WAR UNDERGROUND ORGANIZATION, IS DOING ALL IT CAN TO PARALYSE THE INDUSTRIES UNDER GERMAN CONTROL. WITH SUCH PREPARATIONS IN PROGRESS, IT WILL BE A VERY HARD JOB FOR THE GERMANS TO KEEP THE CZECHS IN SUBJECTION LONG—MORE SO, IN CASE OF WAR WHEN GERMANY WILL HAVE TO CONCENTRATE ALL HER FORCES ON THE WAR-FRONT, THUS LEAVING HER GOVERNMENT IN CZECHO-SLOVAKIA WEAK.

Benes Hasn't Given Up

According to a statement from Moscow, it is expected, that Dr. Benes might visit Russia, by the end of August or in September. Russian sympathy for Czechoslovakia is well-known; also, besides Rumania, Russia was the only State prepared to honour its obligation as per treaty of assistance in September last.

Catholic Church No Longer Friendly

The Catholic Church in the Protectorate is in strong opposition to the Germans, as well as the Protestant Church, as the Germans have started already "pagan" rites and marriages amongst the German part of the population and are conducting a strong anti-religious campaign. Astonishment is aroused by the fact, that the Catholic Church in Slovakia was Hitler's principal helper in the disruption of Czechoslovakia. All the heads of Ministries in the Slovak Free State are Catholics.

Big Army In Preparation

The Czech army of Reservists and Volunteers and active soldiers who fled to Poland is 50,000 strong. It is thought, however, that the moving spirit behind all the military preparations of Czechs throughout the world is General Krejci, chief of the General Staff of Czechoslovakia, who also succeeded in escaping. The Czechoslovak fighting forces are calculated to number to-day already about 90,000 including the army in Poland, the Czech part of the Foreign Legion in Morocco, France and French Colonies, the Czechoslovak officers and men who have enlisted directly in the French Army. There are besides volunteer-registers in America and England. America has about 1,500,000 people of Czechoslovak descent, who are financing the fight for the liberation of the Republic to a large extent. They also form a kind of territorial volunteer corps that would join in case of a European War against Germany

Rebellion Brewing

That the fight against the Germans is wonderfully organised by the Mafia, the Czech Pre-War underground organisation, can be seen from the absolute absence of incidents, which would give the Germans any possibility to start mass-arrests. At present, one Czech democratic (they are all democratic) leader after another is arrested, but is released after one time. In this way, the current agitation is always carried on by someone and the work never stops.

There, where no mass arrests are possible, or where they will not do much harm, open defiance of German orders is encountered. Especially in factories, breakdown of machinery is a daily occurrence. The Vitkovice Armaments Works, formerly purely Czech, have to-day about 95 per cent German workers and employees, owing to the fear of sabotage. Even the 5 per cent. remaining Czech workers, probably in cooperation with German Socialists, have stopped part of the machinery recently by strewing sand into the motors. It will take weeks, before the spoilt parts are replaced.

When war breaks out, and the first signs of German weakening begin to show, a general, first economical and industrial, later on, probably also political resistance will take place, until at last it will develop into an open revolution. In any case, Germany will be obliged to keep a very large garrison in the Protectorate; this will weaken her forces on the war-fronts.

The Poldi Steel Works and the Brno Armament Factory had to cancel several orders placed by Turkey and Rumania, as the machines were destroyed by an act of sabotage. German military police are guarding all exits and entrances to these factories.

FIBRE PLANT CATALOGUE

Exhibits In Indian Museum

Further additions have been made to the catalogue of fibre plant exhibits in the Industrial Section of the Indian Museum, recently brought out by the Botanical Survey of India. Details are given in the catalogue of the habits and distribution in India of the plants described and remarks have been added about their industrial uses together with indications of the parts which could be so used.

Some mistakes since detected in the catalogue have also been corrected and a corrigendum added.

NARIMAN'S TRIBUTE TO TAIRSEE

Mr. K. F. Nariman has issued the following to the Press:—

I was grieved to read at Bijapur about the sad news of friend Tairsee's death; I could not pay my last homage at the funeral. I join the rest in paying well-deserved tribute to the departed champion. Courageous exposition of unpalatable truth, regardless of frowns and smiles from highest quarters, was the distinguishing trait of his noble character. Such "Brutal Frankness" is the greatest need in our public life to-day, and we have lost this bold exponent, just when we needed him most. He has disturbed the peace of mind of many secret wrong-doers but May His Soul find everlasting peace. Amen.

INDIGENOUS DRUGS ENQUIRY

Unique Herbarium Being Collected

A herbarium of medicinal plants growing in India is being collected with funds given by the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research and the Endowment Fund of Tropical Medicine, Calcutta.

It now comprises about 1,500 species or about 5,000 specimens but a large amount of work still remains to be done as the list prepared contains more than 2,500 medicinal plants growing in India.

This herbarium when completed will be a unique collection. It has helped considerably in accelerating the work of the Indigenous Drugs Enquiry by providing authentic specimens of plant for chemical and pharmacological studies.

During the last three years much work has been done on poisonous plants. A large amount of useful information has been obtained in response to enquiries addressed to various Government departments, Universities and individual workers all over India. The information thus collected has been analysed. The number of plants poisonous to men livestock, insects, etc., growing in this country is about 700. These are being gradually worked out and preliminary chemical examination of a number of important ones are being made.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

(IN FORCE FROM APRIL 1, 1939).

Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9 15	20 45
Madras Mail	6 50	22 00
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp.)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7 51	17.40
Madras Express	10 15	14 50
Poona Mail	10 30	17 50
Punjab Mail	11 40	18 45
Nagpur Express	14 05	21 25
Poona Fast (Pass.)	16 50	11 50
Poona Express	19 32	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 25	7 00
Deccan Queen (on Fridays only)	—	17 15
Deccan Qn. (on Mondays only)	10 55	—

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Time-table in force from April 1, 1939.

Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 33	13 50
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15 (Mon.)	21 15 (Sat.)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	15 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat	10 58	18 03
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (on Saturday only for Homeward Passengers)	6 40

AIR SERVICES

The following air mail time table is in force in Bombay:—

London—Bombay via Poona.

Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj, Ahmedabad and Poona.

Arrival at Poona: Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, 1 p.m.

Delivery in Bombay: Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a.m. and Sunday at 12-30 p.m.

Bombay via Poona—London.

Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O. Bombay: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 6-30 p.m.

Bombay via Poona—Colombo.

Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O. Bombay: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 7-15 a.m.

Colombo—Bombay via Poona.

Delivery in Bombay: Monday at 8 a.m. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 p.m.

Bombay via Poona and Calcutta—Singapore—Australia

Latest hours of posting: Sunday, Monday and Thursday 6-30 p.m.

Australia—Bombay via Poona and Calcutta

Delivery: Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday 11 a.m.

Bombay via Poona and Calcutta—Hongkong, China and Japan

Latest hour of posting Monday and Thursday 6-30 p.m.

Hongkong—Bombay

Delivery: Tuesday and Saturday 11 a.m.

The air services of the Air Services of India, Ltd., between Bombay and Kathiawar and between Bombay, Poona and Kolhapur have been suspended on account of the monsoon.

DRAMATIC HIT FOR HOLIDAYS!

Matinee at 1-45

TO-DAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY

Pleasant, Musical, Romantic, Compelling!

BOMBAY TALKIES' "DURGA"

Starring:

DEVIKA RANI

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RAMA SHUKUL

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HANSA, AUNDHAKAR, MUMTAZALI, V. H. DESAI, PITHAWALA, SAROJ BORKAR

Daily: 4-30, 7-15, 10 p.m.

ROXY

WHY DID HE LEAVE HOME?

RATHER

WHY DOES EVERY YOUTH CHERISH A DESIRE TO BREAK AWAY FROM THOSE WHO LOVE HIM?

SEE

SAGAR'S STARTLING DRAMA of TENDER HUMAN Feelings:

COMRADES

OR

JIVAN SATHI

AT

PATHE

DAILY: 4-15, 7-15 & 10 P.M.

Also at 1-30 To-day & To-morrow

Starring:—

SURENDRA & MAYA with HARISH, JYOTI, SANKATA & ADVANI.

Director:—

NANDLAL JASHVANTLAL

TO-MORROW MORN. SHOW 10 A.M.

GOOD EARTH

EXTENSION OF WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ACT URGED

National Seamen's Resolution

An extraordinary general meeting of the National Seamen's Union of India, Bombay was held on Sunday the 3rd September 1939 at 10-30 a.m. at Kesarbagh, Dongri.

Rao Bahadur R. S. Asavle presided. Mr. Mahomed E. Serang moved the following resolution. It was adopted unanimously.

(1) "This meeting of the Union resolves that the Government of India be requested to extend the provisions of the Workmen's Compensation Act to all such seamen of the Merchantile Navy, as will be required to sign on the troopships, if needed. And the compensation according to the said Act be paid to the heirs of the deceased or disabled seamen. And further requests the Government of India to include the proposed Clause in the articles of agreement."

Mr. Abdul Karim Serang moved for an increment of 50 per cent. in existing salaries

It was also resolved to amend Clause 58 of Merchants Shipping Act, and to request the Government of India to secure the payment of wages to seamen during periods of incapacity to work on board their ships.

PROHIBITED AREA IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Captain, Station Staff Officer, Bombay, has issued the following:—

Under the Defence of India Ordinance, the Colaba Barrack Area, south of a line drawn east and west through the R. I. A. S. C. Guardroom (100 yards south of Colaba Post Office) has been declared a prohibited area.

Passage into and from that area will be confined to the following persons:—(A) Members of the Defence Services in uniform; (B) Families of members of the Defence Services. (C) Civilians resident within the area. (D) Civilians resident outside the area, who have occupation or business within the area. (E) Regimental followers. (F) Private servants of members of the defence services.

Categories, (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) will be by pass only.

Civilians, who are eligible to enter the area under category (D) will apply for a pass at Station Staff Officer's Office, Colaba, Bombay No. 5.

Persons presenting themselves for passes must be in possession of proof of identity. In the case of employees of firms having business within the prohibited area each applicant must be in possession of an application on the firm's official note paper giving the following particulars:—(I) Name; (II) Religion; (III) Identification Marks; (IV) Height; (V) Apparent Age; (VI) Occupation; (VII) Employer.

Such application must be signed by a responsible member of the firm, who will be held responsible for the good behaviour of persons to whom passes are issued on such application.

Unauthorised persons found within the Colaba Barrack Area, are punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend three years and shall also be liable to a fine.—A. P.

COL. SHITOLE ON TOUR

GWALIOR, (By Mail).

Col. Sardar M. N. Shitole, Minister for Police, Gwalior Government recently made a tour of Morena and Bhind Districts. He was welcomed by the citizens at both the places.

At Morena the Minister invited local leaders and active workers of public institutions and discussed with them their problems. At a party held in his honour, the citizens of Morena expressed satisfaction on the reforms generously granted by His Highness the Maharaja Scindia.

At Bhind Col. Sardar Shitole was welcomed by a prominent local leader. He freely exchanged views with the citizens assembled to welcome him.

Servants Of India Society

(From A Correspondent.)

POONA, Sept. 4.

Mr. P. Kodanda Rao, who is under orders of transfer to Nagpur, handed over charge of the Secretaryship of the Servants of India Society, Poona, to Mr. S. G. Gokhale on the 3rd September 1939.

The actual date of Mr. Kodanda Rao's departure from Poona for Nagpur has not yet been fixed.

SANTINIKETAN, Sept. 3.—Poet Tagore will leave Santiniketan for Mungpu (near Kalimpong) on Wednesday for reasons of health.—United Press.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Sen at the High Court quashed the conviction and sentence of a fine of Rs. 125 passed by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on one Vensimal Basarmal who was convicted of defamation under Section 500 of the Penal Code.

The prosecution was at the instance of Narhari Balkrishna Parulekar.

Looking to the circumstances of the case, Their Lordships held that the petitioner's statement fell within exception 9 to Section 500, because it was required by the arbitrator and the petitioner had made it in good faith and for the protection of his interest.

Their Lordships held that the conviction was not justified and set it aside.

Mr. G. C. O'Gorman with Mr. Parikh appeared for the petitioner, Mr. S. A. Mehta for the complaint and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

Railway Policeman's Tragic End

Thakorlal Ratilal, a constable of the B.B. & C.I. Rly. Police is reported to have shot himself at about 7-45 a.m. this morning.

Dahyabai Moolji deposed that the deceased was his wife's cousin. He was of 25 years of age. She it is stated, told him that a prisoner had escaped from his custody and, therefore, he was apprehensive of serious consequences in regard to his position as a policeman.

This morning the deceased was found lying dead in his room in the Electric Power House (Grant Road).

A verdict of death due to a fatal gun shot wound in the abdomen which he voluntarily inflicted on himself was returned by the jury at the inquest held on him to-day.

FATAL FALL FROM THIRD FLOOR

At the inquest held on Vithal Balaji, the City Coroner's Jury returned the verdict of death due to accidental fall from the 3rd floor of Haji Kassam Chawl at Supari Bagh Road.

MEDICINES FREE TO ALL—RICH OR POOR

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, Sept. 1.

At the meeting of the Thana Municipality held in the Municipal Hall it was proposed by Mr. R. L. Rede (Congress) that all poor people should be treated in the Municipal Ayurvedic Dispensary free of any charge.

An amendment was moved by Mr. G. B. Walavalker (Shahar Sudharna alias 'Swarajists') that all persons (without distinction whether they are rich or poor) should receive free medical treatment in the Dispensary. The amendment was passed, of course, all Swarajists and independents voting for it. The charges so long recovered for medicines in the Ayurvedic Dispensary are one anna and half anna per day for adult and child respectively. The rich people will not now be required to pay even these trivial fees and will therefore be thankful to the majority party in the Municipality. But what of the poor tax-payer whose money is so considerately spent?

Kalyan To Be Municipal Borough?

KALYAN, Sept. 2.

Kalyan Municipality (under the District Municipal Act a town Municipality) had passed a resolution requesting Government to constitute it as a Municipal Borough under the Bombay Municipal Boroughs Act. Government has decided to constitute it as a Municipal Borough and have invited public objections against their proposal.

When thus constituted, it will be obligatory on this body to appoint a Chief Officer, either a graduate of a qualified engineer on an adequate salary and all executive powers will automatically be vested in the Chief Officer. The Municipal body can then only be a deliberative authority and shall be responsible only to guide the policy of the Municipality.

The whole administrative functions will be centred in the Chief Officer who will be responsible both to the Municipality (and through it to the citizens) and to the Government. Let us hope the proposed important change in the powers of the Municipality results in better administration of get more facilities and amenities. Kalyan's civic affairs and citizens get more facilities and amenities.

Fined For Possessing Liquor

KURLA, Sept. 1.

Percival Charles Perry residing at Bombay, was convicted by Mr. R. K. Raje, Resident Magistrate of Kurla, on a charge under Section 43, 1, A of the Abkari Act of having been found (on August 29 at Kurla station a prohibited area) in possession of a bottle containing four drams of country liquor valued at Rs. 1-4 without a permit, and was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 20, in default, 10 days' rigorous imprisonment.

The accused was arrested by Gayadin Jaitansing, a police head constable working at Kurla station on August 29 at 11-30 p.m. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge brought against him, the fine was paid.

Woman Drowned In Well

A female servant of Mr. Joshi lost her balance and fell into a well on his property near the Goods Yard, and was drowned. She was taken out soon but life was found to be extinct. Her body was taken to the Civil Hospital where an inquest was held and it was made over to her mother.

We have had so far about 75 inches of rain, the tanks are almost all full and if the rains favour us in this month of September all fear of scarcity will disappear.

Mr. S. G. Warty Passes Away

Journalist, Educationist And Public Worker

The "Chronicle" regrets to announce of Mr. S. G. Warty who passed away on 2nd September at the age of 52 after a short illness at his residence at Jogeshwary. In Indian journalism Mr. Warty occupied a very prominent place His numerous contributions to Indian and foreign periodicals on subjects of varied type revealed his wide range of knowledge, his scholarly acumen and his progressive outlook on social and cultural problems. He was a writer of great merit and displayed an even and balanced mind in the treatment of subjects without being carried away by emotion. His work entitled 'Sister India' written as a reply to Miss Mayo's 'Mother India' will be long remembered as a very fitting and masterly denunciation of it.

He took keen interest in educational problems and vigorously criticised the administrative and educational policy then in vogue in the Bombay University in his book 'What is wrong with the Bombay University'.

Last year he started a magazine 'The Indian World' and by his able and judicious editing he earned for it the fame of being one of the foremost Indian journals within a brief space of time.

His love for social and cultural problems did not deter him from associating himself with other public activities. He vigorously ventilated the grievances of the ryots regarding the attitude of the Forest administration in withholding certain facilities enjoyed by them and succeeded in getting them redressed to a large extent. He also worked as Honorary Secretary of the Bombay Presidency Post Men's Union and edited their organ 'The Postman'.

Mr. Warty was a man of sweet and genial disposition and endeared himself to all who came in contact with him. Mr. Warty leaves behind him a widow, three sons and a married daughter. We share their grief in their sad bereavement. May his soul rest in peace.

Mahasabha Cabinet Meets On 10th Sept.

BOMBAY, Sept. 3.

Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President, Hindu Mahasabha, has informed members of the Working Committee of the Hindu Mahasabha that a meeting of the Working Committee will be held on the 10th instant in Bombay.—A. P.

THE IDEAL FAMILY SOAP FOR DAILY USE

that can hold its own against any good soap in the market

JAMUNA

PLEASINGLY FRAGRANT

ECONOMICAL

SOOTHING

HARMLESS

Twelve cakes in a box.

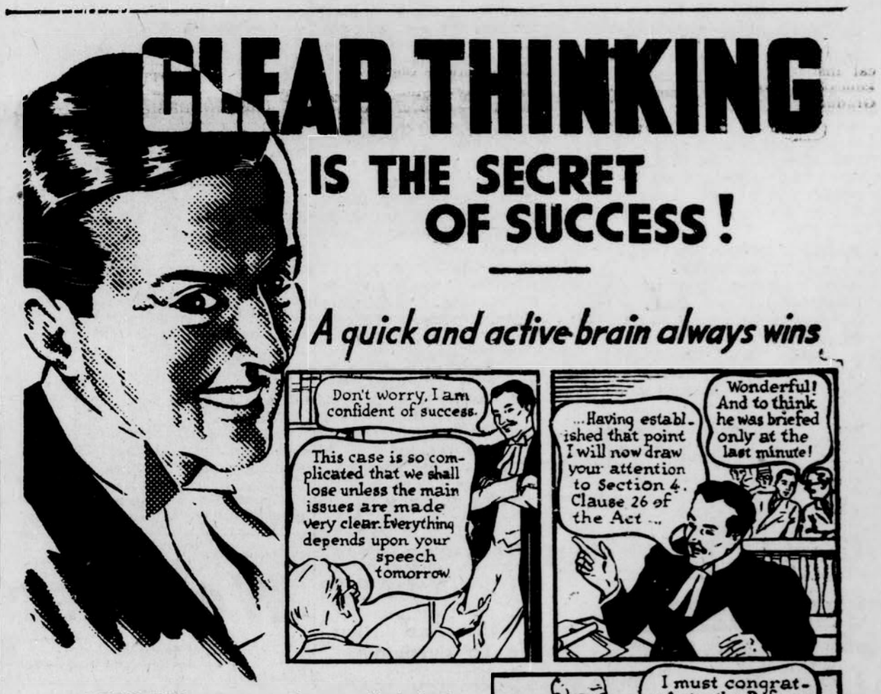
BENGAL CHEMICAL & PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LD.

CALCUTTA : : : : BOMBAY

Agents: ORIENT DRUG AGENCY, Princess Street, Bombay 2.

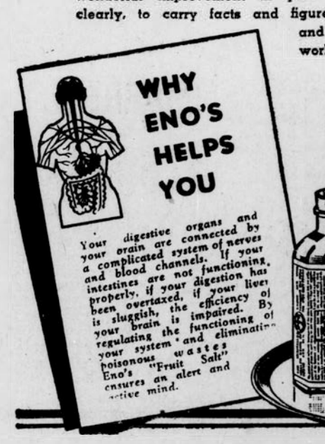
CLEAR THINKING IS THE SECRET OF SUCCESS!

A quick and active brain always wins


Don't worry, I am confident of success.
This case is so complicated that we shall lose unless the main issues are made very clear. Everything depends upon your speech tomorrow
...Having established that point I will now draw your attention to Section 4, Clause 26 of the Act ...
Wonderful! And to think he was briefed only at the last minute!
I must congratulate the Defence on the most able way they have conducted their case.

WHATEVER your occupation a quick brain is essential to success; but unless your system is functioning properly your brain cannot be fully efficient. From the day you start taking Eno's "Fruit Salt" your mind will be more vigorous and alert. Eno's controls your health by correcting the effects of over-indulgence, late nights, headaches, biliousness, indigestion, heartburn, lazy bowels, rheumatism, and other ailments.

Take Eno's regularly and you will notice a wonderful improvement in your ability to think clearly, to carry facts and figures in your head and to do important work well.


WHY ENO'S HELPS YOU
Your digestive organs and your brain are connected by a complicated system of nerves and blood channels. If your intestines are not functioning properly, if your digestion has been overtaxed, if your liver is sluggish, the efficiency of your brain is impaired. By regulating the functioning of your system and eliminating poisonous wastes Eno's "Fruit Salt" ensures an alert and active mind.
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ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

Eno's "Fruit Salt" is sold in bottles with air-tight stoppers to preserve freshness after opening. It is never sold in tins. It costs as little as 5 annas for the small size.

M.C.C. TOUR CANCELLED

Latest Gallops At Poona

HORSES EXERCISED ON HEAVY TRACKS: HAUT MONDE, PRESSMAN, ORANGE BLOSSOM AND TRUMPS WORK WELL

FROM "CHRONICLE" TRACK CORRESPONDENT.
HORSES ENGAGED THIS WEEK WERE SEEN AT EXERCISE. THE TRACKS ARE STILL VERY HEAVY AND NO OUTSTANDING GALLOPS HAVE BEEN NOTED.

HAUT MONDE (K. Hassan) did a pace mile on the monsoon track and moved like a fit horse.

PRESSMAN (Burn) went better than BULL DEE (R. Boy) in a brisk mile spin. He is worth noting.

ORANGE BLOSSOM (Cook) was always going too well for CASH BOOK (R. Boy) in a run over the mile. He is almost certain to win before the close down.

MEDDLESOME (Whiteside)leased in a dash over the six. Another likely winner.

JEWEL (Burn) had a stable companion beaten over 6 furlongs. An improving sort.

SIR AMOS (Whiteside) held PURSUIVANT (R. Boy) over 6 furlongs. He is fit and well.

RATEPAYER (Northmore) was fair when sent 6 furlongs on the monsoon track. Wants time.

DANTE (Ro Boy) shaped better than a stable companion in a nice pace mile gallop. He is in good trim.

BUNNY SMITH (Raffaele) held a slight advantage over ROSE OF PERSIA (Eude) when the pair went over nine furlongs.

MY FANCY (Maxwell) and SUNDAWN (Clarke) were put over 6 furlongs on the tan. They pleased NIGHT ALARM (R. Boy) strode out well over a mile.

GREAT STAR (R. Boy) gave a satisfactory display over 7 furlongs.

BANASH AMER (Maxwell) was superior to SHAPOOR in a run over the seven. The former has come on considerably and will win again.

NO TRUMPS (Britt) was too good for IRAQ JEWEL (R. Boy) in a dash over the six. Must be winning again.

MAJID PASHA (R. Boy) had ASSAF MAHMUD (Evans) for company in a rattling mile gallop. They finished well together.

HASHIM (B. McQuade) disposed of two stable companions in a 7 furlongs dash. He is very well just now.

KAID SAOUD (R. Boy) beat FAHAD PASHA (Raffaele) easily over 7 furlongs on the monsoon track.

THOUSAND DOLLARS (R. Boy) moved smartly in a run over seven furlongs. He is fit and well.

M.C.C. announce that the Indian Cricket tour has been cancelled.—Reuter.

All Football Suspended

League Secretary Issues Statement

LONDON, Sept. 4.

The Secretary of the Football League states that all football is suspended and players' contracts are automatically cancelled.

The British and American Ryder Cup golf match has been postponed indefinitely.—Reuter.

SATIRANJAN SHIELD

W. I. A. A. Staff's Decisive Victory Over "Times Of India"

On Sunday last, the second string of the Blue Rangers having failed to turn up, their opponents, the B.B. & C.I. Railway was conceded a walkover in the Satiranjan Memorial Shield Tournament. Only one match was, therefore played between the W.I.A.A. Staff and the "Times of India". Owing to the sticky condition of the ground, the bare-footed players of the Staff were somewhat handicapped which gave the booted men of the Press an even chance of overpowering their redoubtable rivals. A keen struggle for supremacy was therefore the order of the day.

AUTOMEN'S SUPERIORITY

After an even fight for sometime the Automen took the lead through Thomas, their inside right. Undaunted by the reverse the Pressmen continued their attacks and a penalty in the Staff area gave them the opportunity of equalising, Swami, their left extreme being responsible for the spot kick. Parting at the interval on level terms, the Automen gained superiority in the second moiety and two goals through Marshall and Shivam increased their tally to three goals to one. The Pressmen made strenuous efforts to reduce the margin, but the Staff defence succeeded in keeping their goal in tact till the last.

RESULT:

W.I.A.A. Staff	3 goals.
Times of India	1 goal.

TEAMS:

W.I.A.A. Staff:—Gerard; Bayley and Baptiste; Marshall, Patrick and Narayan; Michael, Thomas, Doray, Shivram and Dhakuram.

Times of India:—Mendoza; Edwards; Lean, Silvera, Miranda and Menezes; Shiva, Mendes, Grostate, Mendez and Swami.

Referee:— Mr. S R Leach.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES POSTPONED

The matches fixed for to-day has been unavoidably postponed to Sunday, September 10, when they will be played at the same time and place as notified before.

Howrah Draw With Bangalore Muslims

EXHIBITION SOCCER AT THE COOPERAGE: HON. MR. M. Y. NURIE AMONG SPECTATORS

BANGALORE MUSLIMS XI. 2
(D'Cruz and Butchi).
HOWRAH DIST. F. A. XI. 2
(Krishna and Rahman).

An exhibition match played between a Bangalore Muslims XI, which had the services of some players from other teams—including a few local players as well—and the Howrah Dist. F. A. XI. Rovers Cup finalists, on the Cooperage ground last evening resulted in a draw, each side scoring twice.

TEAMS INTRODUCED TO P. W. D. MINISTER.

Before the kick-off both teams were introduced to the Hon. Mr. M. Y. Nurie, Minister for P. W. D., Bombay.

The game was throughout keenly contested and well fought out. Krishna gave Howrah the lead in the 10th minute of play. (1—0). Two minutes later D'Cruz equalised for Bangalore (1—1). The teams crossed over with this score. On resumption Butchi put the Bangalore Muslims ahead in the 8th minute, but 4 minutes later a penalty was awarded against the latter team. Pearu handling in the P. A., and Rahman taking the spot kick put the teams on level terms (2—2). There was no further scoring hereafter.

Result:—

BANGALORE MUSLIMS XI. ..	2
HOWRAH DIST. F. A. XI.	2

The teams were:—

BANGALORE MUSLIMS XI.

Ghulam Nabi, Pearu and Alexander, A. Khadar, C. P. Balan and Fazlulla Khan, Boosey, S. A. Basith, D'Cruz, Butchi and Natesan.

HOWRAH DIST. F. A. XI.

B. Sarkar, K. Banerji and P. Mitter, Ranganthan, R. Ganguly and Jumman, Krishna, P. Banerji, Rahman, S. Mitter and Tat.

REFEREE: Mr. Ghosh.

To-day's Match: (Rovers Cup)

(Cooperage.)

SEMI-FINAL.

5-35 p.m.

CALCUTTA RANGERS

vs.

28TH FIELD REGT. R. A. (MHOW).

WAR CANCELS CHARITY MATCH

South Lancashire Regt. Unable To Participate

We have received the following from the Hony. Secretary, W.I.F.A., Ltd.

"Owing to the International situation, the South Lancashire Regiment, who were to have played a selected Indian XI, on Wednesday, 6th September, 1939, are unable to participate, and in view of the short notice given to the W.I.F.A., Ltd., it has been decided to cancel the Charity Match.

The W.I.F.A., Ltd., will be pleased to return all money to those who have purchased tickets, on presenting same to the officers of the W.I.F.A., Ltd.

It is with sincere regret that we have found it necessary to cancel the match, but we feel that, unless we can present a first-class game it would neither be fair to the public, nor in the interests of the Charity for which the game was organised."

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 4-9-39

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 80.7 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.01 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.81 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

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MILLIONS ENJOY WRIGLEY'S DAILY
Millions get pleasure and profit from chewing Wrigley's gum regularly.
Modern soft food leaves particles between the teeth after eating, causing decay. Wrigley's removes them.
It also brightens the tooth enamel and makes the gums strong. Aids digestion. Buy several packets to-day. Two fascinating flavours. P.K. and SPEARMINT.
P.T.1.
WRIGLEY'S
Contains No Animal Fat.

ON THE AIR

Delhi—I Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Katha from Sri Ramayana. 7-45 Arti. 7-50 Radio orchestra. 7-55 Pratap Singh and Party. 12-0 Bhajnawali. 1-0 p.m. Rhythm. 6-10 Tamancha Jan. 6-45 Kumari Dipali Taluqdar 7-0 Lakshman Prasad. 7-20 Sut mind. 7-30 Two Bhajans by B. S. Rawat. 7-45 For villagers 8-30 Krishna Bhagti. 9-35 Socialist by Mahmuduz. 9-50 Manke Ek Bima Agent (Hindustani).

Delhi—II Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

7-30 to 8-30 a.m. and 12-0 noon to 2-0 p.m. As in Delhi 1.

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

6-0 to 6-10 As in Delhi 1. 6-10 Lakshman Prasad. 6-30 to 6-45 As in Delhi 1. 6-45 Tamancha Jan. 7-0 B. S. Rawat. 7-10 Radio orchestra. 7-15 Kumari Dipali Taluqdar. 7-30 A geet recital. 7-45 Desh on violin. 7-50 Variety. 8-30 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1.

Delhi—III Programme

19.62 metres (15,290 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. to 8-30 and 12-0 noon to 2-0 p.m. As in Delhi 1.

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

6-0 to 7-45 As in Delhi 1. 7-45 to 8-30 As in Delhi 2. 8-30 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1.

Lahore Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s)

6-0 p.m. Listeners' choice. 6-20 Ramanand Sharma. 6-40 Badr-Un-Nisa Begam. 6-55 Pilu on the Banjo. 7-0 Madho Sudhan. 7-10 Ramanand Sharma. 7-30 Mujhe Koi Manae. 7-45 For countryside. 8-15 The Old-fashion woman (Hindustani). 8-30 Narayanrao Vyas. 8-35 Ramanand Sharma. 8-45 Badr-Un-Nisa Begam. 9-35 Interlude. 9-45 Ramanand Sharma. 10-5 Ahmadi Khan. 10-15 Badr-Un-Nisa Begam.

Peshawar Programme

Broadcasts on 200 m. metres (1,500 kc/s) from 7-30 to 10-30 p.m., relaying Delhi programmes from 8-30 p.m.

Bombay—I Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8-0 a.m. Keep fit. 8-10 News in Hindustani 8-30 Ghazals from grooves 8-45 Songs from screen. 9-0 Pateti-Mubarak. 9-30 Rajen Sircar. 9-40 Parsio-ne-bhet. 9-50 Firoz Dastur. 10-15 Abdul Aziz Khan. 10-25 Iqbal Bibi. 10-45 Gujarati poetry by Tarala Mehta. 10-55 Indirabai Wadker. 11-30 Dugane. 11-45 Radio orchestra. 11-45 Ahmed Dilawar.

12-20 p.m Deskar on violin. 12-30 Bekari no Bahu. 1-0 Navrang. 1-20 Garbas. 1-30 Music. 6-0 Devotional ditties. 6-20 Shahnai Solos. 6-30 Indirabai Wadkar 7-0 Sell it with a picture, (Marathi) by V. N. Adarkar. 7-15 Master Vasant Amrit. 7-40 Naghmai-Nowroz. 7-50 Ahmed Dilawar. 8-5 Firoze Dastur. 8-30 International P. E. N. Congress by Sophia Wadia. 8-45 Jhulan Geet. 8-55 Talk of the town 9-0 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News in English. 9-35 Phyllis Jeffery: Contralto. 9-45 Yehudi Menuhin: Violin. 9-50 Chamber Music. 10-30 Epilogue.

Bombay—II Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

8-0 a.m. to 2-30 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

61.43 metres (4.880 kc/s)

6-0 to 9-35 As in Bombay 1. 9-35 Iqbal Bibi. 9-50 Durbari on Sitar. 9-55 Navrang. 10-10 Indirabai Wadkar. 10-30 Epilogue

Trichy Programme

397 metres (758 kc/s)

2-0 p.m. T.N. Manikkam: vocal 2-15 Sangita Ratnakara Ariyakudi Ramanuja Iyengar. 2-30 Stars of Silver Screen. 6-0 For villages. 6-30 Marungapuri G. Iyar Violin. 7-0 Commercial entertainment by M. S. Thayappan Pillai. 7-15 K.C. Tyagarajan: vocal. 8-0 Marungapuri G. Iyer: violin. 8-30 Recorded Interlude. 8-45 K. C. Tyagarajan Gottuvadyam.

Calcutta—I Programme

Add 24 minutes for Calcutta time.)

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

10-30 a.m. Shaktir-mantra. 12-30 p.m. Hawaii Calling. 1-30 For Newcomers. 5-0 Again on Request. 6-10 For Children 7-0 Angurbala 7-20 Fazl Karim. 7-40 Angurbala. 7-50 Sing, Learn and Sing Again 9-10 As I See Things by Sir U N Bhehmachii 9-30 Princess Vijaya 10-15 Pramana Nath Sen Gupta.

Calcutta—II Programme

31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s)

10-30 to 11-30 a. m. & 12-30 to 2-30 p. m. As in Calcutta 1.

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5-0 to 9-30 As in Calcutta 1 9-30 Violin Recital 9-45 Aerial Players 10-20 My Earlier songs.

Lucknow Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)

6-0 p. m. Arti 6-15 Muneerbai 6-25 Duets 6-35 Sangit Sagar, 3 6-45 Muneerbai 7-5 Next week's programmes 7-15 For Rural Areas 7-45 Indian Womanhood (Hindustani) 8-0 For Children 8-45 Muneerbai 9-35 Next Day's Programmes 9-40 Criminal Tribes (Apprenticeship and After) 9-55 Bhatkhandey Anniversary.

Madras—I Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

4-0 p. m. Music 4-3 Things of Interest (Telugu) 4-6 Bhojaraja: (Telugu) by Vidwan T Arumugam Pillai 4-16 Something Light 4-20 Group Music of School 5-0 Kannamma of Coconada Voice 5-30 Carnatic Orchestra 5-35 T. Kesavan: Voice 6-0 Kannamma of Coconada Voice 6-25 T Kesavan: Voice 6-45 women's half hour 7-15 Newspaperman: (Telugu) by B H Rau 7-30 Shrimati T Abhirama Sundari: Violin 8-20 Aswathammah 8-27 Shrimati T Abhirama Sundari: Violin 8-55 Declaration of Disbelief, (Manners) by S. A. Jackson 9-30 European Production 10-0 In lighter vein.

Madras—II Programme

31.35 metres (9,570 kc/s)

4-0 to 4-30 As in Madras 1.

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s)

5-0 to 6-0 As in Madras 1 6-0 In devotional Mood 6-10 Chandrampeta 6-20 Light Variety 6-30 Minimizing waste 6-40 Javali 6-45 to 10-30 As in Madras 1.

Hyderabad Programme

411 metres (730 kc/s)

5-30 p. m. Hameedan Bai, Thumri, Ghazal 5-50 Balkishen Rao, Bhajan 6-0 to 6-30 For Children (Urdu) 6-30 Kishenlal, Thumri, Ghazal 7-0 Instrumental Duet 7-10 'Marvels of Science' by Mr. Ahmad Osmani 7-25 Hameedan Bai, Dadra, Ghazal 7-50 Balkishen Rao, Thumri. 8-30 Records 8-45 Kishenlal, Ghazal 9-0 Sadar-e-Jalsha (Urdu drama) 9-20 Balkishen Rao, Khayal Bhajan 9-35 Hameedan Bai, Ghazals.

B B C Programme

7-30 Let people sing 7-50 Wanted—A tune 8-30 Up with Curtain 9-30 News 9-45 Frank Bico's Brass Quintet 10-5 Recital by Fredrick Grinke 10-20 & 10-55 Sports 11-0 Dance Music 11-30 News 11-45 Food for thought.

Weather Report

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Sept 4

The following are the maximum-minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

Station	Temperature Max.	Min.	Rainfall Past 24 hours	Since 1st June Total	Difference to Normal
Agra	99	79	—	14.9	—5.5
Amraoti	83	73	—	22.3	—0.5
Akola	85	74	—	24.5	+2.8
Ahmedabad	87	77	T	19.2	—4.6
Ajmer	89	75	—	7.2	—9.2
Ahmednagar	82	70	—	10.4	—4.5
Ambala	95	77	—	16.9	—3.0
Allahabad	86	77	0.1	32.4	+3.0
Benares	87	79	—	24.7	—4.4
Bareilly	93	77	1.9	22.4	—9.7
BOMBAY	83	76	0.1	50.1	—7.8
Bangalore	83	64	—	9.2	—4.1
Bhopal	77	73	—	42.9	—
Baroda	89	76	—	25.7	—
Belgaum	76	67	0.3	58.4	+23.8
Bijapur	89	—	0.1	9.6	+1.1
Bellary	89	75	—	5.3	—1.2
Bhavnagar	88	75	—	24.5	+7.9
Chittagong	89	79	1.9	79.4	+14.7
Calcutta	92	80	—	34.3	+13.4
Cuttack	88	79	—	28.5	—8.3
Cawnpore	98	78	0.2	20.8	—6.0
Calicut	86	73	0.8	84.9	+4.0
Colombo—	86	79	+	21.5	+4.7
Cocoanada	93	81	—	14.7	—2.4
Cochin	83	77	—	74.9	+9.6
Dehra Dun	83	74	1.0	72.8	+7.2
Delhi	99	82	T	12.3	—6.5
Desa	88	77	—	10.3	—10.3
Dalhousie	—	—	—	40.7	—11.8
Fort Sandeman	102	72	—	3.3	—1.6
Gorakhpur	87	77	1.9	39.4	+3.5
Hyderabad (Dn.)	85	72	T	11.6	—6.7
Hyderabad (Sd.)	96	78	—	—	—5.5
Indore	81	70	—	28.0	+3.6
Jhansi	89	76	0.9	28.6	+0.4
Jubbulpore	76	74	0.1	43.5	+0.2
Jacobabad	102	77	—	—	—2.1
Jaipur	93	76	—	7.0	—12.1
Karachi	84	75	—	0.1	—5.5
Kodaikanal	66	52	—	11.1	—5.9
Khandwa	84	71	—	24.4	+2.9
Lucknow	94	75	0.2	27.6	—0.8
Ludhiana	104	82	—	10.6	—7.9
Lahore	105	82	—	7.4	—5.7
Multan	102	82	—	2.6	—2.1
Mysore	85	65	—	5.9	—3.9
Madras	100	81	—	3.3	—7.9
Marmagoa	82	76	—	67.0	—
Malegaon	87	71	—	16.1	+3.3
Mahableshwar	64	61	2.2	208.7	—23.8
Murree	79	63	—	19.4	—12.4
Masulipatam	95	80	—	11.3	—7.5
Mandalay	93	79	0.1	26.1	+12.3
Mangalore	85	78	T	94.5	—3.7
Meerut				12.3	—9.7
Mercara	72	62	0.3	78.3	—16.4
Nagpur	82	67	0.3	32.0	—4.0
Ootacamund	62	51	—	21.2	—0.6
Peshawar	104	83	—	1.1	—2.9
Poona	80	70	0.1	13.9	—1.9
Pachmarhi	69	67	0.1	78.4	+19.7
Port Blair	85	79	—	42.7	—11.8
Quetta	72	50	—	0.6	—
Ranchi	85	74	0.6	38.2	—0.5
Rawalpindi	103	82	—	11.1	—8.8
Rangoon	79	75	3.2	72.9	+11.6
Ratnagiri	83	76	1.1	115.2	+31.6
Sialkot	103	85	—	12.0	—7.9
Srinagar	93	62	—	2.7	—3.7
Sholapur	99	73	T	8.8	—5.5
Shillong	75	61	—	46.9	+0.4
Simla	68	59	1.4	39.9	—4.9
Surat	85	77	T	28.1	—5.1
Salem	94	74	—	14.6	+0.2
Trivandrum	84	77	+	26.7	+1.3
Vizagapatam	96	84	+	8.9	—6.5

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 cents.

No-Rain In City On Sunday

BOMBAY, Monday.

There was no rain yesterday, the weather was bright and clear. The refreshing cool breezes of the last week have given place to sultriness.

The total amount of rainfall from June 1, is 50.07 inches as compared to 65.09 inches last year. During the same period the deficit is still 7.8 inches.

The maximum temperature is 82.9 degrees being 2 degrees below normal, while the minimum is 76.4 degrees, being one degree above normal.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 4-9-1939.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .035 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 80.5 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.4 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 82.9 degrees 2.2 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 76.4 degrees 0.8 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 87 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 10 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 173 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 31 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10

Rain in 24 hours 0.11 inches

Total rainfall during the month 1.45 inches

Total rainfall during the year 50.08 inches

Weather remark: Rain

with Sal Hepatica

This is the thorough, modern way to banish your cold! Take a glass of sparkling Sal Hepatica tonight at bedtime (in warm water if you prefer it), and another refreshing draught in the morning when you wake. You will soon throw off the most severe attack!

RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS

From all Chemists and Stores.

Wake up and drink

Sal Hepatica

the TONIC SPA LAXATIVE

that checks BLOOD ACIDITY

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EXPRESS BLOCK
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19, SIR PHIROZESHAH MEHTA ROAD FORT, BOMBAY.

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END the WORRY of WORMS

These parasites, in addition to causing ravenous appetite, indigestion, leanness, and a staring coat, can so weaken the system of the infected dog that his vitality is sapped and his very life endangered. No dog can be completely protected from worm infection, therefore your dog should be regularly dosed every 3 months with Sherley's Worm Capsules or Powders. Get Sherley's Dog Book.
From all Bazaars, Chemists & Stores AS. 3 or Post Free AS. 4 from Muller & Phipps (India) Ltd., P.O. Box 773, Bombay. A. F. SHERLEY & CO., LTD., 16-18 Marshalsea Rd., London
SHERLEY'S
Worm Capsules and Powders
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BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Shrawan Vad 6, 1995.
Muslim: Rajab 20, 1358.
Parsi: Gatha 5 (Vahistoist), 1308.
Hightide: 3-19; 15-33.
Lowtide: 8-48, 21-17.
Sunrise: 6h. 25m.
Sunset: 6h. 51m.

Parsi New Year Eve.
Public Holiday, Banks closed.

WEDNESDAY, September 6.
Parsi New Year: Public Holiday. Banks closed.

THURSDAY, September 7.
Gokul Ashtami: Public Holiday. Banks closed.

FRIDAY, September 8.
Municipal Standing Committee, 3-40 p.m.

TELEGRAMS TO MOROCCO
Bombay, Sept 5

A telegraph notification states that telegrams for Morocco (except Spanish possessions) will be accepted only at sender's risk.—A P.

MEETING AT DADAR

A public meeting under the auspices of the Ex-Abkari Licensees, Employees, and Tapper's Union will be held today (Tuesday) at 9 a..m at Bhandari Hall, Gokhale Road, North, Dadar.

MAIL STEAMER ARRIVAL

The P and O mail steamer 'Maloja' with mails left Aden at noon on 3rd September.

In the ordinary course, she should arrive in Bombay at about 4 p.m. on Thursday, the 7th current.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATIONS

Telegrams for France and Algeria will be accepted at sender's risk only.

Senders name should appear in clear language in person from in every foreign and private telegram. Abbreviated addresses are not allowed. Telegrams intended for destinations in Burma and Ceylon shall be treated similarly.

The Spectacle of
WAR
300 YEARS AGO
Between SHIVAJI,
The GREAT and His
MOGHUL ENEMIES!
HISTORICALLY PORTRAYED in
'NETAJI PALKAR'

"ROYAL" JEWEL NO. 9
Drawing CAPACITY Houses In
National 6th Week
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
MAJESTIC
To-day & To-morrow Matinee 1-45

METRO
DAILY AT 3:30 - 6:30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

1,000 NEW THRILLS!

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Son of Zambo." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Little Princess." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Tarzan Finds A Son." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Four Feathers." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Man In The Iron Mask." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Comrades." Daily at 4-15, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Durga." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"The Great Moghul." Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Netaji Palkar." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Raja Shriyal." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Suez." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Adhuri Kahani." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"The Great Moghul." Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Devdas." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Sadhana." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Sant Tulsidas." Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

GOVT. RETURNS TO BOMBAY

It is notified that Government will assemble at Bombay on Tuesday the 5th inst.

Indian Students In Great Britain

Mr. A. V. Deshpande, the Managing Director of the Indo-Burma Trading Co. Ltd., has received information from their London Office that they have arranged to remove all the students who have sailed under "Indo-Burma's Foreign Educational Scheme" to a place of safety. In this connection Mr. Deshpande wishes to assure the parents of the Scheme Students that the Company's London Office is doing the needful and rendering the Scheme Students all the possible assistance.

Further Mr. Deshpande places the services of the Company's Bombay Office (Reay House, Hornby Road, Fort) at the disposal of the parents of all the students now studying in Great Britain for obtaining prompt information about their sons and daughters in British Isles.

Reception To Saraswat Graduates

(From A Correspondent)

Under the joint auspices of the Kanara Saraswat Association and the Saraswat Mahila Samaj, a reception was arranged last evening in Robert Money School, in honour of the Graduates and Matriculates who passed from the Bombay University this year. These included a number of women.

Mrs. Kamalabai Dongerkery addressed them. Dr. Savur, who was 'At Home' to the Graduates, was unable to be present on account of a domestic bereavement. There was a variety entertainment as well.

Sanitary Inspectors' Class, 1939-40

The next session of the Sanitary Inspectors' Class held under the auspices of the Royal Sanitary Institute, London, and the Government of Bombay, will commence from 1st November 1939. Applications for admission to the class should reach the Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, not later than 30th September 1939 Graduates in Medicine, Engineering and Veterinary Science, who wish to be nominated by Government, must submit their applications to the Director of Public Health for the Government of Bombay, Poona, through the Principals of the respective Colleges. Attention of candidates who wish to be nominated by Government is also drawn to Government Resolution, General Department No. 8721 dated the 4th September 1937. Further information is available from the Public Health Department, Municipal Offices, Bori Bunder.

B. P. OLYMPIC ASSOCIATION CONDOLES TAIRSEE'S DEATH
Bombay, Monday.

At an urgent meeting of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Presidency Olympic Association held in the Board Room of Messrs. Tata Sons, Ltd., Bombay passed a condolence resolution on the demise of their president, the late Mr. L. R. Tairsee.

B. P. C. C. MEETING

The adjourned meeting (Special as well as Ordinary) of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held to-day (Tuesday).

The special meeting will meet at 6 p.m. (S.T.) and the ordinary meeting will meet after the business of the special meeting is over.

SIR ELLY KADOORIE SCHOOL

The School's Prize Distribution will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Framjee Cowasjee Institute, Dhobi Talao, and not in the Cowasjee Jehangir Hall, Fort, as previously announced. The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Solicitor, Prime Minister, Government of Bombay, will preside.

STATE PEOPLES' DAY

Under the auspices of the Local Left Consolidation Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day (Tuesday) at Hira Baug, Bhuleshwar, C. P. Tank at 9 p.m. Comrade Yusuf Meherally will preside. The speakers will include Messrs. K. F. Nariman, Vithal Chowdhary, Narbheram Popat, Oak and others.

HINDU DEEN DAYA SANGH

Honorary Secretary of the Hindu Deen Daya Sangh informs that a canvas bag containing literature of the Sangh, including three receipt books Nos. 44, 47 and 49 is reported to be lost by a volunteer of the Sangh named Mr. Vasant Bapuji Kavle, somewhere near Chowpatty Road. The Secretary will be obliged if the finder sends the bag or the contents to the Hindu Foundling Home, Matunga, or communicates with him.

TRANSPORTATION FOR MURDER

Mr. Justice Lokur at the High Court Sessions sentenced Mahabir Batu to transportation for life on the jury, by 7 to 2, finding him guilty of murder but holding that there was no evidence of premeditation on the part of the accused.

The accused, who was serving in a laundry at Dadar asked his manager to dismiss Abdulla, who was serving in the same shop. As the manager refused, the accused himself left the shop.

A few days later, Abdulla's dead body was found at some distance from the laundry. In view of the accused's enmity with him, he was suspected of the offence.

Mr. P. S. Badami appeared for the prosecution and Mr. S. A Hatia for the accused.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

GANESHKHIND, Sept. 4.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley regret that the Dinner Parties on the 12th and 23rd September, the Sardars Garden Party on the 14th September and the Dance on the 19th September will not take place.

BOMBAY, Sept. 4.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley attended by Mr. T. E. Streatfield, Secretary to the Governor, Lt.-Col. T. C. Crichton, Military Secretary, Captain G. D. Chetwode, Captain P. Arkwright, Aides-de-Camp and Major L. C. Palk left Kirkee for Bombay and arrived Bombay the same morning.

Scarcity In Dholka And Dhanduka

The Government of Bombay has declared the existence of scarcity in Dholka and Dhanduka talukas and Sanand and Modasa Mahals of the Ahmedabad District with effect from August 12.

The Government of Bombay has declared the existence of scarcity in Godhra, Dohad and Jhalod talukas of the Broach and Panch Mahals district with effect from August 12.

Viceregal Lodge Ball Cancelled

SIMLA, Sept. 4.

Owing to the outbreak of war, the Ball, which was to have been held at Viceregal Lodge on Sept. 28, has been cancelled.—A.P.

Warning To Banks

Rule 95 of the Defence of India Ordinance says:—

"Before making any payment or transfer of funds at the request of any person, a bank shall require any declarations and information which may be reasonably necessary to satisfy it that the payment or transfer will not involve, and is not with a view to, the contravention of any of the provisions of these rules by that or any other person."

Bangalore Merchants' Offer To Indian Govt.

BANGALORE, Sept. 4.

Mr. Sundaramurty, a prominent merchant of the Mysore State, has offered two thousand tons of chrome ore at his mines to be placed at the disposal of the British Government in view of the declaration of war and also his personal services.—A.P.

No Postal Communication With Germany

With immediate effect, the Postal and Telegraph Communication with Germany is suspended. This refers to all classes of postal articles, including the Money Orders and Telegrams.

Compulsory Primary Education For B And E Wards

Bombay Government Accords Sanction And Corporation Will Undertake Scheme In Hand From Next Year

Apart from the F. and G. wards the Bombay Municipal Corporation will extend free and compulsory primary education in B and E wards of the city from the 1st of January 1940.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir, the Progressive Land Building and Trading Co. Ltd., Dr. Rustom Burjorji Spencer and others through their solicitors sent their protest against the inclusion of Property Tax in the Municipal Property Tax bills, which the Municipal Corporation forwarded to the Municipal Commissioner for disposal.

The house considered a letter from the Secretary to the Government, Educationol Department, stating that the Government of Bombay were pleased to accord sanction under Section 3 (1) of the City of Bombay Primary Education Act, 1920, to the proposal of the Bombay Municipal Corporation to introduce free and compulsory primary education in B and E wards of the City for Children of both sexes of all classes and creeds except the boys and girls of the European and the Anglo-Indian Communities with effect from 1st January 1940.

The Corporation is fully aware of the position regarding the financial liability of Government in respect of primary education both voluntary and compulsory in Bombay City and that Government is already bearing its full share of this liability Government therefore notes with satisfaction that the Corporation has decided to undertake the scheme undeterred by the financial obligations the scheme may impose on the Corporation.

Mr I. S. Patel moved that a copy of the aforesaid communication be forwarded to the Schools Committee, for action, and the Municipal Secretary be requested to notify that primary education of both sexes of all classes and creeds except boys and girlds of Europe and Anglo-Indian Communies shall be enforced in B ond E wards of the city with effect zfrom 1st January 1940

Mr. D. V. Pradhan moved an amendment expressing corporation's regret in not agreeing with paragraph two of Government's letter.

The amendment was thrown out and the original proposition was carried by an overwhelming majority.

PROTEST AGAINST PROPERTY TAX.

The House then forwarded the communication of Messrs, Payne and Co., solicitors, on behalf of Messrs. Cowasji Jehangir and Co. Ltd., and Sir Cowasji Jehangir, stating that their clients have now been presented with Municipal Property Tax Bills wherein is included an amount of Rs. 11,247-6-0 as the Urban Immovable Property Tax leviable on those properties for a period of six months; that their clients are advised that Part VI of the Bombay Finance Act IV of 1939 under which the said tax is sought to be levied is 'ultra vires' of the Provincial Legislature, and also of the Provincial Government and the demand for payment thereof is invalid and illegal; that in these circumstances their clients are entitled to file a suit in the Bombay High Court against the Provincial Government and the Bombay Municipality for a declaration, that the aforesaid part VI of the Bombay Finance Act 1939 is 'ultra vires' and consequently the levy of the said Tax is invalid and illegal and for an injunction to restrain the Provincial Government and the Bombay Municipality from levying and collecting the said tax and for other consequential reliefs. Giving a notice in writing that their clients will under Section 80 of the Code of Civil Procedure, Act V of 1908, and also under the City of Bombay Municipal Act, after the expiry of the requisite period of notice, file a suit in the High Court for seeking relief as stated above.

Similar letters were sent by Messrs. Cama and Jaykar, Solicitors, on behalf of the Progressive Land Building and Trading Co. Ltd., Dr. Rustomji Burjorji Spencer and Dr. S. B. Warden and others.

The Corporation forwarded these letters to the Municipal Commissioner for disposal.

Messrs. Merwanji Kolah and Co. Solicitors, sent a letter on behalf of their client, Mr. Dhirajlal Vrajdas Sankalia—Stating that a distress warrant was issued by the Commissioner against their client, for non-payment of Riot Tax amounting to Rs. 46-8-0 due in respect of property situate at Islampura bearing C Ward No. 6685, Street No. 36, of which their client's son Mr. Hasmukh Dirajlal was and is the mortgagee in possession; that an attempt was made about 3 months ago to levy such distress on their client's goods; that their client clearly pointed out that he was not responsible for payment of the tax and the suggestion that the said property was managed by the members of his client's joint family was clearly repudiated through his client's Advocates, Messrs. Sankalia & Choksey; that their client contends that the Corporation or the Commissioner have no right to levy distress for recovery of Riot Tax; that their client further submits that the claim for Riot Tax was barred by limitation; that their client is an Advocate of 39 years' standing and when the distress was levied and the furniture was being removed, their client paid the amount under protest and addressed a letter to the Commissioner in the matter in which he justified his action; that their client believes that the levy of distress is the result of spite which the ward clerk who was present at the time bore towards their client by reason of his having on a former occasion been made to apologise before the Superintendent for certain remarks of his to their client; that as a result of this, their client has suffered damages; that they are instructed by their client to receive the sum of Rs. 46-8-0 being the amount paid under protest to the Municipality and a sum of Rs. 10,000 by way of damages for wrongful levy of distress, within 30 days from the receipt of this letter, failing which their client will be compelled to file a suit against the Municipality.

This letter was also sent to the Municipal Commissioner for disposal.

RAISING BAN ON "SENTINEL.

The question of raising ban of the "Bombay Sentinel" then came before the House, when Dr. J. Jethalal Vora as Chairman of the Standing Committee moved to approve of the resolution of the Standing Committee passed on 23rd August raising ban on the "Bombay Sentinel" and to direct the Municipal Secretary to send agenda papers and proceedings of the Standing Committee to that paper.

That while acceding to the request of the Municipal Press Gallery Association to lift the ban imposed by the Standing Committee on the "Bombay Sentinel," the Standing Committee desire that whenever matters are considered by them as Confidential, the representatives of the Newspapers should respect the Committee's wishes without questioning the Committee's discretion to treat those matters as confidential and refrain from giving any publicity to such matters in their papers, and hope that the Press Gallery Association will impress upon the "Bombay Sentinel," the importance of observing the Committee's instructions in such matters in future.

Mr. K. H. Goregaokar wanted to know whether the Municipal Corporation Press Gallery Association had given any undertaking that in future this particular paper would not publish any matter ruled "confidential" by the Standing Committee. There was no expression of regret even from the editor of that paper, and he failed to see why the Standing Committee had raised the ban, when such regret was not forthcoming either from the Press Gallery Association or the Editor concerned.

Dr. S. P. Mehta supported Mr. Goregaokar and moved an amendment to send the matter back to the Standing Committee for reconsideration.

Mr. Soonderdas Morarji urged Mr. Goregaokar and Dr. S. P. Mehta not to be panicky on a trivial matter. The Standing Committee passed the resolution raising ban after due consideration, and there was no necessity to send the matter back to that body.

Mr. E. R. Hirjibehdin justified the resolution passed by the Standing Committee.

Mr. M. N. Talpade said the Press Gallery Association should express regret that the "Bombay Sentinel" had published matters ruled "confidential" by the Standing Committee or should give at least assurance that such incidents would not occur in the future.

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta wanted to know whether Mr. Goregaokar and others wanted the editor of the "Bombay Sentinel" to come down in the Corporation Hall and fall on his knees before them? The Standing Committee had imposed ban for one year, and that was a penalty in itself. The House could not ask for apology and regret now from either the editor or the Press Gallery Association. One should either obey the law or defy the law and get punishment. The paper was already punished in not getting the agenda, etc. and the House could not inflict any further punishment.

The amendment was put to vote and declared lost. The original proposition was carried by a large majority.

The House then adjourned till Friday.

HINDUSTHAN INSURANCE SOCIETY

With reference to the report of the appointment of a foreign expert by the Hindusthan Insurance Society Ltd., Mr. S. C. Majumdar, Manager, Bombay Branch, writes:

"I am not aware whether any final decision has been taken by the Board of Directors of the Hindusthan for bringing an English actuary for a short period, as no Indian fully qualified actuary is available at the moment, but certainly the news is premature and unauthorised."

Mr. Adamji S. Patel, a resident of Mangrol (Vadhri) but practising at Kathor for last 7 years has been appointed as a Munsif at Visnagar by H. H. the Maharajah Gaekwar Saheb. A dinner and reception party was given in his honour on 29-8-39 as he is the first man from this backward Taluka to get the judicial post.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1939

VICEROY'S MESSAGE

The Government of India Act Amendment Bill, the discussion on which in Parliament was indefinitely postponed some months ago in view of strong opposition to it in India, has now been rushed through both Houses of Parliament in a few hours, as if such haste were a matter of course. The Bill enables the Central Government to nullify Provincial Autonomy in the name of emergency by issuing instructions to the Provinces regarding the exercise of their own authority or even by delegating the executive powers of the Central Government to their own officials. Col. Muirhead attempted to make out that the Bill put the Government of India in the same position as the British Parliament when it passed the Emergency Powers Defence Act a few days ago. The analogy is misleading. Parliament and the Cabinet exercising emergency powers have a representative character and are responsible to the people whereas the Government of India are constitutionally irresponsible. The Bill robs the provinces of a considerable part of what little responsibility the Government of India Act gave to them.

The New Machine

This is undeniable and nobody has ventured to deny it. The Bill is excused as a war measure and India is urged to accept it as such. We have had bitter experience of such emergency measures. Mr. Wedgwood Benn defended the Bill and said: "I hope Indians will realise that in the struggle in which we are about to enter, their cause is ours and our victory will be theirs." But we have not forgotten the last war and the Rowlatt Act that followed it. Mr. Reginald Sorensen admitted that the Bill "certainly limits the development of democracy in India" but he hoped that some of its provisions "would not be carried beyond the period of national emergency". We share the hope but we have our fears. Miss Ellen Wilkinson said that there is among Congressmen a great deal of sympathy "for a fight for liberty". Yes, "for a fight for liberty". Likening the Bill to a machine Miss Wilkinson urged that it should not be allowed to "ride roughshod" over India's sympathy. But she herself helped to forge the heavy machine. Did she do so expecting it to be allowed to rust?

Memories

In his message to the people of India, Lord Linlithgow says: "Vital principles for the future of humanity are at stake and the acceptance of the policy and the methods which Germany has adopted will make life impossible." We agree. Who can deny it, so far as Nazism is concerned? But is that a full and unreserved definition of British policy in fighting Germany? His Excellency seeks to assure India in eloquent but general terms that Britain has entered the war with "no selfish aims," but to defend principles of humanity, civilisation, international justice, international morality, the rights of mankind and so on. And His Excellency calls for the whole-hearted support of India because "Nowhere do these great principles mean more than in India. There is no country that values them more highly than India and none that has at all times been more concerned to safeguard them."

India is grateful for the tribute—a tribute she can, without any false modesty, accept as no more than her due. But His Excellency's speech awakens certain memories. It sounds like an echo from the past and it inevitably and irresistibly reminds Indians of similar assurances and calls in 1914 and of the experiences of bitter disillusionment which opened a chapter in 1919 that has not yet been closed. These memories cannot be helped; they are no fault of India's. And helped by Britain's immediate "realistic" past in matters of international policy they help to make the struggle between conflicting Indian sentiments even more difficult. There is no doubt of India's feeling of utter loathsomeness for Nazism. There is also at the same time no doubt of India's suspicious boon of the bitter experiences of the post-war era. It is in the hands of Britain to win India's whole-hearted co-operation. Lord Linlithgow has begun well by consulting Gandhiji. Let His Excellency complete his task successfully by inducing the British Government to determine its policy towards India in accordance with the views of her accredited representatives.

Currency And Finance

The annual report on Currency and Finance issued by the Reserve Bank of India for the year 1938-39 is an improvement on the previous numbers. It contains more useful material, particularly about trade conditions and important statistical tables. New features about subventions and other payments made by the Centre to the Provinces, Government Balances in India with the Reserve Bank, details of Provincial Treasury Bills, absorption of rupees and currency notes, and seasonal absorption are particularly interesting. The value of the total foreign trade in merchandise of India and Burma declined by 12.3 per cent. from Rs. 362.15 crores in 1938-39. Valuable statistics are given regarding direction of India's foreign trade during the year but no mention is made as to how the balance of payments is adjusted with each country.

The estimated production of gold in India amounted to 322,000 fine ounces valued at Rs. 3.05 crores in 1938. The output of silver in Burma declined from 6,180,000 ounces to 5,920,000 ounces in 1938. The total sales of Central Government Treasury Bills of three months to the public amounted to Rs. 97.49 crores and the average yield was 1.63 per cent. per annum. Since 1934-35 a provision of Rs. 3 crores has been made annually from revenue for reduction of debt. The total funded debt of the Government of India on 31st March 1939 in India was Rs. 438.58 crores and in England £297.38 millions. The trend of securities prices, after reaching the highest, 107.7 per cent. in 1936-37, now stands at 105.1. Bank rates in almost all important countries remained unchanged. Apart from the fluctuations consequent upon variations in seasonal demand, the Reserve Bank Rate as well as the Imperial Bank Hundi rate was unaltered at 3 per cent. The total number of Scheduled Banks rose from 54 to 57 although the total number of their offices declined from 1138 to 1125, principally on account of the closing of one scheduled bank with 77 branches. The end of June 1938 witnessed a run on banks in South India following the closure of the Travancore National and Quilon Bank. To meet the situation special credits were opened by the Reserve Bank in favour of some South Indian Scheduled Banks for advances against or discounts of commercial paper and the total amount sanctioned was Rs. 34 lakhs. Credit was also made available as usual against Government Securities. The last 37 pages of the report are devoted to useful statistics. On the whole the report is greatly improved and it is hoped that the next issue will deal with internal trade statistics and movement of money into provinces giving due reasons for changes in money rates and the causes behind currency expansions and contractions. As compared with modern and progressive Banking in other foreign countries, the Reserve Bank has before it a laborious task to collect useful data, which will encourage banking habits in this country; and then only can it aspire to have an effective control over banking institutions in this country, it being understood that the control will always be of a constructive nature.

Hitler At Work

Rulers of the Kaiser's Germany resorted to extra-revolting inhumanity after they had been at war for a couple of years. Herr Hitler has begun his war with the traditions of the "Lusitania" and poison gas air raids. With his tongue in his cheek he promised President Roosevelt not to bomb open towns much less use poison gas. He is doing both in Poland and he has sunk a British Liner off the Hebrides to the North-West of Scotland. The German Fuhrer suffers from an insensate blood lust. But few could have believed that he would mark the outbreak of war with actual bestialities. But the brutality of Herr Hitler, who has learnt nothing from history, is bound to recoil on his own head. And one immediate result of his action will be to turn American opinion decisively hostile to him. Affirming American neutrality, the President of the United States has just declared that "he could not ask every American to remain neutral in thought. Even a neutral cannot be asked to close his mind or his conscience". The Fuhrer has already helped Americans to be something more than anti-Hitler in thought.

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER

The Crisis Deepens

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

PARIS, Aug. 23.

The tension in Europe, as I had occasion to indicate especially in the course of my two previous communications, has greatly increased. Events, during the last few days, have assumed important and sharp turns. Germany's attitude manifests a new stiffening and German pressure on Poland a marked rise. Indeed from Berlin, moves more vigorous, more elaborate and more concentrated in directions, for the purpose of adding on a pressure on Poland are being kept than those advanced for similiar consideration a year back against Czechoslovakia. Such moves are being not only kept, but also increased. The German press is virulent in comments on Poland and the tone is most violent. There are blood-curdling accounts, stating of Polish terror acts, Polish oppression and Polish high-handedness against the German minority. The latter is described as being subjected to suppressive deeds, privations and humiliations. Many are mentioned as running away from Poland, unable to stand a pictured Polish tyranny. The German minority is drawn as looking eagerly for aid from Germany. German accounts, in their fury against Poland and for pushing on a drive against Poland, manifest a concern even for the Czechs in the Teschen area the possession of which passed to Poland after the Munich Agreement—a concern that must be appearing as cynical to the Czechs in Bohemia and Moravia. One also re-calls a year back the same German papers in equally colourful terms displaying a concern for the Poles in the Teschen area That was, of course, when Czechoslovakia was the main target. To-day it is Poland. At this rate, tomorrow it may be another. The press offensive against Poland carries a great weight as reflective of a policy wanted to be pushed on. Propaganda has assumed a more important role for the advancement of policy. That policy remains the carrying onwards of an expansionst course.

★

Danzig, though standing out as a factor of greatest importance in connection with the German-Polish strain, does not centre care and attention round it to the same extent as a while back. Then the German aims are indicated as being of a wider nature, a mask over them has been raised, even if not fully, yet to a great extent. German claims upon Poland are revealed as being bigger, as relating not only to Danzig, but to "Corridor" and beyond, to Upper Silesia. It may be that bigger claims are being stated and stressed to improve the scope for a good minimum. But there as well reasons not to take lightly the bigger claims of Germany. And there is no denying the securing of a "good minimum" widening the prospect for obtaining more concessions. The significant fact stands out more definitely that German calculation is to reduce Poland to a position of minor importance and cast a grip over Warsaw and this in the interests of increasing holds over South-eastern Europe.

Simultaneously with adopting and increasing measures in relation to Poland, Germany has been devoting much care to push up various plans in regard to some other States, indicating alike calculations of serious designs upon Poland and estimates of securing further holds in south-eastern Europe. Germany has just concluded a military agreement with Slovakia. This is not a matter of minor importance. It suggests both the scheme of spreading out the range of attack on Poland and extending it along a region where Poland is more vulnerable and the plan of gaining a means for subjecting Hungary to even greater pressure for getting Budapest to yield on certain matters. Though there is an uncertainty as to these "certain matters" in some generally well informed quarters the view is that they involve, Hungary handing over rights for disposition of various economic supplies and transport of German troops through Hungary. The getting of these rights might well be visualized in Berlin only as a stage in a march for obtaining more and in the way establishing a rigid form of domination over Hungary The new rights held as demanded from Hungary follow considerations of a drive against Romumania and the latter has two main purposes, gaining access to some of Roumania's highly treasured products above all, oil, and getting a new base for bettering the scope of action against Poland

All these factors do indicate the wider nature of German aims and project these aims as encompassing most of the Balkan States. The realisation of these aims will mean the spreading out of a new colonial system or order in South-eastern Europe.

★

The news of the conclusion of a non-aggression pact between Germany and Soviet Union at this juncture and in an obtaining situation of much difficulty has fallen, as leading papers in various centers describe it, like a "bomb shell." The developement is generally viewed as one of much significance, though a certainty is lacking about its implication. Announcement relating to it came as a great surprise in Paris. One could see almost immediately a marked change in atmosphere. A sense of care gained. The demand for newspapers from among the wide population rose and new editions were awaited with close and sustained attention

★

Opinion obviously tended to prevail that Germany, so to say, relieved from the anxiety of a clash with the Soviet Union, would turn to move to press more hardly claims upon Poland. Leading French papers like L'Temps, "L'Order", "L'Epoque", all alike stress the importance of France preserving a resolute halt. The important Swiss daily "Neue Zurcher Zeitung", submitting the move in the direction of a German-Russian Agreement to a careful examinaion, states that the development cannot but be considered as recording in ways a triumph to Ribbentrop, though it suggests, that it may well be assumed that Moscow has got some important conditions. The paper reckons that one result of this development is likely to be Moscow tending to assume a more energetic attitude in relation to Japan. It would appear that a vacillation displayed by Tokio in the matter of concluding military agreement with Berlin and Rome has greatly gone to influence Berlin to advance more energetically towards the conclusion of an agreement with Moscow. Germany, however, is not expected to draw away or aloof from Japan now and Berlin may exert towards causing a relaxation in the relations between Moscow and Tokio. As regards Moscow, it would seem, that a recollection of Munich in relation to which Russia was contemptuously let to be overlooked by London and much under the influence of London by Paris, a reserve kept by London in negotiations with Moscow for the concluding of an agreement and a restraint viewed as retained in

(Continued on page 9, col. 3)

From Across The Seas

(By Our Correspondent From World Press.)

LONDON, Aug. 20.

A friend who believed in astrology has declared, after consulting all the oracles, that the date on which the world must definitely turn upside down, whatever happens in the interval, is May 11, 1941. On that date there will be such a "conjunctioning" of planets as never was.

Mercury will be in conjunction with Venus, Saturn with Uranus, Venus will be ditto with Jupiter and Uranus, Saturn with Venus and Mercury, Jupiter with Uranus. It will be full moon, and Mercury, Venus, Jupiter, Saturn and Uranus will all be their closest to the sun.

* * * *

A friend who has flown back to London from Moscow says that the Anglo-French Military Missions caused much interest among the ordinary people, while the members of the British mission were astonished by the all-pervading presence of the Russian workers.

The British had dinner in the hotel restaurant. "It was amusing" says our friend, "to see the surprise on the faces of the British officers as they looked round the room and found themselves surrounded by Russian workers also enjoying their meals."

French officers, more used to eating in small provincial restaurants in France, where everyone eats together irrespective of class, were not so surprised.

* * * *

The other night a London evening newspaper reported:

"In the middle of dinner in the restaurant at the White City last night three dusky Mohammedans in white robes prostrated themselves on the ground and performed devotions in the direction of the sunset."

Maybe, but either they were queer Mohammedans or something has gone wrong with the sun. Because Mecca lies east from the White City.

* * * *

It is learnt that the original autograph letters of Lord Chesterfield to his godson have come into the market. They are at present in America, but it is hoped that they may be purchased for an English library and return to Britain.

Lord Rothschild is being approached in this connection. He has one of the finest eighteenth century libraries in the world. The letters, numbering 236, are in the possession of Mr. Arthur Zinkin, as Indianapoliss dealer. He bought them some years ago through Mr. Temple Scott, a student and biographer of Chesterfield, who now lives in Scotland. Mr. Zinkin is now asking £30,000 for them.

Lord Chesterfield, statesman, diplomat, and man of the world was a friend of Swift and Pope and an enemy of Dr. Johnson. He wrote two famous series of letters full of educative worldly wisdom.

The originals of the first series, addressed to his son, have disappeared. The letters now for sale, addressed to his godson, were given by the family to the fourth Lord Carnarvon, who for a long time mislaid them. But they were eventually found among some miscellaneous papers and published by Lord Carnarvon in 1890.

* * * *

There were 115 spectators at Lord's cricket ground, when the M. C. C. played Holland. Eleven of these were in the pavilion, and three in the free seats.

J. M. Lomas and G. B Cuthbertson earned their ironic applause by hitting painfully on an easy wicket for nearly two hours to score seventy runs.

Even the Lord's printers were unenthusiastic. They considered it worth while to print only 96 score cards with their 40-year-old slugs of type. As a matter of fact, they are busier in the winter than in the summer. From October to May the M. C. C. make a profit from the printing of tickets for forthcoming matches and

(Continued on page 8, col. 5)

Frankly Speaking

A Japanese "Action"

The iron dagger with which Herr Hitler stabbed the back has entered deep into the soul (?) of the Japanese. It is reported from Italy that "The Japanese Ambassador in Rome is being recalled. It is officially explained that he is going to report on the European situation, but Japanese circles in Rome do not hide the fact that the recall is due to the attitude of the Japanese Government towards the Axis Powers after the signing of the German-Soviet Pact". This is very interesting But while we do understand the dazed condition of Tokio in which it has lost sense of direction, has it not made a mistake in recalling her Ambassador from poor alarmed Italy which herself is on the run? Or is it that the Ambassador in Berlin too has been called back but there is no information for obvious reasons.

Disillusionment

If anybody entertained hopes of Indianisation in the Army and economy in Defence expenditure as a result of the Chatfield Committee's recommendations, he will be disillusioned by the substance of those recommendations published by the Government of India. There is nothing in the substance about Indianisation except as an indirect result of the suggestion to reduce the establishment of the British troops in India by about 25 per cent. But that reduction is recommended only because of a larger measure of the mechanisation of the Defence, necessarily under the direction of British officers.

An Additional Burden

There is also nothing in the substance of the recommendations about reduction of Defence expenditure. On the contrary it is recommended that India is to bear the burden of a loan of Rs. 11 crores as part of the capital expenditure of Rs. 44 crores for reorganising the Army in accordance with modern requirements. To make the bait attractive it is recommended that the balance of Rs. 33 crores is to be regarded as a gift and the loan is to be free of interest. Another recommendation is that in order to make India as far as possible self-sufficient in the supply of munitions in war the existing ordnance factories will be expanded or reconstructed. Where necessary entirely new factories will be built. Why do not Government publish the whole report of the Committee with all the dissenting minutes, if any? The value of the recommendations published can be better appraised if they are examined as part of the whole plan recommended by the Committee. The public should also be informed soon which recommendations are accepted by Government.

"Difficulties Of Haj Pilgrimage"

Haji Mohamed Heshim Gazadar, M. L. A., Chairman, Port Haj Committee, Karachi, has done a distinct service to the Muslim community in India by publishing "Difficulties Of The Haj Pilgrimage—Some Suggestions And Remedies". Last year Mr. Gazadar himself went on pilgrimage to Hajaz and availed himself of this opportunity to make a serious study of the various problems that confront an Indian pilgrim. As a result he has made some extremely sensible and useful suggestions which ought to receive the serious consideration of all Port Haj Committees, the shipping companies engaged in Haj traffic and the intending pilgrims.

War Profiteering

War profiteers have already got busy and prices are tending to leap up unconscionably. This is a serious hardship to poor wage-earners, whose wages are not likely to be increased in proportion to the rise in prices. Sooner or later Government will have to intervene to regulate prices so as to prevent them from going up too high. The sooner they do so the better, and the prices of food stuffs will need to be controlled very soon.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Ambition is a balloon which carries no parachute.

Consideration for others is a good brand of charity

The trouble with lots of patience is that it hasn't any monument to roost on.

Charitable is the woman who doesn't put her thoughts of other women into words.

Don't delude yourself with the idea that there is a good-looking woman in the world who doesn't know it.

A man's wife may not know what he suspects about her, and he may not suspect what she knows about him.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

Self-deluded and self-doomed Dictator of Germany has given the British and French peoples no choice but to resist and overthrow him. An alternative that Hitlerism thrusts upon them is surrender to organised brutality and treachery which would extinguish the last light of freedom in Europe.

—The Disillusioned London "Times."

* * * *

"SIMLA, September 3.

With immediate effect, all postal and telegraphic communication with Germany is suspended."

Press Report.

Speaking personally for the Junior Colleague and self we suspended all postal communication with Germany in 1935 and telegraphic in 1937.

* * * *

An extract from the Viceroy's message to "the people of India" (yes, it is "people" not "peoples" this time):

"Nowhere do these great principles mean more than in India. There is no country that values them more highly than India and none that has at all times been more concerned to safeguard them."

All this is quite true of India. But both abroad *and in India.*

* * * *

"India," His Excellency expects, "will play a part worthy of her place among the great nations and the historic civilisations of the world."

Quite, quite. But—has she the "place"?

* * * *

"I cannot tell what part I may be allowed to play, but I trust I will live to see the day when Hitlerism is destroyed (loud cheers) and a restored and liberated Europe has been reestablished."

—Mr. Neville Chamberlain.

Amen, etc., etc.

But what about Mussolini and a restored and liberated Europe AND Abyssinia?

* * * *

"It is a sad day for all of us, but", averred the British Premier, "for none is it sadder than for me."

We think we would entirely agree with his confession.

* * * *

"Everything," Mr. Chamberlain added the wail, "I have done, worked for, hoped for and believed in during my public life has crashed in ruins."

That is because he did, worked, hoped, believed all that by the process of boring away the foundation.

* * * *

"We are fighting," declares Mr. Churchill, who has duly captured tne British Admiralty, "to save the whole world from the pestilence of Nazis tyranny, and in defence of all that is most sacred."

And after the pestilence of Nazi tyranny has been conquered?

* * * *

In one of his recent communications to Sir Nevile Henderson "The Fuehrer repeats that he is a man of *ad infinitum* decisions by which he himself is bound——"

For once the Fuhrer spoke the truth. And not only the truth but the whole truth and nothing but the truth.

* * * *

PROGRESS OF THE WAR

(1) A British Liner has been torpedoed and sunk off Scotland and (2) Germans are resorting to poison gas in Poland.

The German answer, in accordance with the Nazi Code of Truth, should be (1) Britain herself sank the Athenia to win world sympathy and (2) It was Polish 'planes which dropped gas bombs for similar reasons.

* * * *

He (passionately): "Nobody can deny my love for you, sweet-heart."

She: "I'd like to see anybody try. I've kept all your letters."

Germans Torpedo Refugee Ship

Outrage Off Hebrides Islands

Passengers Saved Except Those Killed In Explosion

LONDON, Sept. 4.

The Ministry of information states that the Donaldson Liner "Athenia" with 1400 passengers has been torpedoed 200 miles west of Hebrides. It is a trans-atlantic liner-running between England and America with a tonnage of 13,465.

The "Athenia" is unofficially reported to be sunk.

There were 101 United States passengers from Liverpool and 145 United States passengers from Glasgow aboard the "Athenia".

WASHINGTON, Sept 4.

The news of the torpedoing of "Athenia" was received at White House with an obvious feeling of horror.

The President's Secretary stated that according to official information, the ship was bound for Canada with refugees.

"I point this out to show there was no possibility, according to official information, that the ship was carrying munitions or anything of that kind

The Master of the "Athenia" has cabled to the owners that the passengers and crew except those killed by the explosion have taken to boats to, and have been picked up by various ships.—Reuter.

'ATHENIA' TORPEDOED WITHOUT WARNING

LONDON, Sept 4.

The Ministry of Information reports now indicate that "Athenia" was torpedoed without warning at least 200 miles from land.

Following is posted on the window of Donaldson Atlantic Offices, Glasgow.

"The 'Athenia' was torpedoed 250 miles west of Inishtrahull. The passengers and crew except those killed by the explosion, have taken to boats and were picked up by various ships."

The offices of Donaldson have been besieged from an early hour by America anxious about their friends and Glasgow people regarding members of the crew. On board the liner are ten American college girls, who cut short their holiday in Europe in order to get home as quickly as possible. The Ministry of information announces that 65 American citizens from Belfast and 101 from Liverpool and 145 from Glasgow were aboard.

Destroyers were sent at full-speed to pick up the survivors.

THOUSAND SAVED FROM 'ATHENIA'

PARIS, Sept. 4.

According to messages from Stockholm a yacht picked up 200 of "Athenia's" passengers.

Eight hundred others are stated to have been saved from the steamer.—Reuter

'Athenia' Survivors For Galway

LONDON, Sept. 4.

The Ministry of Information announces that information has been received from the Government of Eire that 430 survivors of the "Athenia" are proceeding in the Norwegian ship "Knute Nelson" to Galway, where they are due on Tuesday.

A Glasgow message says:—

It is learned here that 34 persons aboard the "Athenia" were of German nationality and it is also understood that 75 per cent. of the passengers were women and children.—Reuter.

U. S. NOT TO MAKE PROTEST

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.

Official circles do not expect the United States to make a formal protest to the German Government concerning the torpedoing of the "Athenia" according to the Washington Correspondent of the Dow Jones Agency.

The officials doubted whether the United States had ground for protest in view of the fact that the "Athenia" was of British Registry.—Reuter.

Germany Violates Naval Treaty Protocol

LONDON, Sept. 4

It is pointed out that the Naval Agreement signed between Britain and Germany in 1937 brought Germany within the scope of the London Naval Treaty of 1936, the signatories to which were Britain, the Dominions, the United States and France.

The Protocol of part four of the Treaty sought to humanise submarine warfare and under its rules, a submarine captain was obliged to see the passengers, the crew and ships papers put in a place of safety before any attack was made on a ship. A place of safety meant that the passengers and the crew must not be put into boats on the open sea unless land was very near or another ship was standing by.—Reuter.

GERMANY BREAKS SUBMARINE CONVENTION

First Lord Of Admiralty On 'Athenia' Disaster

LONDON, Sept. 4.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Winston Churchill was received with loud and prolonged cheers when he rose to answer questions on the sinking of the "Athenia."

The new First Lord of the Admiralty declared that the ship, which was in no way an auxiliary cruiser and with over 300 United States citizens aboard was torpedoed without the slightest warning. Four destroyers had been ordered to proceed with the highest speed to the spot.

SUBMARINE CONVENTION VIOLATED.

Regarding the convoy system, the First Lord replied that he need scarcely state that the utmost endeavours would be made to have a system of escort. The convoy system would be brought into force at a comparatively early date.

To a question whether through the American Embassy in Berlin, which was now in charge of British affairs, immediate attention had been drawn to the "breach of the Submarine Convention" Mr. Churchill intimated that perhaps further questions to-morrow might meet the case.

CZECHS NOT ENEMY ALIENS.

Sir John Anderson announced that citizens of the former Czechoslovakia would not be treated as enemy aliens. Certain security measures had already been taken and a number of aliens, whose activities had been under observation were already under detention.

Nearly 100,000 adults and children were evacuated from London alone upto Sunday mid-night without a single accident and so were 5,000 hospital patients, according to Mr. Herbert Dorrison, Chairman, L. C. C.

SUEZ CANAL.

Precautions have been taken to ensure that enemy action will not hinder the use of the Suez Canal by merchant shipping states Ministry of Information.

Sir John Anderson: that there would be special consideration for genuine German and Austrian refugees.—Reuter.

NO BR. MINES WHERE 'ATHENIA' SANK

LONDON, Sept. 4.

The Admiralty announce that no British mines have been laid in the area where 'Athenia' sank.

This is a reply to the assertion of the German radio that the vessel probably struck a mine.—Reuter.

HOW BOMBAY GOT NEWS OF DISASTER

BOMBAY, Monday.

The American Express Company in Bombay received a cryptic message in the morning that "Athenia", which left Liverpool on Sept. 2, bound for Montreal, was torpedoed by a German submarine off Hebrides Island. A subsequent message stated that the ill-fated ship was sinking fast.

Enquiries show that the steamer owned by Messrs. Donaldson Atlantic line, a British firm, was carrying 1,400 passengers.

It is unlikely that there are any Indian passengers aboard. The Americans on the ship were evidently leaving the British shores owing to the international situation.

The "Athenia" which is a twin-screw vessel with gross tonnage of 13,581 was built at Glasgow in 1923 by Messrs. Fairfield and Co.

She was registered with Lloyds in Class 100 A-1, as a first class passenger boat. She had a length of 526.3 feet and was 66.4 feet-abeam. Her minimum draught was 38.1 feet. She was plying mainly on the Atlantic run and as such had no occasion to visit India.

The ship was equipped with boat-stations and other life-saving devices.

The map shows the Hebrides, north-west of Scotland, where the "Athenia" was torpedoed by German submarine.

MARKETS REACH DIZZY HEIGHT

Stock Exchange Chief's Warning

BOMBAY, Sept. 4 (6 p.m.)

The declaration of war, was followed by sensational advances on Monday in all local markets. The Bullion Market, was closed and will remain closed for the holidays as per order of the Board.

There being holidays, the Bombay Stock Exchange and other markets will remain closed on 5th, 6th and 7th instant.

PRESIDENT'S WARNING

The President of the Stock Exchange suspended fresh forward business in groundnut securities. He warned share brokers not to lose their heads, but bulls seem to have taken no hint and helped staggering advances.

The market opened strong and within few minutes, prices advanced to dizzy heights with little business. Later on, there was extensive realising by professional bulls and prices declined heavily from highest levels, but as compared with last closing record advances were registered by steel and cotton mill shares.

COMMODITY MARKETS

The Cotton market was very steady during the day. Later on Liverpool advices indicated a surprising rise of 68 points and Broach A. M. delivery advanced to Rs. 189/8. At this level realising checked further rise and prices receded few points.

Linseed and wheat markets were firm. Seeds market was steady but in the evening, prices registered substantial advances.

In almost every markets Bulls have enormous profits on paper and still they are hoping to multiply them, but many a time, it is proved that a bird in hand is worth two in the bush.

GERMAN SHIPS TO BE SIEZED

The following appears in Bombay Government Gazette (Extraordinary) issued on Monday.

It is hereby notified that as a result of the declaration of War with Germany, the Central Government have decided that enemy ships which are in port or which enter port in the Province of Bombay should be seized.

C.-in-C's Broadcast

SIMLA, September 4.

It is understood that His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief will broadcast on Chatfield report at 8-30 to-day (Tuesday) evening. —A. P.

Press Censorship In Punjab

LAHORE, Sept. 4.

Khan Sahib Chaudhri Mohammad Hussain, Officer in charge, Press Branch, Punjab Government, has been appointed Special Press Adviser.

He has to-day issued a note for the guidance of the Press in war time to all editors, printers, publishers and keepers of printing presses, managers of news agencies and representatives of certain important newspapers.—A.P.

VIOLATION OF NEUTRALITY

Foreign 'Planes Over Dutch Soil: Inquiry Demanded: Soviet Attitude

PARIS, Sept. 4.

A Communique of the Dutch Government Press service says during the night foreign 'planes were signalled over Holland. Their nationality could not be established.

The Communique says this is grave violation of Dutch neutrality. The Netherlands Government will invite both parties to hold an enquiry and establish whether their machines have been guilty of this violation and in the event of an affirmative reply, the Government will ask measures be taken to avert a repetition of the incident.—Reuter.

SOVIET'S ATTITUDE

LONDON.—"Reuter" learns that the Soviet Government are observing neutrality and supplies are being furnished to belligerents on both sides.

JAPAN WILL REMAIN NEUTRAL

TOKYO, Sept. 4.

The Cabinet has decided to pursue a policy of "watchful waiting" towards events in Europe according to Domei Agency.

The Government is issuing a statement on position this afternoon.

Japanese newspapers unanimously predict that Japan will remain neutral.

JAPAN'S PLANS

TOKIO.—Japan's decision to remain neutral and not intervene in the European war was officially announced by Gen. N. Abe in a statement to the press.

THE STATEMENT ADDS THAT JAPAN WILL CONCENTRATE HER EFFORTS ON A SETTLEMENT OF THE CHINA AFFAIR.

Neutral Countries

BUCHAREST.—Rumania is remaining neutral as her alliance with Poland was not included in the staff talks except such as concerned possible aggression by Soviet Russia.

Dispatches from Sofia indicate that Bulgarian attitude is one of strict neutrality.

Roundup Of Germans In Tanganyika

DAR-ES-SALAAM, Sept. 4.

The round-up of German male adults began yesterday and is proceeding without incident. Germans here are far from bearing resentment and accept the prospect cheerfully as they are interned in comfortably equipped camps.

It is reported that the number of Germans in the Iringa area took refuge in the bush, when they heard of the declaration of war, while others in the southern province hastened towards Portuguese territory.—Reuter.

Eire Govt.'s Ministerial Changes

DUBLIN, Sept. 4.

Ministerial changes announced by the Eire Government include Mr. Sean Lemass, Minister of Industry and Commerce, with responsibility for Supplies and Co-ordination of Economic Effort,

Mr. Frank Aitken, Minister for Defence with responsibility of Co-ordination of Civil and Military Defensive Measures.—Reuter.

Roosevelt's Broadcast To America

Even Neutral Can't Close His Mind Or Conscience

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.

In a nation-wide broadcast President Roosevelt affirmed that America will remain neutral.

The President declared, however, he could not ask that every American to remain neutral in thought. Even a neutral cannot be asked to close his mind or his conscience.

President Roosevelt added that he hoped in the days to come their neutrality could be made a true neutrality. When peace was broken anywhere the peace of all countries is endangered.

"Passionately though we desire detachment," the President continued, "we are forced to realise that every word that comes through the air, every ship that sails the seas, every battle that is fought, does affect the American future. I hope and believe the United States will keep out of the war."

Referring to the American peace efforts President Roosevelt said, "Even at the outbreak of this Great War the influence of America should be consistent in seeking for humanity a final peace which will eliminate as far as possible the continued use of force between nations.—Reuter.

INTERNATIONAL RACKETEER AND GANGSTER

Hitler's Action Meets With Universal Condemnation

PARIS, Sept. 4

The French press in vigorous language unanimously condemns Herr Hitler for setting Europe ablaze.

M. Leon Blum in "Populaire" says "Herr Hitler has given peace a fatal blow, consequently Britain and France are at war with Herr Hitler. Neither Britain nor France are at war with the German people.

TRIBUTE TO CHAMBERLAIN

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.

America's warm sympathy with Britain and France is voiced in the leading articles in the American Press.

"The New York Times" declaring that Mr Chamberlain had risen mnagnificently to the responsibility of the great decision. The paper says British people cannot fail to have derived strength and inspiration from his leadership. In this respect their position is fundamentally different from that of German people. "We shall have a chance to see how far discipline taught at the end of a whip will serve as substitute for loyal patriotism of a free people."

"The Herald Tribune" says the struggle will not end short of total victory or defeat.

The "Philadelphia Inquirer" says "Hitler stands self-exposed before the world for what he is—a double-dealing international racketeer and gangster.—Reuter.

BUT TOKYO MAY JUMP

TOKYO. — Commenting upon Japan's decision to remain neutral in the European conflict, the "Japan Times" says "Japan will not view with indifference the pact between Berlin and Moscow. Should such a pact extend its influence in East Asia, Japan would be compelled to take full notice if such an allience even in the most remote manner proved an encouragement for Moscow to attempt intrigues against Japan. If it prompted aggressive action against Japan, the world situation would be bound to undergo a radical alteration.—Reuter.

Soviet-Jap. Non-Aggression Pact Imminent

MOSCOW, Sept. 4.

It is persistently reported in foreign circles that negotiations are imminent for a Soviet-Japanese non-aggression pact.

The German and Japanese Ambassadors are reported to have had three meetings since Herr von Ribbentrop left.

Competent circles believe that the German Ambassador is striving to persuade both sides to open up negotiations despite the difficulties raised by Mongolian border fighting.—Reuter.

AT SHILLONG.

Five Germans were arrested here last night. They have been detained in the concentration camp in the cantonment area, erected for this purpose.

Germany Uses Poison Gas

GREEK SHIP SUNK IN BALTIC

(Continued from Page 1.)

till a final victory and liberation of our Fatherland."

ARAB WORLD WITH ENGLAND.

CAIRO:—All political parties, including the powerful Wafd, are unanimously resolved to stand by Britain, their ally to the utmost They state: "The Arab World is solid with England."

JEWS TO SUPPORT BRITAIN

JERUSALEM:—Registration of all Jewish men and women aged eighteen to fifty for national service and assistance to the British Army, if required, is announced by the Jewish Agency.

IN CANADA.

MONTREAL:—Scores of German citizens in Montreal and other parts of Canada have been arrested by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police acting under the Enemy Alien Act.

At the House of one German a short wave wireless transmitter was seized.

Thirty-six Germans were detained under Military Guard at Arbour Square Police Station before being interned elsewhere. They are the Captain, officers and crew of a ship which has been lying in West India Docks several days.

The troops boarded the ship yesterday and took away the men.

SOUTH AFRICA'S ATTITUDE.

CAPE TOWN:—The Cabinet is meeting this morning following a prolonged meeting last night.

It is reported the Government are split by seven to six in favour of co-operation with the Commonwealth as opposed to neutrality.

General Smuts heads those favouring co-operation.

The House of Assembly has passed all stages of the Senate Bill which is an emergency measure to ensure a parliamentary quorum during the crisis and pending reconstruction of the Senate.

Dispatches from Sofia indicate that the Bulgarian attitude is one of strict neutrality.

HOW BERLINERS RECEIVED ULTIMATUM.

BRUSSELS:—Eye-witnesses describe the Berlin populace as displaying neither the wild enthusiasm of 1914 nor outbursts of hatred or bitterness.

Crowds listened to a broadcast of the British ultimatum without signs of approval or disapproval.

There have been no demonstrations outside the British and French Embassies and the troops posted there had nothing to do.

AMBASSADORS LEAVE.

The British and French Ambassadors in Germany, Sir N Henderson and M. Coulondre left Berlin at 09.00 for Holland.

According to Belgian news agency the German authorities at the last moment refused to allow them to travel via Belgium

GREEK STEAMER SUNK IN BALTIC.

COPENHAGEN:—The Greek steamer "Kosti" has been sunk near Falsterbo, in the Baltic Sea. It is believed that the vessel struck a mine while bound from Antwerp to Leningrad.

BECK'S BROADCAST.

WARSAW:—"At the time when Poland is fighting against invasion we have the sympathy of the whole civilized world," said Dr. Beck, broadcasting to the Polish nation. "Nobody honestly weighing up the facts can have any doubt who is the aggressor and what is the motive guiding the two countries at war."

WARSAW AFTER RAIDS.

WARSAW:—Inspection of the damage done by the raids on the city shows a repetition of familiar sights of the Spanish war—destruction of property and survivors sitting on the salvaged domestic goods. Ten children were killed and 23 seriously wounded in the children's hospital, which was bombed on the first day of the war. Foreign correspondents, who toured Warsaw inspecting the damage, were also shown debris of several German 'planes, which were brought down by the Poles.

U. S. AMBASSADOR'S HOUSE DAMAGED.

It is now revealed that six bombs fell around the villa occupied by the United States Ambassador, Mr. Drexel Biddle, and his family at Konstanksan. A house nearby was destroyed and Mr. Biddles' house was damaged. It is stated that Mr. Biddle has sent a full report to Washington.

Germans Violate Undertaking

The following communique was issued by the Polish Ambassador to-day:—

"The German Government transmitted to the Polish Government a proposal aiming at limitation of air bombing to military objectives and at sparing civil populations. The Polish Government accepted this proposal.

In spite of this, German aeroplanes made a series of bombing raids on 23 towns including Cracow, Grodno, Poznan and Lodz. Certain towns were bombed several times and bombs were also dropped on numerous villages and hamlets and even on individual peasants.—Reuter.

GAS WARFARE BEGINS.

LONDON, Sept. 4.

The Polish Ambassador at a press conference in London to-night said that yesterday alone German air-raids were responsible for 1,500 (mostly civilians) killed.

To-night a beginning was made with gas, he added.

Polish Pilots' Dash

The speed of the Polish fighting aircraft and the skill and dash of pilots were demonstrated again during the week-end air-raids on Warsaw. Immediately the alarm was given, fighters went up and got on the tails of the German machines, which were apparently attempting to bomb the railway bridge over the Vistula.

The attempt was frustrated by the fighters, who gave the Germans no time to direct the bombs and drove them off in a south-easterly direction.—Reuter.

64 German 'Planes Shot Down

A Warsaw communique claims that 64 German aeroplanes were shot down to-day while the Poles lost 11 machines.

Another communique admits that Polish troops were compelled to abandon Czestochowa. All lines were slightly pressed back in the Silesian sector. In the north the Poles recaptured the cities of Puck and Orlowe in the corridor province of Pomorze.—Reuter.

Germany's Counter Claim

The Official Berlin News Agency claims that the air force destroyed 120 Polish aeroplanes on Friday and Saturday. It adds up to Saturday night the air force had lost only 21 'planes.

A dispatch from Danzig states that Polish troops have evacuated Dirschau town which is of strategic importance near the Southern border of the Free City area. The Agency also claims that German troops operating on the Southern Front have taken the town of Radomskio 40 miles from the Polish Frontier and others have occupied Czestochowa 350 miles South-West of Warsaw. —Reuter.

GERMAN CLAIM.

BERLIN:—Official German war communique claims that the German forces have reached Culm on the Vistula, cutting off the Poles, north of the Corridor.

The Communique adds "There has been no military operations yet in the West."

* * * *

CAIRO.—Egypt has broken off diplomatic relations with Germany

* * * *

WASHINGTON Sept. 3.—The existence of a state of war with Germany has been proclaimed in New Zealand.

* * * *

CHUNGKING.—Government have ordered nationalisation of all gold and drastic reduction in imports tariff. Owners of all articles containing gold are required to hand over them against compensation at official rates. The import duties have been generally reduced to one-third of the present tariff.

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80, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Free India Alone Can Decide Attitude Towards War

(Continued from Page 1).

this evening, after two hours 'tete-a-tete.' He is not likely to see the Viceroy again to-morrow, when he leaves for Wardha.

Mr. M. S. Aney met Gandhiji immediately after his return from the interview.

No indication is possible of the Gandhi-Viceroy interview, but it is believed that Gandhiji would communicate the trend of his talks with Lord Linlithgow to the Congress Working Committee which is expected to meet at Wardha on the 8th instant or thereabouts.

Apart from Mr. Subhas Bose, Mr. Aney has also been invited to attend the meeting of the Congress Working Committee.

A large number of men and women who awaited Gandhiji's return from the Viceregal Lodge, lined themselves up on the route to Rajkumari Amrit Kaur's residence. At the prayer time there were about 500 men and women awaiting to attend the prayer.

Mr. Mahadev Desai, Gandhiji's Secretary, informed the "United Press" that Gandhiji was disturbed all along the route from Wardha to Simla and implored not to mention that Gandhiji is returning to-morrow.

Mahatmaji's health is quite normal and he is quite cheerful. There has been no rise in his blood pressure.—United Press.

NO COMMITMENT

SIMLA, Sept. 4.

Political observers feel that Gandhiji would not commit the Congress to any particular policy but would undertake to communicate the wishes of the Viceroy to the Congress Working Committee which might be called in Delhi or Wardha. It is probable that Mr. Jinnah may also meet Mahatma before Gandhiji interviews the Viceroy but nothing definite is known.—United Press.

FREE INDIA ALONE CAN DECIDE

JHANSI, Sept. 4.

Interviewed regarding the international situation and the Congress attitude towards the war, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Chairman of the Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee, who passed through Jhansi yesterday on his way to Delhi, said that his attitude towards imperialist war was defined in various resolutions of the Congress. There was no chance of these being altered unless the British fulfilled the Congress demands.

As regards conditions which would satisfy the Congress, Sardar Patel observed that these might be specified after the Gandhi-Linlithgow meeting and the Congress Working Committee's deliberations; but, broadly speaking, "only an Independent India can and will discuss the question of co-operation with Britain in the event of war."

"We must be free, and there should be no interference or influence from any other country to determine our foreign policy. That is an essential condition for co-operation with Britain."

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, who was also travelling with Sardar Patel, addressed a large number of students who gathered there, exhorting them to play their part well at the crucial juncture in world's history.

The fate of India, he said, was linked up with the fate of the world. They should be soldiers of India's struggle for independence, but they must choose one leader, one flag and one weapon. —United Press.

JAWAHAR FLIES TO INDIA

HONGKONG, Sept. 4.

Pandit Nehru is leaving Chungking in the afternoon by air for India via Kunming and Hanoi.—Reuter.

RANGA'S MESSAGE TO MAHATMA

NEW DELHI, Sept. 4.

Prof. N. G. Ranga, M.L.A. (Central) has sent a telegram to Swami Sahajanand, General Secretary of the All-India Kisan Sabha, suggesting the holding of a meeting of the Central Kisan Council at Nagpur simultaneously with the meeting of the Congress Working Committee.

It is understood that Prof. Ranga has sent a telegram to Mahatma Gandhi at Simla suggesting the holding of a private conference of all sections in the Congress.

Prof. Ranga will meet Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel here this afternoon.—United Press.

MAKE MAHATMA DICTATOR

NAGPUR, Sept. 4.

The Nagpur Nagar Congress Committee adopted a resolution recommending to the Congress Working Committee to appoint Mahatma Gandhi as the sole dictator to define the policy which the Congress should adopt towards the present situation.—United Press.

KEEP IN READINESS

CUTTACK, Sept. 4.

The Provincial Congress Executive issued yesterday instructions to workers of the district to "keep in readiness" in view of the international situation.—United Press.

C.S.P. EXECUTIVE TO MEET AT LUCKNOW

BOMBAY, Monday.

An urgent meeting of the National Executive of the All-India Congress Socialist Party has been summoned at Lucknow on September 6th and the following days. The Committee will meet at the residence of Acharya Narendra Deva for considering the present grave situation. Mr. Yusuf Meherally, Joint Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party left this evening by the Punjab Mail to attend the meeting.

Socialists To Co-operate With Official Congress

PATNA, Sept. 4.

Mr. Jaiprakash Narain, the General Secretary of the Congress Socialist Party, has sent telegrams to Dr. Rajendra Prasad, the Congress President and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, placing the services of the Congress Socialist Party at the disposal of the Congress.

This was in response to a telegram Mr. Jaiprakash Narain had received from Sardar Patel, in which the latter stated that he would welcome Mr. Narain's presence at the emergency meeting of the Congress Working Committee and asked if Mr. Narain would attend at the shortest possible notice.—A. P

TROUBLE FOR GANDHIJI LOOMS LARGE?

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, September 3.

Constance Share, the famous astrologer, predicts in to-day's 'Sunday Pictorial' that a dangerous illness for Gandhiji is indicated and that Gandhiji's followers will have occasion for great alarm.

He further states that Gandhiji is entering an unfortunate period. Plans will miss fire and reverses are likely. Gandhiji may find his position in the sphere of politics weakening.

British soldiers and sailors bid their families farewell prior to their departure on war-emergency duty: (Left) A railway reservist's farewell embrace at Waterloo. (Right) A sailor kisses a baby at Waterloo.

KHAKSARS GIVE UNDERTAKING

U. P. Government Releases Leader And His Assistants

LUCKNOW, September 3

The U. P. Government in the course of a press note says that Inayatullah Khan, leader of the Khaksars and several of his assistants who were arrested following the breaches of peace in Lucknow on August 30 and 31 as a result of the clashes between the Khaksars and the local Muslims, have now given written undertakings promising that they will go back to their provinces and will not come to the United Provinces during the period of one year. Inayatullah Khan has further promised not to let Khaskars of other provinces come to the United Provinces, or the Khaksars of the United Provinces to take part in the Lucknow Shia-Sunni dispute.

Government have accepted these undertakings and have allowed Inyatullah Khan and other persons to depart.—United Press.

GOLD IMPORTS LICENSED

SIMLA, Sept. 4.

Under the Sea Customs Act the bringing into British India to any place other than Burma or out of British India to any place other than Burma of gold coins, bullions or gold ingots whether refined or unrefined except under authority licences by the Reserve Bank of India has been prohibited.—United Press.

Controller Of Enemies' Firms

SIMLA, Sept. 4.

Mr. B. C. Acooke has been appointed Controller of Enemies' Firms with effect from to-day. He has taken charge in Bombay.

Agents of the branches of the Imperial Bank of India have been appointed inspectors of enemies' firms for revenue districts in which the branches are situated. —United Press.

Mobilization In Rhodesia

STLISBURY, (Southern Rhodesia) Sept. 4

A proclamation has been issued mobilising Territorial active force and Reserves for active service within or beyond the colony.

There has been enthusiastic response to the call for recruits.—Reuter.

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, Sept. 4.

To-day noon there was a fire in leather factory of Sheth Haji Dada Haji Vali situated near city station. Police officers and fire fighters came immediately and controlled the fire. Cause of fire is yet not known.

FINANCE ACT AMENDMENT BILL PASSED

BOMBAY COUNCIL ADJOURNED 'SINE DIE'

POONA, September 4.

The Bombay Legislative Council sat for two hours this morning and disposed of all the three readings of the Bombay Finance Act (Amendment) Bill as passed by the lower house.

War overshadowed the proceedings of the Bombay Legislative Council when it met this morning at 11-30 a.m. Only 15 members in a house of 40 were present. When the proceedings opened, the Hon. Mr. A. B. Latthe was the only occupant of the Ministerial bench.

The Hon Mr. M. M. Pakvasa, President, presided.

The question hour was dispensed with, and the House straightaway took up the first reading of the Finance Act Amendment Bill, as passed by the Lower House.

Mr. Deodhekar raised a point of order as to whether the House could discuss this Bill, when the issue whether the property tax was 'ultra vires' or otherwise was before the High Court for decision.

The Hon. Mr. Latthe pointed out that the House was not being asked to discuss the merits of the property tax now; the Bill before the House only related to provision for collection of the tax.

OUT OF ORDER

President ruled out the point of order.

Moving first reading of the Bill, Mr. Latthe made a brief speech.

Prof. Davar opposing the first reading maintained there was no defiance of the tax on the part of those who withheld payment of the Property Tax at all. Expert legal opinion both in England and India had declared the property tax as 'ultra vires' of the Provincial Legislature, and the property tax payers had referred the issue to the High Court for a ruling. Naturally until the High Court's decision was known, naturally they withheld payment until the High Court's decision was known.

Prof. Davar also criticised the provision making collection of property tax the first charge on the Municipality, particularly in the case of a municipality like that of Bombay, 50 per cent of whose taxes had remained overdue.

Messrs. Deodhekar and A. A. Khan also opposed the Bill.

Dr. Solanki supported the Bill, and said that the very fact that Government had in no way prevented people from going to High Court for a ruling on the legality of the tax proved that Government were honest in their motive. He opined that the tax was beneficial, as it would give great relief to the poor, while transferring the burden of taxation to broader shoulders.

Replying, Mr. Latthe refuted the suggestion that the penalty clause was intended to deter those property tax payers from going to the court for a decision. The clause would do nothing of the kind.

Hon. Mr. Latthe stated that the very fact that the High Court had not issued any injunction on the Government against the recovery of the tax proved that the Government was entitled to collect it. Government would be impossible, if an Act lawfully passed by the Legislature and assented to by the Governor and the Governor-General was prevented from being enforced simply, because a few people opposed it. Since the passing of the Act, five elections had been fought and won in Ahmedabad on the specific issue of the property tax which proved that the majority of the people supported it.

The first reading of the Bill was adopted, and the House disposed of the clauses and the second and the third reading in another half an hour. Of the thirteen amendments tabled, only five were moved and they were rejected by the House.

The President adjourned the Council 'sine die.'—A.P.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

(Continued from Page 6.)

laborious details of past ones, in book form.

Mr. A. P. F. Chapman, England's most energetic ex-captain, who led the M. C. C. is supporting a plan for reorganising the country cricket scoring system. It is suggested that winners of county matches should score 20 out of 20, and losers 0 out of 20.

Winners of a match in which only first innings are completed should score 5 out of 5, and losers 0 out of 5; while 5 out of 20 should be allotted for a first innings lead. This, it is said, would avoid such debacles as when Middlesex refused to win on the first innings only because they would lose points.

"I would have knocked my stumps over before allowing a draw," said Mr. Chapman.

* * * *

EDUCATION

1st Lady: There is one thing about these international crises, my dear, which I like and that is they do teach one geography.

2nd Lady: I quite agree, darling. I never knew before that the Tientsin corridor separates Poland from the British concession.

Close Up The Ranks

Subhas Urges Congress To Give Timely Lead

Let Gandhiji Lead As Mentor Of Congress

MADRAS, Sept. 3.

"If the Tripuri Congress session, as per my suggestion had given a six-months ultimatum to the British Government for the fulfilment of India's national demand, India would to-day be in a position to dictate terms to the British and demand her independence in view of the present international crisis. This golden opportunity we have missed. We can ask British to do her duty by India if she is sincere in her going for the rescue of the Polish people from being deprived of their freedom. Even now it is not too late for the Congress Working Committee, and Gandhiji to give a proper lead to the country and hasten her progress towards her goal."

Thus declared Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose while addressing a public meeting of over a lakh of people at the Tilak Ghat, Triplicane Beach this evening. Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar, ex-President of the Congress presided. About 15 addresses of welcome were presented to Mr. Bose on behalf of several organisations of Youths and Leftists of the City.

Proceeding Mr. Bose made a fervent appeal to all sections of the Indian people, of all castes and creeds to close up their ranks at this critical hour in the country's history and seize the present opportunity offered by the international situation to achieve their freedom.

"We had no enmity towards the British people as such", he said, "we are enemies only of the British Imperialism. I appeal to the heart and conscience of British Statesmen to do their duty by the four hundred millions of India."

Concluding he made a fervent appeal to Congress leaders and his countrymen for unity and observed: "Let the past be buried. Let all of us rise as one man. Let the Congress give timely and proper lead and let the Working Committee appeal to all ranks of the people to stand by them at this juncture. Let Gandhiji as the mentor of the Congress lead the country forward towards independence. Victory will be ours if we are prepared to die so that India may live".—United Press.

NO COMPROMISE WITH IMPERIALISM

Bose's Reply To Ponneri Address

MADRAS, September 3.

Addresses were presented to Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose at Ponneri on behalf of several organisations.

Replying to them Mr. Bose referred to the international situation and declared that India should resist all attempts of British Imperialism to drag her into war and should utilise the present opportune moment to achieve her independence.

Compromise with Imperialism under any circumstances, concluded Mr. Bose, would not be in the interest of India.—United Press.

Bose's Programme In Madras

MADRAS, Sept. 3.

On alighting from the train at the Central Station, Mr. Bose was received by Messrs. Abdur Rahman of Malabar and Selvapathi Chetty, M.L.As, P. Gopalaratnam, Secretary, and other workers of the Forward Bloc. Students, volunteers and members of the Press Workers' Union presented him with a guard of honour. He was later taken in procession in a decorated car from the Central Station to his temporary residence at Royapettah.

Mr. Bose will stay in Madras for three days and a crowded programme has been arranged for him.

He will meet Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar and other prominent persons between 2 and 3 in the afternoon and will address a public meeting at Triplicane Beach in the evening when Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar will preside.—A. P.

MASSES MUST TAKE INITIATIVE

Subhas On Duty Of Indians To Demand Swaraj

MADRAS, Sept. 4

"At the sacrificial juncture the public have a clear duty to perform. It will be fatal on their part if they leave all the intiative to any political party or to any leader or leaders," declares Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, in a message to the Indian people in view of the present international crisis.

Mr. Bose says: "The public should demand of their leaders that the war resolution of the Haripura Congress may be implemented. Further, they should see to it that there is no compromise over the Federal Scheme and that the demand for Purna Swaraj is pressed with all strength at our command.

"I am afraid that if the public throughout the country do not take the initiative and the situation is left entirely to political parties and political lleaders then, disaster might overtake us."—United Press.

ECHO OF RAMDURG TRAGEDY

HUBLI, Sept. 4.

The Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Ramdrug framed charges against Mr. Munvalli, President of the Praja Sangh, today under Sec. 224 I.P.C., in connection with the recent Ramdrug riots.

Mr. Munvalli pleaded not guilty. —A .P.

Mr. Ratanlal Sukhlal, Jain leader, died on Saturday morning at Cambay after a week's sickness.

He was secretary of the Cambay Jainshala and a Municipal Corporator.

In The Corporation Hall

(By Our Special Correspondent)

Walking into the Corporation Chamber during the meeting yesterday, one could hardly realise that there was a great war begun somewhere in Europe. The Bombay Corporation will yet take some days before any agenda connected with the war is discussed. As things are moving at the moment, with the unfinished agenda of three months, one can see a huge legacy of unfinished resolutions. Nor is it the Mayor's fault—not much at any rate There is an atmosphere of ease which characterises the deliberations of this august body, which is an anachronism in our times. There is really not enough time these days to make some of the lengthy speeches made these days And the Mayor would greatly quicken the pace of work, if he constantly reminder the House of this.

* * * *

A matter of special interest that came up for discussion was the lifting of the ban on the "Bombay Sentinel" at the instance of the Press Association, who had drawn the attention of the Corporation to the long period over which this ban was exercised. There was some opposition on the grounds that neither the "Sentinel" nor the Press Association had expressed any regret. To which Mr. Jamnadas Mehta very ably said that there cannot be two punishments for the same offence

* * * *

Although one accedes to members of the Corporation complete freedom of expressing individual opinions, one regretted the utterance of Mr. M. N. Talpade, who suggested somewhat ungraciously that he supposed the Standing Committee had recommended the lifting of the ban because of the tea which was stood to the Corporation by the Press Association. It must be said that Mr. Talpade did not strike a very dignified note when he uttered this ungallant remark. It shows that he has a very poor opinion both of journalists and of the members of the Standing Committee if he believes that an invitation to tea had such ulterior motives. It is hoped that Mr. Talpade's views are not shared by other members of the Corporation and it is hardly necessary to say that the press benches were, to say the least, a trifle disappointed in him. One hopes that Mr. Talpade will be more gallant on other occasions, and that he will not judge his fellowmen as capable of such pettiness.

MUTT AND JEFF—Gumdrops Ought to Get Nice and Hard in That Ice Box — By BUD FISHER

THIS IS NO CINCH TRYIN' TO KEEP AN ESKIMO FAMILY COOL IN THIS HEAT!
WANT UM GUMDROPS!
ICE BOX
ICE CUBES
JEFF, DID YOU FIND A PLACE WHERE THE ESKIMOS CAN SLEEP?
DID I? I SURE DID! AND CHEAP, TOO! TWO BITS A NIGHT!
MEAT MARKET
ICE BOX
Fisher

British Troops To Be Reduced By 25 P. C.

Chatfield Committee's Recommendations On Modernising Army In India

(Continued from Page 12.)

The Committee carefully considered these factors in relation to the defence requirements of India and to the need for keeping the maintenance costs of the Army within the compass of what India can offord.

REDUCTION OF TROOPS

The total reduction of British troops as measured with the establishment on the first of July, 1938, is approximately twenty-five per cent. A reduction in the number of units is also involved, and in this connection, it has to be remembered that while the reduction of British units on the Indian establishment implies their transfer to the Home Establishment and consequently their retention as part of the available combatant forces, the reduction of Indian units must be absolute, except in so far as they can be employed at the cost of non-Indian revenues, in overseas stations. In present circumstances, however, it would clearly be imprudent to lay down any hard-and-fast programme involving an absolute reduction of the available combatant forces; and the time and occasion for any actual reduction will have to be fully considered hereafter. In any event, such reduction would be proportionately much less than that of British troops.

AIR FORCE RE-EQUIPMENT

In regard to air forces, H. M. G. has provided approximately 1,700,000 in accordance with the offer made in September 1938 and the re-equipment of four bomber squadrons is now in progress; and the Committee made proposals for the complete re-equipment of the remainder of the R.A.F. squadrons in India and for measures to bring the transport and stocks of stores for war requirements up to the requisite standard.

For the Royal Indian Navy, the Committee recommended the provision of six modern escort vessels together with adequate measures for the local naval defence of India, including the modernisation of coast defences at the principal ports.

The principle that India should as far as possible be made in all major respects self-sufficient in munitions in time of war was accepted, and a scheme for re-organising and where necessary expanding the Ordnance factories in India was recommended.

COST OF MODERNISATION PLAN

H. M. G. consider that the Committee's proposals should be accepted, subject only to a few minor modifications. In reaching this conclusion, H. M. G. have taken full account of the heavy capital cost involved which has been estimated at some £34.33 millions or Rs. 45 crores. H. M. G. have accepted that this capital expenditure cannot be found out of the resources available in India, and they, therefore, propose to seek the authority of Parliament for its provision from the Home Exchequer. It is estimated that a period of five years would be required for the completion of the modernisation plan, and the provision of the total capital sum would accordingly be spread over this period. Of the total amount three-quarters would be provided as a free gift, while one-quarter would be advanced by way of a loan. The interest on this portion, however, would be entirely remitted for the first five years; thereafter interest would become payable together with instalments of capital.

IN CASE OF DANGER

In estimating India's defence requirements, the Committee had to consider how far the prevailing conceptions as regards India's liability for defence can be held valid in the light of modern conditions. Hitherto the principle has been accepted that India should be responsible for the "minor danger" of the maintenance of internal security and for the defence of her land frontiers, while Great Britain should be responsible for the "major danger" of an attack by a Great Power upon India, or upon the Empire through India. Modern developments have, however, clearly shown how vulnerable India is to attack in other forms than those that were envisaged, when the principle was first laid down. Such attacks, if they should ever mature, would so vitally affect India's own well-being that they would demand her immediate co-operation in effective measures for her defence. In such cases, India defence would clearly be most effectively and economically assured by co-operation in the defence of points outside India, strategically essential to her security.

Thus, the Committee have recommended as a general principle that the forces maintained by India should be adequate not merely for the narrower purposes of purely local defence, but also to assist in maintaining what they describe as "India's external security," and further that India should acknowledge that her responsibility cannot in her own interests be safely limited to the local defence of her land frontiers and coasts.

CONTRIBUTION BY BRITAIN.

It was fully appreciated that the forces maintained by India could only bear a small share in those wider responsibilities, and that she could not necessarily bear in full the cost of such forces as were maintained in India. The Committee recommended, therefore, that the contribution hitherto paid by the British Government should be continued at the higher level of £2,000,000 a year to which it has been provisionally raised by H. M. G. on this basis, it is estimated that it should be possible for India without enlarging the annual provision for defence expenditure, to meet the whole maintenance costs of the forces organised band equipped on the scale proposed. From this main principle, it follows that if forces held in India for the purposes covered by the Joint Responsibility are used outside India in an emergency affecting India's external security, their ordinary maintenance charges should continue to be borne by India.

The scale of the forces recommended by the Committee is intended to be adequate, though not more than adequate, for India's purely local defence together with a margin available, if need be, for her external defence. As regards the Army, this margin will amount to approximately one-tenth of the army forces maintained in India. Being an integral part of the army in India it will contain Indian as well as British units, and both alike, will be so equipped as to be able to take part effectively in India's external defence. It will not in any sense be segregated from the rest of the army forces; and in normal times, it will continue to discharge the functions assigned to those forces as a whole.

In conclusion, H. M. G. consider that the Committee have made out a convincing case for their proposal, and they hope that the principles advocated by the Committee will commend themselves to the Government of India and to all who are prepared to take realistic view of India's defence requirements in modern circumstances.—A. P.

(Continued from col. 7)

of the House, made the following statement:—

We meet this morning under the shadow of a tragedy which may well prove to be the biggest catastrophe which has yet overwhelmed civilised humanity.

As the House is aware, the British Empire has been at war with Germany since yesterday. How far the conflagration which Hitler started on Friday last may spread; what the extent of the destruction may be and what the ultimate issue may be, no man can foretell. We can look forward with confidence to the result but of this I am certain that everyone of us here fully realise the gravity of the crisis which has overtaken the world and is determined to do his duty to King and country faithfully and with steadfast courage and resolution (cheers).

The war is bound to add to the anxieties and responsibilities of everyone of us but I have no doubt that the House will realise that it is likely to lay heavy burden on the shoulders of those of us who happen to be public servants charged with duties in connection with the prosecution of war.

I am, therefore, well assured that such business is brought before the House will not only receive the usual care and attention of members but also that it will be despatched in a manner which will leave these public servants sufficient time to discharge their duties outside the House adequately and effectively.

EXTERNED FROM SIROHI

Order On Prajamandal Worker

September 8 the last date for registering Associations under the Sirohi Public Societies Act of 1939, draws nearer, Mr. Devichand Jain a prominent worker from Sheoganj has been externed from Sirohi State.

TRIBUTES TO LATE MR. TAIRSEE

A resolution condoling the death of Mr. Laxmidas R. Tairsee was passed at a meeting of Hindus of all shades of opinion, held on Sunday under the joint auspices of several organisations, including the Bombay Provincial Hindu Mahasabha and Democratic Swarajya Party, Syt. V. D. Savarkar, presiding.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Dr. Savarkar and others paid tributes to the memory of Mr. Tairsee and eulogised his services to the city and the country.

At a meeting of the Shree Ayurveda Dharmartha Dawakhana Mandal held on September 1, a resolution was adopted expressing regrets for the deaths of Mr. L. R. Tairsee and Sjt. Gunvantlal Kapadia and recounting their services in the cause of the city and the country.

THE CRISIS DEEPENS

(Continued from Page 6).

association with the military conversations that opened a while back in Moscow, all have asserted in the direction of opinion for entering into a settlement with Germany strengthening. "Neue Zurcher Zeitung" recalls Hitler's earlier statements to the effect that he never would consider entering into a pact with the Soviet Union. Apparently he must have felt a pressure to make a revision of opinion and carry an advance in an entirely different direction. And obviously also some terms seen as carrying much value and weight must have also been held up to Russia. The Hungarian official Paster Lloyed refers to the developement as a very significant one much in the nature of a Bismarckian tradition.

★

It is now keenly felt in many centres that German halt against Poland will tend to assume a more assertive character. A stiffening in German stand that commenced to express itself a few days back, it is felt, followed as a result of estimates of the evolution of a settlement with Russia. There are reports of bigger troop concentrations of Germany against Poland. Some of the latest reports even indicate that German troops along Polish frontier regions as remaining in what is mentioned as "ready to march" condition. The weight of pressure on Poland has greatly increased. Warsaw's attitude remains resolute. A firmness is well maintained. But the significance of an agreement between Germany and Russia is not overseen. Colonel Beck now must also be meditating upon the folly of a policy assumed by him in relation to Czechoslovakia under the impress of currents released by a feudal order and tendency to slide hurriedly into the role of a major Power. Poland to-day stands at a most difficult stage in her history and an impressive resolvedness and alertness are maintained.

★

About the future, great uncertainty and great concern prevails. France stays resolute. Paris is calm. But the danger of the situation is realised. More troops are being despatched to the frontier regions to increase a state of preparedness. In the course of the last two days alone France has called to arms round a million. The coming days are likely to be particularly difficult ones. Much would depend upon estimates that may be followed by Hitler. Adolf Hitler is held as being keen on realising claims against Poland. England is greatly disturbed. Even if the path of conflict is avoided it is thought that a pressure of Germany on Britain will increase. That pressure will fall directly and through indirect channels as well. The situation is infinitely more difficult and critical than in September last. A few days back it was thought that Hitler might put off the announced Tannerberg speech. Now after the accord with Russia this is not likely to be the case. He is expected to strike in the speech at Tannerberg a very strong note. Perhaps the Nazi Party Congress in Nuremberg may be postponed.

Mrs. Subbarayan's Lecture Cancelled

Mrs. Radhabai Subbarayan's lecture which was to have been delivered to-day under the auspices of the Saraswat Mahila Samaj and the Konary Saraswat Association has been cancelled for unavoidable reasons.

Moratorium To Railways Extended

Muslim Leaguers' Opposition: Census Bill Passed In Assembly

SIMLA, September 4.

THE Assembly to-day agreed by 43 votes to 20 to the Finance Member's resolution extending up to April 1, 1942, the moratorium in respect of the arrears of payments to the Depreciation Reserve Fund maintained for Indian State-owned Railways and arrears of contributions to the General Revenues.

LEAGUERS OPPOSE

The resolution was opposed by the Muslim League Party, who insisted on an undertaking to be given by the Government in the House that a Committee of the House would be appointed to go into the whole question of Railway Finance. One or two members of the Congress Nationalist Party voted with Muslim League Party against the resolution.

FINANCE MEMBER'S SPEECH.

Sir Jeremy Raisman, Finance Member, in commending the resolution recalled the resolution on similar lines passed by the House in October, 1937, and explained that the Government had no option but to continue to treat the arrears to Depreciation Reserve Fund in the same way as under that resolution, unless they were prepared to raise sums from the general taxpayer to pay the amounts due to the Provinces under the Niemeyer Order-in-Council.

As regard the arrears of contributions to the General Revenues, he explained that until the Railways produced a surplus of the order of four crores and a half the question of paying these arrears would not arise.

Sir Jeremy expressed his full sympathy with the feeling of many members of the House that separation Convention of 1924 was due for reconsideration. He was prepared to undertake that the question relating to the Separation Convention and the question of evolving a more suitable system for the future would be gone into during the period of extension of the moratorium but until the period of five years under the Niemeyer Award ended no departure from the existing practice could be made.

REVISE CONVENTION.

Mr. L. C. Buss on behalf of the European Group gave reluctant support to the resolution as a temporary expedient, but a revision of the Separation Convention was imperative.

Prof. Banerji criticised the extravagance of the Railways, while Sardar Sant Singh after congratulating the Government on their new policy of trusting the House as exemplified by the statement of Leader of the House denounced the practice of cancellation or repudiation of debts.

Mr. Azhar Ali considered that the Railways were being mismanaged.

Mr. Nauman suggested that a Committee of the House should be appointed to go into the whole question of Railway Finance.

Mr. Joshi thought the Depreciation Reserve Fund has been built upon an extravagant scale and when too much was hoarded, the natural tendency was to raid the hoard. The real sufferers were the Railway employees who, he declared, were denied their due share by way of wages.

Sir Yamin Khan supported Mr. Nauman's suggestion.

Maulana Zafar Ali refused to accept the principle of repudiation of debts.

Mr. Jinnah declared unless the Government accepted the proposal for a Committee of the House he was unable to support the resolution.

After Sir Jeremy Raisman's reply the House carried the resolution by a majority.

ACTS PASSED

The House passed the Census Bill, the Indian Sait Act Amendment Bill, the Civil Procedure Code Amendment Bill and the Indian Tea Cess Act Amendment Bill and referred to Select Committee the Bill to amend the Indian Railways Act.

After Mr. J. A. Thorne, Home Member had moved consideration of the Census Bill Dr. Banerji moved reference of the Bill to Select Committee and was supported by Sir Henry Gidney, Sardar Sant Singh and Mr. Aney.

The Select Committee motion was rejected without a division and the Bill passed without an amendment.

The House adjourned till tomorrow.—A.P.

DEFENCE OF INDIA ORDINANCE

Zafrullah's Statement In Assembly

SIMLA, September 4.

Immediately after the Central Legislative Assembly met to-day, Sir Mohammad Zafrullah Khan, Leader of the House, made a statement that the British Empire was at war with Germany and announced firstly that all Ordinances including the Defence of India Ordinance issued so far would be placed before the Legislature for their approval, and secondly the Viceroy's address to the Central Legislature would be on September 11 instead of September 21 as previously fixed.—United Press.

WAR ADDING TO ANXIETIES OF ALL

Sir M. Zafrullah Khan's Speech In Assembly

SIMLA, Sept. 4.

As soon as the Legislative Assembly met this morning Sir Muhammad Zafrullah Khan, Leader

(Continued in col. 2)

58%
MORE ENERGY
after a fortnight's use of
SANATOGEN

Soon able to perform a heavy day's work.

"I was extremely debilitated, suffering from general nervous exhaustion. I seemed quite unable to pick up until I started taking your Sanatogen. I derived the greatest possible benefit from it, and was soon able to perform a heavy day's work."
M.B., Ch.B.

Extensive tests carried out by doctors on a group of workers showed that normally only 8% of their energy remained at the end of each day's work. After only a fortnight's course of Sanatogen a hard day's work left them with 66% of their energy unused. Sanatogen therefore gave them 58% more energy for work, 58% more enthusiasm for fun.
Med. Echo.

Sanatogen is invaluable in Nervous Diseases, Neurasthenia, Nervous Dyspepsia and other Digestive Complaints, Influenza, Convalescence, etc.

There is no need to feel run-down and dead-tired after a hard day's work. Take a course of Sanatogen—it strengthens the nerves, rejuvenates the blood and gives you new strength and energy in an amazingly short time. Remember, every sip of Sanatogen is a sip of lasting, radiant health.

SANATOGEN
The True Tonic Food
Obtainable at all Chemists and Bazars.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

STEEP RISE OF 73 POINTS IN LIVERPOOL

Broach Firms Up

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1939

New York, Sept 4

Previous closing	8.37
To-day's opening	closed
Difference	closed
To-day's closing	closed
Difference	closed

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1939.

Liverpool, Sept 4

Previous closing	5.22
To-day's opening	5.40
Difference	+18
To-day's closing	5.95
Difference	+73

Broach A/M Expectation ..... Rs. 183-0

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Sept 4

The New York Cotton market was closed to-day.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, Sept 4

The trading in Broach April/May commenced at Rs. 184-8 but thereafter the market declined on profit-taking to Rs. 179-8. The perpendicular rise in Liverpool of 67 points accentuated the advance of local rate. The market closed steady at Rs. 182/8.

Liverpool Cotton

Liverpool, Sept 4

American October (5.22) 5.90
American December (5.18) 5.81
Giza October (7.14) 7.60
Giza December (7.10) 7.56

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Night Quotations

Bombay, Sept 4

It has been decided to keep the local bullion market closed until Friday next. It is stated that another meeting take place on Friday for reconsideration.

SILVER

Silver ready	62 4 0
Silver Bhadrapad	
Silver Asho	

GOLD

Gold ready	41 4 0
Gold Bhadrapad	
Gold Asho	
Sovereign	

WHEAT AND SEEDS

Closing Night Quotations

Bombay, Sept 4

Wheat September	3 7 6
Wheat January	3 12 6
Wheat May	3 12 3
Linseed September	5 11 0
Wheat May	5 15 6

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept 4

London Stock Exchange will remain closed until further notice.

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Sept 4

Previous closing	
To-day's opening	closed
At the time of New York cotton closing	

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Sept 4

Previous closing	
To-day's opening	closed
To-day's closing	

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Sept 4

Previous closing	
To-day's opening	closed
To-day's closing	

3½% GOVT. LOAN

Latest Quotation

Bombay, Sept 4

3 1/2 per cent Government Paper was nominally quoted at Rs. 86.

QUIET CONDITIONS IN LONDON MARKETS

LONDON, Sept 4

The city to-day appears to accept the situation in a philosophical fashion. Very quiet conditions prevailed in general, as nearly all major markets remain closed for the purpose of perfecting arrangements to facilitate activity in wartime, while the banks have also had a one day holiday. The Liverpool cotton market, however, continued open and general buying in the face of the scarcity of offers caused a sharp advance in prices.

Wall Street was closed in observance of Labour Day.

CASH BARGAINS ON LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

No Option Trading

LONDON: The Stock Exchange will remain closed until further notice.

It is officially announced that, pending the reopening of the Stock Exchange, minimum prices are to continue in force. All bargains are to be for cash and no new option trading is permitted.

Pepper And Ginger Market

(From The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association Ltd.)

Bombay, Sept 4

Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	Rs. 100 0 0
Pepper ready Calicut per candy	99 0 0
Pepper Bhadarva Sud 15th per candy	95 0 0
Pepper Asho Sud 15th per candy	95 0 0
Pepper Maha Sud 15th per candy	100 0 0
Pepper ready Lampong in Bond per cwt	13 0 0
Ginger ready unbleached per cwt.	16 0 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt	20 0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15th per cwt	21 0 0

BANKERS' CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 1-9-1939 were as under:—

Number of cheques—84,672.

Amount of cheques—Rs. 12,60,48,886-1-5.

TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS

Average Rate Rs. 2-12-11 Per Cent.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Monday, the 4th September 1939. Total amount offered was Rs. 1,74,50,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-5-0 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-4-9 allotted approximately 95 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amount accepted was Rs. 1,50,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 2-12-11 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. One Crore and fifty lacs of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 12th September 1939. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 15th September 1939. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 1st September 1939, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,25,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Three months' intermediates will be sold from 8th September 1939 to 9th September 1939 at Rs. 99-5-0 subject to the conditions previously announced (viz, Sales can be stopped at any time without previous notice if Government think it necessary).

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Sentiment Bullish: Rates Shoot Up

CALCUTTA, Sept 4

Jutes, although ruled bullish, rates are very much fluctuating with fair volume of business. Coals: Fair volume of transactions were reported at gradually advancing rates. Teas were dull. Miscellaneous: Almost all speculative stocks exhibited bullish tendency here at the opening but as the day rolled on wide range of ups and downs was noted in their values. Government securities were remarkably lower.

The following are closing quotations:

Government securities: Three per cent new loan 1963/65 90 small lot; three and half per cent Government paper 87/8; four per cent 1960/70 107/8 small odd lot.

Banks: Central 30/4 ex div; Reserve 100.

Cottons: Bengal Nagpur 11; Birla 19/8; Cawnpore Textiles 3/14; Dunbar 172; Elgin Mills 104; Kesoram 7; New Victoria ord 1/4.

Coals: Amalgamated 27/12; Bengal 327; Central Kurkend 11/10 ct; Bokaro and Ramgur 15/6; Burrakur 13/14; Ghuruila 2/1; Dhemo Main 12/14 c div; Equitable 34/12; Hurrladih 12/11; Katras Jherrian 26/8; Mundulpore 9/4; New Beerbhoom 17/8; New Manbhoom 32/8; North Damuda 5/2; Rangeegunge 34/8; West Jamuria 32/8.

Jutes: Albioaculof 139/8; Anglo India 338; Auckland 183; Baily 188; Barnagore 146; Birla 17/8; Calcutta 16/4 ct; Champdany 156; Cheviot 184; Clive 25/12 Fort Glosster 475; Fort William 222; Gourepore 583; Howrah 55; Hukumchand 2/5 pref 38; India 307; Kamarhatty 198; Kankinarrah 390; Lansdowne 153; National 23/12; Northbrook 34; Nuddea 45; Orient 190; Presidency 4/1; Reliance 59 ct; Waverley 1/2.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 7/2; Indian Copper 2/12; Rhodesia Copper 1/12; Tavoy Tin 1/7; Burn and Co ord 320; Hukumchand Steel ord 6/6; Defd 1/14; Indian Galvanising 22/12; Indian Iron and Steel 33; Indian St Wagon 50/8; c div; Indian Steel and Wire Products ord 36/4; Kumardhubi Eng ord 3/5; Marshalls 1/13; Steel Corpn ord 14/11; Pref 94 ct; B I Corpn 3/10; Dunlop 19 small odd lot; Second Pref 105 small lot; Indian Cables 11/4; Indian National Airways ord 7/4; Brit Burma Petroleum 5/1; India Paper Pulp 110; Orient Paper 7; Titaghur Paper A ordy 14/4; Balrampore 8/8 ct; Buland 13/4; Carew and Co 11/6; Champaran 14/12 c div; Cawnpore 18/4; South Behar 19.+A. P.

RAJKOT REFORMS POSTPONED 'SINE DIE'

Developments In Regard To Janmastami Fair

(From Our Correspondent).

RAJKOT, Sept. 3.

It is understood that the Agency authorities have instructed Rajkot State authorities not to give any cause to the public for resentment or discontentment. It was, last year, at this very Janmasthami fair that anti-gambling agitation led by Mr. Dhaber and Co. resulted in the arrest of 36 workers when on the Gokul-Ashtami, the Thakore Saheb extended clemency to those arrested. This year, signs are not wanting to presage that no Janmasthami fair will be held this year as is corroborated by the non-acceptance of the stall-keepers on the Ramnath Fair grounds to erect stalls by the Municipal and police authorities both. Besides, they are asked not to disclose the scheme of reforms long promised the announcement of which will be further kept in abeyance not to give any cause for general resentment.

DARBAR VIRAWALA'S LATEST.

It is now a public property that Mr. Dhaber, president, Rajkot Praja Parishad after acquainting Gandhiji with the trend of Rajkot affairs at Wardha and on the score of Mahatmaji's advice convened recently a meeting of local workers and acquainted the latter with the draft of the letter that he was to forward to Durbar Virawala declaring his non-co-operation with the reforms inquiry committee.

The substance of it is that Durbar Virawala, the president of the Reforms Committee, has, under pressure, got a short and set reply to all the copies of questionaires distributed among select individuals. It further adds that Durbar Virawala has not carried out his promises made to Gandhiji to return the confiscated lands to the farmers but rather has crushed the agriculturists by every sort of ill-treatment and thus has lost the only chance of his good wishes shown to Gandhiji.

It concludes that Durbar Virawala has enacted a new press ordinance under which every honest writing is banned, besides the retaining the ban on news-sheets. Under these circumstances, Mr. Dhebar has refused co-operation and held Durbar Virawala, responsible for the whole affairs.

Durbar Virawala, in his reply to Mr. Dhebar assured him that all his allegations are unfounded and has called upon him, not to strain the cordial relations that exist between Thakore Saheb and his loyal subjects. He has summarily brushed aside the contention of Mr. Dhebar, having positive proofs of ill-treatment.

In conclusion, he has directed Mr. Dhebar not to address any such communication to him henceforth.

PORT TRUST FINANCES

Relief To Trade By Reduction Of Rates And Charges

The following are the extracts from Administration Report of the Bombay Port Trust 1938-39.

GENERAL REMARKS ON THE YEAR'S WORKING

In framing the budget estimates for the year under review, the Trustees had anticipated that the downward trend of trade which had set in from October 1937, as a result of the fall in the price of primary products and the consequent reduction in the purchasing power of the agriculturist, would continue throughout the year. The prospects for exports of raw cotton, which forms Bombay's staple export commodity, were also not encouraging in consequence of the Sino-Japanese conflict and the record crop in the United States of America. In addition to the anticipated fall in traffic, the estimates allowed for a decrease of Rs. 9 1/2 lakhs in revenue on account of the reduction of the surtax on dock and bunder rates from 8 1/3 per cent. to 4 1/6 per cent., the reduction in the rate of wharfage on bulk petrol from 6 pies to 4 pies per gallon and the introduction of the revised Dock Scale of Rates fixing concessional charges for the coasting trade of the whole of India and Burma. After taking all the above factors into consideration, the revenue estimates aggregated Rs. 235.64 lakhs against the actuals of Rs. 255.14 lakhs in 1937-38, a reduction of Rs. 19.50 lakhs.

REVISED ESTIMATES

2. The course of trade and revenue during the year closely approximated the budget anticipations. The revised estimates framed in January 1939 aggregated Rs. 235.40 lakhs a reduction of Rs. 0.24 lakhs only as compared with the original estimate. The "actual receipts" amounted to "Rs. 238.18 lakhs," an increase of Rs. 2.78 lakhs as compared with the revised estimates.

3. The original expenditure estimate of Rs. 235.13 lakhs was increased to Rs. 235.43 lakhs in the revised estimates. The "actual expenditure" for the year did not, however, exceed "Rs. 233.07 lakhs," a saving of Rs. 2.06 lakhs on the original estimate and Rs. 2.41 lakhs on the revised estimate. The ratio of working expenses to revenue in the year under review was 51.95 per cent. as against 48.15 per cent. in the previous year, or an increase of 3.8 per cent. The increase is due to the heavy fall in the receipts for the reasons stated above.

4. The budget estimates for the year anticipated a surplus of Rs. 0.44 lakhs under General Account and a surplus of Rs. 0.07 lakh under Pilotage Account; the actual result was a surplus of "Rs. 4.91 lakhs" under "General Account" which has been transferred to the Revenue Reserve Fund and "Rs. 0.20 lakh" under "Pilotage Account" which has been transferred to the Vessels' Replacement Fund.

5. The Trustees continued their policy of granting relief to trade by reducing rates and charges wherever possible.

Capital expenditure during the year was restricted to essential works and amounted to Rs. 10.93 lakhs.

The surplus on General Account for the year under report, amounting to Rs. 4.91,426, has been transferred to the Revenue Reserve Fund

Indian Women's Committee Meeting Postponed

Mrs. Krishna Hutheesingh announces that the proposed meeting of women for the formation of an Indian Women's Committee for peace will not take place to-morrow. Another date will be announced later.

Enemy Firms In City Sealed

Arrested Germans Taken To Deolali: Partial Blackout

BOMBAY, Monday.

On Monday night the city looked unusually sombre. In contrast with the usual gaily lit streets, only half the usual number of lights were burning. The trams and buses which used to be flaming masses of moving light were going along with blue lights or with the lights dimmed. With the exception of a few irresponsible motorists who defiantly insisted on harassing the pedestrians with the full glare of headlights, all car and taxi owners were content to carry only sidelights. The sands of Chowpatty usually crowded and lighted up with a thousand dancing lights, appeared dark and deserted.

THE GERMAN FIRMS IN THE CITY REMAINED LOCKED UP AND THEIR WAREHOUSES WERE SEALED.

TAKEN TO DEOLALI.

In addition to the 308 Germans who were arrested yesterday night and were taken away to Deolali by a special train which left the Victoria Terminus at 10-30 a.m. to-day, 13 more Germans were arrested in the course of the day and were taken by train to Deolali late at night.

FANCY PRICES FOR CIGARETTES

War Profiteering In Full Swing

With over 50 per cent. profit on every commodity, large scale dealers as also the petty traders in Bombay have been reaping a rich harvest since Sunday evening.

Tinned provisions and cigarettes are being sold almost at fancy prices. Big dealers are refusing to sell more than a week's provisions. The usual explanation given by them is that they are out of stock, though most of them are having considerable stocks in godowns.

WHY UNIFORMITY IN TEXT-BOOKS?

Bombay Secondary Teachers' Conference Decisions

At a conference on Text-Books held under the auspices of the Secondary Teachers' Association, Bombay, on Monday evening at St. Xavier's High School Hall two resolutions were passed after a heated debate.

Mr. D. R. Gadgil presided and Mr. M. V. Donde, Miss K. Khandwalla, Miss R. Reuben, Mrs. R. D. Chokshi, Miss J. M. Curseti, Mrs. Gulistan D. Billimoria, Mr. A. R. Dawood, Mr. A. Soares, Mr. S. R. Bhise, Father A. M. Coyne, Mrs. K. Hutheesing and Mrs. Jayashree Raiji, spoke.

Resolutions:—

This Conference welcomes an inquiry into the whole question of the selection, preparation and cost of text-books, and is of opinion that three factors call for particular attention; (1) haphazard selection, (2) the evils of canvassing and undue influence, (3) questions of cost.

In dealing with these factors the Conference considers that the laying down of criteria for selection is a first necessity; that the careful application of such criteria must check canvassing and undue influence; that questions of cost can best be considered after a careful inquiry into (a) cost per pupil in different types of schools; and (b) the whole economy of book production.

Further, the Conference is of opinion that the purposes of a progressive education policy will best be served not by the abolition but by a searching examination and consequent reform of the present system.

The Conference also expressed the opinion that "a single set of uniform text-books is pernicious and destructive of sound educational progress."

A. R. P. Equipment

It is believed that there are any firms in Bombay who market products for air raid precaution work, such as paints, lacquers, asbestos suitings, fire extinguishers, etc.

If such organisations would get in touch with the Safety First Association of India, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, an exhibition of A. R. P. products will be arranged, as it is felt that such an exhibition will be of great assistance to the community. It is hoped that this proposal will meet with an encouraging response.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Sept 4

N Y Kaisha ss Tango Maru of 4238 reg tons, Captain T Koyasa arrived from Yokohama via Japan, China Ports Singapore, Penang and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

F F Campbell ss City of Bedford of 4160 reg tons, Captain J J E Braclay arrived from Montreal via American ports, Suez, Jeddah, Aden and Karachi with general cargo.

T Morrison ss Nurmahal of 3380 reg tons, Captain P W Palmer arrived from Moulmein via Rangoon, Colombo and Cochin with passengers, rice and general cargo.

Scindia Steam Nvg ss Jalaratna of 2326 reg tons, Captain L Watson arrived from Rangoon via Galle, Colombo and Cochin with rice, copra and general cargo.

Scindia Steam Nvg ss Jalapalaka of 2630 reg tons, Captain A E Trick arrived from Calcutta with cargo of coal.

M B Kaisha ss Singapore Maru of 4257 reg tons, Captain S Kanebako arrived from Osaka via Japan, China Ports, Singapore and Colombo with general cargo.

K Nixon ss City of Dundee of 3309 reg tons, Captain A A Fullerton arrived from Liverpool via Port Said, Port Sudan and Aden with general cargo.

Scindia Steam Nvg ss Jalajyoti of 2696 reg tons, Captain J G Connor arrived from Calcutta via Colombo, Tuticorin and Marmagoa with general cargo.

T Morrison ss Nizam of 3334 reg tons, Captain T B Dunster arrived from Sourabaya via Madras Tuticorin, Karachi and Port Okha in water ballast.

B I S N ss Varela of 1926 reg tons, Captain E H Brady arrived from Karachi with passengers and general cargo.

SAILED

B I S N ss Orna of 4030 reg tons, Captain W H Hemmings sailed for Calcutta with local cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 4-9-39.

S S Itinda (M M) for Coast Ports, Colombo, Akyab and Rangoon

S S Pres Van Buren (F F C) for Suez, Port Said, Naples Genoa and American Ports.

S S Jalapalaka (Scindia S N) for Calcutta

S S Jalajyoti (Scindia S N) for Karachi

S S British Chemist (Ang Ira Oil) for Abadan

S S Vitorlock (N Y K) for Japan Ports via Singapore

S S Toyama Maru (N Y K) for China Japan Ports via Singapore

S S Ryuhuku Maru (O S K) for China Japan Ports via Penang and Singapore.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Sept 4

1 City of Bedford 4059 Calcutta 6-9 F F Campbell
3 Britannia 5276 Glasgow 8-9 Anchor Line
4 Durenda 4454 Karachi 7-9 M M
5 Singapore Maru 4257 Port Okha 5-9 N Y Kaisha
6 Tango Maru 4238 Karachi N F N Y Kaisha
8 City of Dundee 3309 Karachi 8-9 K Nixon
9 Nizam 3334 N F N F T Morrison
10 Vita 1956 Karachi NF M M
11 Jalaratna 2326 Rangoon 8-9 The Scindia S N
12 Lahore 3161 Sydney N F M M
13 Vasna 2026 NF NF P Sea T Officer
14 Cathay 8746 N F N F P Sea T Officer
15 Ranchi 8327 N F N F P Sea T Officer
17 Karanja 4646 N F N F P Sea T Officer

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Hashemi 293 Malabar Coast 6-9 S Hassum
3 Barpeta 1892 Persian Gulf 6-9 M M
12/13 Orna 4030 Calcutta 4-9 M M
14 Varela 1926 Persian Gulf 7-9 M M

PRINCE'S DOCK

C/R Nurmahal 3380 Rangoon 9-9 T Morrison
F Jehangir 2157 N F N F T Morrison
H Shrivati 250 NF NF Malabar Steamship
H Revati 232 NF NF Malabar Steamship
M Kamarsund IX 611 N F N F Merchant S N

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Bhutan 9-9-39 M M
Maloja 7-9-39 P and O S N

FROM LIVERPOOL

Clan Macinnes 6-9-39 J Finlay
Circassia 8-9-39 Anchor Line

FROM NEW YORK

Pres. Van Buren 7-9-39 F F Campbell
Chattanooga City 5-9-39 M M
Pres. Harrison 21-9-39 F F Campbell

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Melbourne Maru 16-9-39 O S Kaisha
Carthage 15-9-39 P and O S N
Zinzan Maru 17-9-39 N Y Kaisha
Penang Maru 14-9-39 N Y Kaisya
London Maru 8-9-39 O S K Kaisya

FROM SYDNEY

Narkunda 9-9-39 P and O S N

FROM BASSEIN

Carmula 8-9-39 M M

FROM JAVA

Hoegh Merchant 8-9-39 Volkart Bros.

FROM KARACHI

Toyama Maru 4-9-39 N Y Kaisha

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Narkunda 9-9-39 P and O S N
Carthage 16-9-39 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

Britannia 8-9-39 Anchor Line

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Van Buren 9-9-39 F F Campbell
City of Bedford 6-9-39 F F Campbell
Pres Harrison 23-9-39 F F Campbell

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Vitorlock 7-9-39 N Y Kaisha
Ryuhuku Maru 8-9-39 O S K Kaisya
Toyama Maru 9-9-39 N Y Kaisha
Tango Maru 13-9-39 N Y Kaisha
London Maru 20-9-39 O S K Kaisya

FOR SYDNEY

Lahore N F P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Barpeta 6-9-39 M M
Valera 7-9-39 M M

FOR DURBAN

Takliwa 13-9-39 M M

FOR ABADAN

Br. Trader 7-9-39 Ang Ira Oil

FOR JEDDAH

Jehangir 14-9-39 T Morrison

FOR RANGOON

Jalaratna 8-9-39 Scindia S N
Nurmahal 9-9-39 T Morrison

FOR MAURITIUS

Akbar 14-9-39 T Morrison

FOR KARACHI

Durenda 7-9-39 M M
City of Dundee 8-9-39 K Nixon
Tango Maru N F N Y Kaisha

B.P.T. GENERAL LANDING DATES.

S S Badarpur 1-9-39
S S City of Benares 1-9-39
S S Kalavati 2-9-39
S S Netravati 2-9-39
S S Subedar (boats) 2-9-39
S S Barpeta 4-9-39

EXPORTS

S S Durenda for Middlesbrough: 2200 tons manganese ore J Finlay

S S Ryuhuku Maru for Kobe: 700 ts raw cotton T M Kaisha; 1100 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading; 200 bales raw cotton A Clayton.

For Osaka: 400 bales raw cotton A Clayton.

S S Britannia for Liverpool: 256 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas; 50 bales stn twist waste L O Vora; 55 bales raw cotton B Cursondas.

For Manchester: 125 bales ctn twist waste L O Vora.

For Philadelphia: 118 bales raw wool D Abraham.

S S City of Bedford for New York: 934 bags gum S Khetsey

For Montreal: 109 bags lentils S M Rajgor.

S S Vitorlock for Yokkaichi: 500 bs raw cotton Ramnarain Sons.

For Kobe: 81 bales raw cotton Konishi; 100 bales raw cotton A Clayton.

For Osaka: 200 bales raw cotton A Clayton.

S S Lahore for Melbourne: 615 bags myrabollams K Tricamji.

S S Toyama Maru for Kobe: 2000 bs raw cotton T M Kaisha; 700 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading.

For Shanghai: 4420 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading; 4200 bales raw cotton N Nagase; 1000 bales raw cotton A Clayton.

For Jinsen: 400 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading.

For Yokohama: 500 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading.

IMPORTS

S S Vitorlock Agents N Y K Kaisya Bombay Branch from Yokohama: 200 bs strawboards; 39 cases rayon piecegoods.

From Colombo: 2400 bags copra.

From Singapore: 1355 bags sago flour; 163 bags betelnuts; 94 bundles rattans.

From Shanghai: 193 bags beans; 115 bales cotton yarn; 128 bags green beans.

From Tokyo: 75 cases antimonyware; 150 casks sodium thiosulphate; 434 bales cotton yarn.

From Nagoya: 30 bales cotton yarn; 60 bags p tiles;

From Osaka: 186 cases ctn piecegoods; 49 cases ctn jeans; 189 cases rayon yarn; 60 cases porcelainware; 115 bales staple fibre yarn; 50 cases art silk yarn.

From Kobe: 64 cases ctn and art silk mixed piecegoods; 93 cases rayon piecegoods; 50 cases art silk yarn; 173 cases ctn piecegoods; 1000 cts p tiles; 100 bags broken tiles; 127 case scotton yarn.

S S Ryuhuku Maru Agents O S K Kaisya Bombay from Singapore: 783 bags betelnuts; 3938 bags sago flour; 510 pkgs rattans; 40 bags damar batu.

From Penang: 2.2 bags pear, tapioca.

From Colombo: 9.0 bags copra.

From Nagoya: 240 cases porcelainware; 415 cases tiles; 72 cases ctn piecegoods.

From Osaka: 261 cases ctn yarn; 193 cases glassware; 82 cases glass bangles; 360 cases art silk yarn; 73 cases glass tubes; 230 bales staple fibre yarn; 400 cases rayon yarn; 104 cases window glass; 220 bundles flat bar (cut hoops); 55 cases ctn piecegoods; 100 bags sulphur; 75 cases paint; 51 cases canvas belting; 77 cases glass bottles

From Tokyo: 50 cases g m ctn yarn.

From Shimizu: 716 pkgs green tea.

From Kobe: 83 cases ctn yarn; 52 cases ctn printed jeans; 69 bales woollen yarn; 159 cases ctn and rayon mixed piecegoods; 183 cases ctn piecegoods; 41 cases rayon yarn; 60 bales staple fibre yarn; 194 cases rayon piecegoods; 325 casks tallow; 85 cts porcelain tiles; 143 cases paint; 53 cases art silk piecegoods; 144 cases ctn and art silk mixed piecegoods; 50 cases confectionary; 167 cases art silk yarn; 128 coils galvd plain iron wire; 44 cases calender hinges.

From Tientsin: 50 cts plywood.

From Moji: 132 cases sheet glass; 48 cases ground glass; 80 pkgs empty glass bottles 295 cases tin plates; 50 bales strawboards.

S S Winkfield Agents M Mackenzie & Co from Tonal: 21211 bags sago flour.

From Colombo: 100 bags arecanuts; 71 cyl chlorine.

FIRST INDIAN WHO PREACHED GOSPEL OF SWARAJ

Setalvad's Tributes To G. O. M. Of India At Birthday Anniversary Meeting

Glowing tributes were paid to the memory of Dadabhoy Naoroji, G. O. M. of India, at a public meeting held on Monday evening, to celebrate his birthday anniversary.

The meeting was convened under the joint auspices of several associations, including the Dadabhoy Naoroji Memorial Association, Sir Chimanlal Setalvad presiding.

The President observed that Dadabhoy Naoroji was the first Indian to give the message of Swaraj. He always declared that unless India achieved self-Government there could be no salvation for her. He worked for the country's cause till the end of his life. He was an upright man. He made no distinction between a Hindu, Mahomedan and Parsi.

If the younger generation, the President concluded, emulated Dadabhoy's example, India would soon be independent.

Mr. A. D. Shroff, Miss P. Nariman and Sir Jehangir Boman-Behram also joined in the chorus of tribute.

MINISTERS RETURN TO BOMBAY

All the Ministers, excepting the Hon. Mr. Latthe were in Bombay by Monday afternoon. The Finance Minister is expected on Tuesday.

Press Advisory Bureau Plans

A Press Advisory Bureau has been appointed with Mr. J. M. Sladen, Secretary, Home Department of the Government of Bombay as the Provincial Adviser. Mr. H. S. Israel, Assistant Commissioner, Central Division is appointed as the Assistant Press Adviser.

District Magistrates in each district have been authorised to act as Press Advisers in their respective districts.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

A press communique issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, states:—

Owing to the holidays the weekly accounts of the Reserve Bank of India will be published this week on Saturday, 9th September 1939.

Note: This communique is not being issued at other centres.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

Ahmedabad, Sept 4

The following are closing quotations:

Ambika	Rs. 243 0 0
Calico	634 0 0
Gujarat Cotton	15 0 0
Jubili	246 0 0
Motilal Hirabhai	18 0 0
Marsdan	99 0 0
Monogram	55 0 0
Ordinary	340 0 0

Active Long Liquidation In N. Y. Cotton

WALL-STREET BUYING

Political Influence At Work

BOMBAY, Sept. 4.

THE NEW YORK COTTON WAS NERVOUS AND IRREGULAR ON SATURDAY. THERE WAS ACTIVE LIQUIDATION AFTER THE SHARP REACTION OF OUTSIDE MARKETS REVERSING INITIAL UPTREND.

The New York cotton market opened steady on continued trade buying for near and Wall Street buying in sympathy with the Stock market. Prices reacted on heavy hedging reflecting large Southern spot sales and week-end liquidation. Finally Commission Houses liquidation appeared on the reaction of outside markets. There was trade and New Orleans buying on scale down. The session closed irregular.

At the opening October was quoted 10 points up at 8.52 which was the highest level and later with increased selling depressed prices to 8.33 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a decline of 5 to 14 points. Spot cotton prices declined 5 points at 8.37c. per lb.

WEEKLY REVIEW

The market was feverish dominated by European developments including the break in sterling and the trend was chiefly downward under lively foreign selling, mainly Bombay straddle liquidation which interest is estimated at some half a million bales in this market together with hedge selling and long liquidation for Wall Street account. However the fact that new outside buying appeared as prices approached the point at which Government loan might be mandatory on the 1939/40 crop aroused comment.

Contrary to trade hopes. Washington advices suggest that machinery is being put in order for loan. Moreover there is talk of export possibilities being undermined by European developments.

In cotton goods, overseas developments are deterring enterprise. In the meanwhile with the crop movement gaining momentum traders are not disposed to reach for contracts. At the same time it is believed that the market will readily respond to any improvement in European news.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton market was quiet and closed at a decline of 1 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices declined 2 points at 8.84c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a rise of 29 points with October 5.26. There was general buying and short covering on war psychology which met heavy American straddle selling. Later on there was general profit-taking. The market closed at a rise of 23 to 8 points. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 26 points at 5.97d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was steady. Giza futures advanced 8 to 6 points and Uppers futures closed 8 to 9 points higher.

To-day has been declared a Bank Holiday in Britain and all markets will be closed. The American markets will also be closed to-day being "Labour Day."

NEW YORK COTTON

New Contracts

New York, Sept. 2.

October	8.50—05
December	8.33—09
January	8.22+10
March	8.21—12
May	8.10—13
July	7.93—11

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. Old October Highest (10 a.m.) 8.52+10

N. Y. Old October Lowest (11-56 a.m.) 8.33—09

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York.—Continued nervous market with selling general. Trade continues to buy on scale.

Messrs Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York:—

Belief here Britain able replenish supplies despite situation crop outlook growing less favourable.

RAPID RISE IN HOWRAH JUTE SHARES

Political Influence

CALCUTTA, Sept. 1.

The international political situation has been a dominating factor on the local stock exchange and prices have moved erratically with, however, an upward tendency and a steadier undertone at the close. Outstanding features have been the rapid improvement in Howrah Jute shares and a steady improvement in Indian Iron and steel shares. Trading in Government securities have been decidedly easier 3 1/2 per cent. Government paper, the leader of the group, opening round Rs. 97, progressively receded and on Friday when the news of German-Poland War was flashed a further drop of Rs. 2, was recorded. The closing was in the region of 92/12. Speculative interest engendering a sharp rise in the price of nine porter hessians favourably affected the Jute section specially the speculative counter Howrah which in a single day registered a rise of about Rs. 3. 47/10 and 50/12 being the low and high levels. Practically nothing has been doing in the Jute section and prices towards the close have steadied up considerably in sympathy with rapidly rising prices in cognate markets. It remains to be seen whether this bullish wave can hold it own as the prospects of the European War are almost certain.

JUTE

As indicated above there was little doing in investment issues practically the whole period under review but on Friday a brisk inquiry from speculators hardened prices. Kamarhatty and Kanknarrah were respectively quoted at 450 and 340. Bally and Barnagore were respectively quoted at 172 and 152. Gourepore came to business at 540. Alliance were done at 201, Budge-Budge 270. There was an intermittent fluctuation in Hukumchand Jute shares the low and high price being 0/13 and 1/15 closing at the top price of the week. Preference receded to Rs. 18 but subsequently recovered to Rs. 34, National were priced at Rs. 20/8, Clive at Rs. 21/8, Northbrook Rs. 30. These prices may be considered nominal as there was a back of selling pressure and buyers predominated.

COAL.

An improved inquiry was also noticeable in this section, and rates were inclined to improve. Bengal Coal were taken round Rs. 301, Bokaro-Ramgarh at Rs. 13/8, Equitable at Rs. 31, Burakur 11/8, Sendra Rs. 8, Nazia 2/4, Hurriladih were done at 10/10, Union at 28/8.

DIVIDENDS

Equitable Rs. 1/4, West Jamuriah 1/4, Dhemo Main 0/8, Hurrilacih 0/4, Mundulpore 0/4.

MISCELLANEOUS

Indian Iron and Steel were well supported and moved up to Rs. 25/2 from Rs. 23/12 the closing price being in the region of 24/12. The announcement of Rs. 1/8 Dividend was well received as it checked the declining tendency. Burn and Co. ord. on run our of Rs. 20 dividend recorded a sharp side business being done upto 295, the close being in the region of Rs. 220. Steel Corporation of Bengal ord. came in for fair support and the price was pushed up to Rs. 12/1 from Rs. 11/12. The mining issues were very Steady. Burma Corporation closed at 5/5. Indian Copper at 1/14, Rhodesia Copper at 1/2, B. B. Petroleum found buyers at 3/12. B.I.C. Ordinary remained firm at 2/8. Dalmia Cement ord. were done at Rs. 10, Deferred at 2/11 Preference at Rs. 92, Titagnur Paper changed hands at 11/12. Sugar Section was distinctly easier. Balrampore were marked at 7/4, Champaran 12/4c. div Samastipur 6, India General Navigation ord. were easy at 86 Indian Cables were done at Rs. 8, Reserve Bank were easy at 107.

BULLION MARKET CLOSED

Bombay, Sept 4

In view of war, the local bullion market remained entirely closed to-day as per decision of the Board.

An urgent meeting of the Board met in the evening to consider the situation. Violent fluctuations in prices of both gold and silver are likely to have considerable effect.

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Sept 4

Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 49
Copper sheets	Rs. 66

Tone: Strong.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Sept 4

Castorseeds Sept.—	
Opening	31 12 0
Highest	32 4 0
Lowest	31 12 0
Closing	32 4 0
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	32 0 0
Highest	33 0 0
Lowest	32 0 0
Closing	33 0 0
Groundnuts Feb—	
Opening	33 4 0
Highest	33 14 0
Lowest	33 1 6
Closing	33 9 0
Cottonseeds Sept—	
Opening	29 2 0
Highest	29 4 0
Lowest	28 14 0
Closing	29 1 0
Cottonseeds Jan—	
Opening	23 0 0
Highest	23 11 6
Lowest	23 0 0
Closing	23 9 0

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Sept 2

October	48 3/4d.
December	51d.
March	51 5/8d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Sept 2

September	dol 0.76 1/4
December	dol 0.76 3/4
May	dol 0.77 1/2

Bombay Yarn Quotations

Bombay, Sept 4

Yarn No. 6 1/2s—	
October	102 0 0
December	103 0 0
February	103 0 0
Yarn No. 10 1/2s—	
October	119 0 0
December	120 0 0
February	120 0 0
Yarn No. 20 1/2s—	
October	150 0 0
December	151 0 0
February	152 0 0
Yarn No. 40s.—	
October	215 0 0
December	215 0 0
February	216 0 0

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Sept. 4.

The local cotton market was excited with considerable buying on Saturday Broach A/M. delivery closed at Rs. 165/8 and with war news yesterday prices advanced to Rs. 174. On Saturday the New York market closed at a decline of 5 to 14 points. To-day the market opened firm at Rs. 176 for Broach A/M. delivery and advanced to Rs. 181/8 on heavy speculative buying and short covering. Later on there was some realising and prices declined to Rs. 179/4. The market was steady at this level.

The Liverpool market opened at a rise of 18 points and there was scattered realising in the local market and Broach A/M. delivery was quoted at 178/8. Later on Liverpool was reported 69 points up and prices advanced to Rs. 189 for Broach A/M. delivery. Later Liverpool was 53 points up and in the local market quoted was Rs. 185/8. The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

F. G. M. G.—			
Broach April/May	Rs.	186	8 0
Fine M. G.—			
Oomra Dec/Jan.		172	0 0
F. G. M. G.—			
Bengal Dec/Jan.		144	12 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Sept. 4.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	F.G.	Good
M. G.—					
Bengal U. P.	150	147	144	141	
Punjab	150	147	144	141	
Rajputana	153	150	147	144	
Oomra No. 3	181	179	176	173	...
C. P. No. 1	192	190	187	184	...
C. P. No. 2	185	183	180	177	...
Broach No. 2	188	186	183	181	
Punjab-Ame.	208	206	203	201	
Surat	225	223	223	218	
Rajpipla	222	220	217	215	
Navsari	235	233	230	228	

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Sept 4

Bengal Fine	140/42
Bengal F.G.	137/39
C. P. 1	177/79
C. P. 2	175/76
Berar	174/75
Khandesh	158/63
Jalna/Sailu	162/64
Khandwa	173/74
Broach	179/81
Punjab 289F.	224/29
Sindh N.T.	209/19
Surat	227/229
Navsari	247/249
Western Farm	194/204

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Sept 4

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales 2-9-39	This year	Since 1st Sept. Last year	
Central India			420
Barsi and Nagar	102	102	
Berar			5,746
Central Provinces			521
Total Oomras	102	102	1,515
Dholera	158	158	40
Rajputana	34	34	22
Sind Punjab	396	396	134
Coompta and Dharwar	104	127	106
Westerns Northerns			145
Egyptian African and Sudan		259	889
Total	794	1,136	3,221
Arrived by road to 31st August 1939		382,855	

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 31st Aug

In full-pressed bales 2-9-39	This year	Last year
Europe	323,166	353,629
Japan and China	1,402,540	803,266
Coast Ports	39,231	63,621
Up-country by Rail	298,275	397,323
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	2,921	1,530
Total	2,063,133	1,618,369

American Cotton Figures

F.P. Bales	1939-40	1938-39
Receipts to date 2-9-39	581000	426000
Receipts Yesterday 2-9-39	25000	19000
Exports to date 2-9-39	313000	291000
Stock at Ports 1-9-39	2137000	2464000
Stock at Interior Towns 1-9-39	2425000	1947000
Stock at Liverpool 1-9-39	568000	1162000
Visible Supply 1-9-39	5662000	5652000
Quantity in sight 1-9-39	867000	690000
Quantity out of sight 1-9-39	605000	657000

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Sept. 2.

Broach A/M highest 168; lowest 162 1/4; closing 165 1/2

Oomra D/J highest 155 1/4; lowest 151; closing 153 1/2

Bengal D/J highest 130; lowest 126 1/4 closing 129.

Night session: Broach A/M opened Rs. 165 1/2, highest Rs. 167, lowest Rs. 165 1/2, closed Rs. 166 1/2.

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Sept. 2.

GIZA 2	
Spot	7.65+15.
October	7.09+ 6.
November	7.14+ 6.
January	8.22—10
March	7.10+ 8.
May	7.06+ 8.
July	7.08+ 8.
UPPERS.	
Spot	6.58+16.
October	6.12+ 9.
November	6.12+ 9.
January	6.04+ 8.
March	6.02+ 8.
May	6.00+ 8.

WORLD COTTON CONFERENCE

The U. S. Dept. of Agriculture Officials said that as far as they knew the International Cotton Conference would begin on Tuesday.

Mr. E. J. Schwabach cables:—"JUST RETURNED FROM WASHINGTON, EXCLUSIVE INFORMATION, IN VIEW OF WAR EMERGENCY, INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE CURTAIL SCOPE, RECOMMENDING EACH COTTON COUNTRY TO APPOINT AGRICULTURAL ATTACHE STATIONED WASHINGTON FOR FURTHER COLLABORATION."

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Sept. 4.

GOVT. SECURITIES	
3 1/2 per cent Paper	87/4
4 per cent 1960-70	101
5 per cent 1945-55	105
BANKS	
Bank of Baroda	90/8
Bank of Hindusthan	27/4
Bank of India	130
Central Bank	27
Imperial Bank F.P.	1400
Imperial Bank P.P.	345
Indian Overseas Bank	47
Reserve Bank	94
Union Bank	5/12
TEXTILES.	
Ahmd. New Textiles	310
Ambica	226/4
Arun	192/8
Arvind	1100
Asok	171/14
Bharatkhand Textiles	1550
Bombay Dyeing	932/6
Buckingham and Carnatics	172
Calico	595
Central India	276/4
Century	275/10
Colaba	147/8
Elgin	103/12
Gokak	183/12
Hukumchand	165/10
Indore Malwa	30/10
Jubilee	226/4
Khatau Makanji	81/4
Kohinoor	287/8
Laxmi Cotton	417/8
Madhusudan	200
Marsden	83/12
Morarji	120
Mysore	78/12
Nandlal Bhandari	77/4
New Great	245
Raipur	601/4
Rajnagar	160
Sajjan	97/8
Sassoon and Alliance	69
Sholapur	2600
Simplex	93/12
Swadeshi	250
Vishnu	1000
HYDRO ELECTRICS	
Andhra Valley Ord.	1395
Tata Hydro Ord.	140
Tata Power Ord.	1217/8
ELECTRICS	
Ahmedabad Electrics	143/2
Ajmer Electrics	11/2
Amalgamated	11/2
Bombay Suburban	165
Bombay Tram.	116/14
Lahore Electrics	225
Surat Electrics	161/4
MISCELLANEOUS	
Alcock Ashdown	467/8
Associated Cements	131
Belapur	196/14
Bombay Burma New	176/4
Bombay Burma Old	561/4
Bombay Steam	278/12
Bombay Telephone	87/8
Br. B. Petrol	5/7
Burma Corporation	7/8
Dalmia Cement	11
Indian Bleaching	103/12
Industrial Investment Tr.	44/4
Indian Radio Ord.	342/12
Indian Radio Defd.	332/8
Indian Copper	2/14
Indian Iron	34
Mysore Sugar	30/8
Port Canning	75/12
Premier Construction	75
Rohtas Industries	20
Scindia Steam	23/4
Shivrajpur	52
Steel Corp. of Bengal	14/8
Tata Oil	48
Tata Steel Ordy.	337
Tata Steel Defd.	1725
JUTES	
Birla Jute	15
Howrah	55/6
Hukumchand	2/14
Kamarhatty	503
Kankanarrah	344
Lawrence	320
Reliance	60

DELIVER OF SHARES

Following delivery slips have been issued to-day:—

Bombay Dyeings	25
Associated Cements	50
B. B. Petrols	500

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC OUTPUTS

TOTAL UNITS GENERATED

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for The Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd., the Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd., and The Tata Power Company, Limited, report that the total electrical (Board of Trade) units generated at the three Power Stations (Khopoli, Bhivpuri and Bhira) of the Hydro Group were as follows:—

35th week (ended September 2nd).	
1937	12,954,400
1938	13,871,900
1939	12,986,100
Total for 35 weeks (1st Jan. to date)—	
1937	431,294,000
1938	500,026,000
1939	465,377,200

TRADING IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES SUSPENDED

BOMBAY, Sept. 4.

Owing to war, forward business in Government Securities is suspended on the floor of the Stock Exchange. Members are advised to close open business with parties as far as possible 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper nominal quotation is Rs. 86.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Sept. 4.

B. C. RATES—
T T D D 1/5 7/8 to 4th Nov.

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 29/32 September 15/16
Bank's buying T T 1/5 31/32 Oct 4th Nov.
Bank's buying D D 1/6 1/16
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 5/16 to 2nd November

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T No quotations.
Bank's buying T T No quotations.
Bank's buying D D No quotations.

PARIS—
Bank's selling T T No quotations
Bank's buying T T No quotations.

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 79
Bank's buying T T 77 3/4
Bank's buying 60 days 77

AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D nominal.

JAVA—
Bank's selling D D Nominal.

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D closed

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D closed

SINGAPURE—
Bank's selling D D 158 1/4

BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D No quotations.

CROSS RATE—
Hongkong/London closed 4th instant.
Shanghai/London closed 4th instant.
Japan/London 1/2 1/64 4th instant.
Java/London 7.88 4th instant.
New York/London No quotations 2nd instant.
London/New York 4.29 Nominal 2nd instant.
London/Paris No quotations 2nd inst.
London/Belgium No quotations 2nd instant
London/Switzerland No quotations 2nd instant.
London/Berlin No quotations 2nd instant.
London/Stockholm No quotations 2nd instant.
London/Amsterdam No quotations 2nd instant.
London/Italy No quotations 2nd instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Nominal
Gold £8-0-0 1st instant
Gold —2nd instant.
Silver London Ready 19 3/4 1st instant.
Silver London Read — 2nd instant.
Silver London Forward 19 9/16 1st instant
Silver London Forward — 2nd instant
Silver New York Ready — 1st instant.
Silver New York Ready — 2nd instant
London Discounts 3 months 4 1/2 per cent 1st instant.
London Discounts 3 months 4 1/2 per cent 2nd instant.
London Discounts 6 months 5 per cent 1st instant
London Discounts 6 months 5 per cent 2nd instant.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 4 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/4 per cent.
3 months 1 1/2 per cent.
6 months 1 3/4 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

PROGRESS OF GLOBE INSURANCE

Seth Mathuradas Warns Against Competition of Lloyds

At the eighth annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Indian Globe Insurance Co. Ltd., held recently, Seth Mathuradas Vissanji in the course of his presidential speech observed:

The year which has passed was a year of great concern as the Insurance Companies tried with reckless competition to retain their old connections and build up new ones, fearing the dual control and stricter supervision of the New Insurance Act and Insurance Associations' Tariff regulations. Even against such odds, your Company has increased its business by one lac and a quarter, and there has been a reduction in acquisition cost by 6¼ per cent., which justify our conservative policy.

Here I cannot ignore mentioning the Insurance Act 1938 which puts the Insurance business under stricter supervision and control of the Government and gives to the Insurance Companies a fresh opportunity to set their houses in order and to make Insurance a service to the people of the country.

I would like, also, to refer to the compromise plan of reforms formulated by the Local Tariff Associations to adjust the conflicting interests of the Foreign and Indian Companies and of the Chief Agents and Branch Offices and of other agents. I hope this plan will be given a fair trial, but I fear the Chief Agencies created by Foreign Companies to save heavy Branch Organisation costs have out-lived their utility and usefulness.

A general reduction in Insurance rates by say 25 per cent and standard uniform commission of 5 per cent. to all agents and brokers would satisfy all interests concerned. The general public would be satisfied by reduction in premium, the agents and brokers would get better remuneration as compared with 1 per cent to 2½ per cent that they saved in brokerage and Insurance Companies would have a reduction in acquisition cost.

COMPETITION OF LLOYDS.

Another danger in the smooth working of the Insurance business is the competition of the Lloyds Underwriters who are non-tariff underwriters and whose position has remained unchanged by the new Insurance Law. A move has been set afoot by such non-tariff underwriters to appoint several representatives to deflect as much business as possible from tariff Insurance Companies. I hope the Lloyds committee will decide to work in co-operation and not in competition with Tariff Associations. Any how, I hope the Government will be watchful in this respect.

After referring to the prominent place given to insurance by the National planning Committee, Seth Mathuradas paid tributes to the retiring firm of Managing Agents M/s Vijaysinh Govindji & Co., who have resigned their Managing Agency without waiting for three years in order to put the Company's organisation as intended to be carried on by the Act in proper spirit.

DIRECTORS' REPORT.

The Directors' Report together with Revenue and Profit and Loss account and the Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st December, 1938, was unanimously adopted.

This reveals that the net Fire Premium has increased from Rs. 1,09,503 in 1931 to Rs. 3,30,363 in 1938. The loss per cent is 26.8 per cent while expense ratio is only 25.9 per cent which should be considered encouraging. The Life fund is over Rs. 3,30,000. Seth Mathuradas Vissanji Khimji is President of the Company and Mr. Vijaysinh Govindji who is a well-known Insurance man having an experience of over 30 years in line, is ex-officio Director of the Company. The Company has Branches at Calcutta, Rangoon, Lahore, Mombasa, Madras, Ahmedabad, Surat and Hyderabad (Dn).

Tata Steel Dfds. Again Record Rise Of Rs. 155

OUTBURST OF BULLISH ENTHUSIASM

Violent Fluctuations In Speculative Counters

BOMBAY: September 4.

The declaration of War was followed by unprecedented bullish enthusiasm on the local Stock Exchanges. Prices skied up by leaps and bounds, and at times, the market was erratic and nervous and business was difficult at reasonable price. Fluctuations were quick and violent and the market was highly excited with extensive speculative buying and heavy short covering.

On Saturday, there were sharp advances in all speculative counters and with grave war news the market was unsettled. In private on Sunday Tata Steel Defd. shares were nominally quoted at Rs. 1,700.

On Saturday the Wall-Street market opened firm, but later on there was some realising and U. S. Steel shares closed at a rise of 1-3/4 at dols. 53-1/4. Anaconda Copper Mining shares gained 1-7/8 at dols. 29-7/8. General motor shares advanced 1-1/8 at dols. 45-7/8

The Share Bazar seems to have assumed war mentality and substantial rise in quotations are expected by buyers. It is true that our industries will be benefited to a great extent, but if so the rise in share values is purely due to sentimental reasons. This rise must be supported by corresponding increases in values of manufactured goods and sufficient business should come forward to secure profits.

Under such conditions it will be advisable to have no short sales at any price, however high it may appear. But buyers must also remember that Rome was not built in a day and they cannot hope to realise all prospective effects in a day.

The market is now becoming highly speculative and dangerous. Like advances, there may be equally sharp reactions, calling for great courage to hold on high-priced purchases.

Government Securities and fixed interest bearing preference shares again weakened to-day.

Tata Steel Defd. shares opened to-day at Rs. 1,740 against last closing at Rs. 1,580 and soon advanced to Rs. 1,840. A rise of Rs. 260 over the last close induced some profit taking and prices declined to Rs. 1,720 and finally closed at Rs. 1,735. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 350 and after advancing to Rs. 359 declined to Rs. 332 and closed at Rs. 338. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 960 and after advancing to Rs. 1,015 declined to Rs. 910 and closed at Rs. 932.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, Sept. 4.

100	Amed. Advance	300 0
250	BOM. DYEING	932 8
100	CENTURY	276 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	277 0
100	COLABA	148 0
100	Coorla	84 0
250	David	25 0
250	Dawn	285 0
1	E. D. Sassoon	0 9 6
100	Finlay	125 0
100	GOKAK	185 0
1,000	Hindustan	1660 0
100	Indore	30 12
100	Khatau	81 8
100	KOHINOOR	288 0
250	Laxmi	417 8
250	Madras United	25 0
100	MORARJI	120 0
250	Model	38 8
50	MYSORE	79 4
200	NEW GREAT	246 0
100	Oosmanshahi	41 0
100	PHOENIX	250 0
25	SASSOON SILK	89 4
50	SIMPLEX	94 0
100	SWADESHI	251 0
1,000	Sholapur	2.600 0
100	SWAN	112 0
500	Vishnu	1,000 0
1,000	Westerns	850 0
	BANKS	
50-100	Baroda	90 8
35-50	Central	27 0
500	Imperial	1.400 0
125-500	Imp. Conty.	347 8
50-100	India	130 9
100	Reserve Bank	94 0
5	Union	5 13
	CEMENTS	
100	ASSOCIATED	127 0
	INSURANCE	
100	Empire	640 0
15-100	Jupiter	12 10
20	Mercantile	56 0
15-75	New India	32 3
200	Oriental	4.300 0
10-50	Vulcan	7 1
	ELECTRIC	
100	Ahd. Old	143 2
1,000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1395 0
10	Ajmer	11 2
50	BOMBAY TRAM	121 0
100	Bombay Suburban	165 0
10	Broach	10 11
100	Karachi	191 4
100	Poona	183 8
100	Surat	161 4
100	TATA HYDRO	140 0
1,000	TATA POWERS	1217 8
	RAILWAYS	
500	Ahmedabad Prantij	1,002 8
100	C. Province	92 0
100	Dh Baramati	101 8
100	Gujarat	90 0
100	Mandra Bhon	100 0
100	Pachora Jamner	85 8
100	Sara Serajganj	102 0
500	Tapti Valley	770 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Sept. 4.

Bombay Dyeing (845) 960 1015 935 890 910 960 932

Century (252) 300 285 275 285 276

Central India (246) 316 255 272 265 282 275 277

Kohinoor (265) 345 340 290 285 288

New Great (226) 275 245 250 246

Simplex (81/8) 119 95 94

Swadeshi (228/8) 290 235 252 246

Associated Cement (126/8) 138 132 128 130 127

Andhra (1410) 1395

Tram. Ord. (121) 117

Tata Hydro (148) 140

Tata Power (1245) 1200 1222 1217

T. Steel Dfd. (1580) 1740 1840 1800 1750 1760 1725 1740 1715 1765 1720 1735

T. Steel Ord. (319) 350 359 338 341 332 349 338

Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (147) 147 143 144 145

Belapur (188) 210 212 195 200 199 202 197

B. Steam (276) 300 285 279

B. Burma (515) 575 600 545 560 555 560 562

MININGS

9	Burma Corp.	7 12
2sh.	Indian Copper	3 9
10	Indian Iron and Steel	34 0
10	SHIVRAJPUR	52 0
30	TATA STEEL DEFDS.	1,735 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	338 0
	MISCELLANEOUS	
100	ALCOCK	470 0
10	Air Service	6 0
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	197 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep.	602 8
250	BOMBAY STEAM	279 0
125	B. BURMA	562 8
50	B. BURMA CONTY.	176 4
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	5 7
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	87 8
100	IND. BLEACHING	105 0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	44 4
100	I. Radio Defd.	347 8
100	I. Radio Ord.	340 0
100	Port Canning	75 12
30	PREMIER CON.	75 0
15	Scindia	23 8
25	Tata Oil Mill	48 0
	PREFERENCE	
¼	p.c Andhra Valley	1,482 8
6	p.c Bombay Steam	297 8
7	p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.)	76 8
5	p.c Central India (T.F.)	560 0
6-1/4	p.c. Prem Const 1st	110 4
6-1/4	p.c. Prem Const 2nd	99 8
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	140 0
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1562 8
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st Pref.	205 10
7¼	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	145 0
7	p.c Vishnu	875 0
	DEBENTURES	
4-3/4	p.c Andhra Valley	101 13
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	104 8
4	p.c. Bombay Telephone	82 8
7	p.c Sholapur	78 6
6	p.c. Tata Hydro	105 6

(Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List.)

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Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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BOMBAY: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1939

SIMLA BURNING MIDNIGHT OIL

More Offers Of Help To Britain

SIMLA, Sept. 3.

Three or four German residents in Simla have been taken under detention as a precautionary measure under the Foreigners Act. Certain branches of the Army Headquarters and Defence Co-ordination Department, the Marine Branch of Commerce Department and certain sections of the Finance Department are working at night time to give necessary instructions warranted by the emergent situation.

Mahatma Gandhi arrives tomorrow morning by car from Kalka and two cars have been permitted by the local Municipality to convey him and his party to Manorville, Rajkumari Amritkaur's place. It is believed that his stay would not be long and after the talks with the Viceroy he will communicate their substance to the Congress Working Committee.—United Press.

Indian Battalions Embodied

SIMLA, Sept. 4.

A Gazette of India Extraordinary announces that Governor General-in-Council is pleased to direct that the following units of the Indian Territorial Force shall be embodied with effect from the fourth day of September 1939.—

11th Battalion, 1st Punjab Regiment.
11th Battalion, 4th Bombay Grenadiers.
11th Battalion, 5th Maharatta Light Infantry.
11th Battalion, 6th Rajputana Rifles.
11th Battalion, 7th Rajput Regiment.
11th Battalion, 9th Jat Regiment.
11th Battalion, 12th Frontier Force Regiment.
11th Battalion, 13th Frontier Force Rifles.
11th Battalion 14th Punjab Regiment.
11th Battalion, 15th Punjab Regiment.
11th Battalion, 17th Dogra Regiment.
11th Battalion, 18th Royal Garhwal Rifles.
11th Madras Battalion.—A. P.

Registration Of Europeans

Forms for the registration of Europeans under Ordinance No. II are now available at Bombay District Headquarters, Colaba.

Forms will be sent by post to firms, departments, etc., and individuals who have already applied by post or in person and have recorded their names and addresses.

To avoid heavy clerical work and consequent delay the remaining individuals affected should as far as possible apply in person to Room No. 3, Block 28 Assaye Buildings, Colaba. Forms may be collected in bulk by representatives of firms, departments, or other bodies.

The Registration authorities with whom the forms should be lodged on completion of particulars, are specified in the First Schedule of the Ordinance which is reproduced below:—

The First Schedule. (See Section 3.)

REGISTRATION AUTHORITIES.

In the case of any servant of the Crown. The Head of the Office or Department in which he serves.

In the case of any person in the employ of any public or local authority. The Chief Executive Officer of such authority.

In the case of any person in the employ of any railway. The Head of the Railway Administration.

In any other case. The District Magistrate of the District in which the person is for the time being resident, or in the case of a person resident in a Presidency Town the Commissioner of Police.

RISE TO HIGHEST TRADITIONS

Sir Sikandar Appeals To Punjab

SIMLA, Sept. 3.

Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan, the Premier of the Punjab in a statement says:—

"The worst has happened. The efforts of the peace makers have failed, and once again Germany has, for selfish aggression, imposed a world war with all the horrors it involves for humanity. At this juncture, words cannot avail: the time for academic discussions is over, and the moment for action has arrived.

"As such, trusting in Providence, I appeal to my fellow citizens in the Punjab to get ready for the call of duty. We must be prepared for all sacrifices to defend our Motherland, civilisation, justice and fairplay and all the best for which self-respecting peoples may live and die.

"The drain on our men, money and materials is likely to be severe, ever severer than in the last War. I would therefore appeal that from to-day the Punjabees must themselves voluntarily impose all possible restrictions on their food and drink and other resources so that every ounce thus saved could be conserved for the common cause. Moreover, as the first earnest of our patriotic effort, I would appeal to all concerned to place their services and resources at the disposal of their King and Country.

"I have faith in the guidance of a merciful Providence; I have faith in the righteousness of our cause and I have faith in the valiant traditions of my Province. As such I feel confident that the Punjab will rise to its highest traditions and once again establish its proud claim to be the sword-arm of India. The Punjab expects every Punjabi to do his duty by his King and Country."—A. P.

Scindia's Offer To King

The Maharaja Scindia sent the following telegram to the Viceroy:—

"The recent international developments and the war clouds looming large on the horizon during the last few days have caused immense anxiety and the peace of the world seems threatened. The indefatigable effort of Great Britain to preserve peace has revealed that all that is humanly possible is being done to avert the crisis.

In view of the tense political situation and in keeping with the traditions of my House and my deep attachment to the person and throne of His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor, I deem it my sacred duty and proud privilege to place my troops, my personal services and all my resources at the disposal of His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor whenever required."

ARRESTS AT AHMEDABAD

Germans To Be Sent To Ahmednagar

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 4.

All Germans, according to orders, were arrested and put under detention in camp barracks. Military guards have been placed in all important places and Government offices, in place of the armed police.

All arrested Germans are likely to be sent to Ahmednagar.

GERMANS ARRESTED IN ALLAHABAD

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Sept.4.

Strict watch is kept on the movement of every aeroplane passing through Allahabad.

Two Germans were arrested last night at Phaphamau Bridge, while proceeding by car. It is said that they were on their way from Bihar to Kabul.

ARRESTS IN LAHORE

LAHORE, September 4

About 20 German businessmen were arrested here yesterday and today and removed to the Lahore Cantonment in lorries. They include German Jews also.—United Press.

Germans In Mysore State Rounded Up

BANGALORE, September 4

All Germans residing in the Cantonment area numbering about 40 were this morning taken over to a concentration camp within military barracks to be lodged there.

The Mysore Government Gazette extraordinary published yesterday contains a notification directing that Foreigners' Ordinance 1939 shall be enforced in Mysore, subject to certain slight modifications.

In another notification published in the same Gazette Extraordinary, the Government declare all 'Foreigners' Orders from time to time issued in British India under the Foreigners' Ordinance 1939 shall apply to Mysore.

Calcutta Takes Precautions

CALCUTTA, Sept. 3.

Immediately after receipt of the news that Britain had declared War on Germany a large number of Germans resident in Calcutta were taken into custody. A large number of Civil Guards and Police Force were also detailed this evening at several places in the city and they will be on duty the whole night.

About 200 buses and 300 cars were requisitioned at Lalbazar for the despatch of the Police and Guards.—United Press.

COMPULSORY REGISTRATION OF FOREIGNERS IN GWALIOR

The Publicity Officer of the Gwalior Government writes:—

Registration of foreigners within the Gwalior State territory has been made compulsory by an Act of the Gwalior Government bearing the same name.

Every foreigner residing in the State or entering the State is required under this Act to report himself to the Registration Officer giving all particulars as to his name, nationality, age, sex, place of birth and address in Gwalior State, the purpose of his visit and the proposed length of his stay in India.

This Act has also enjoined upon all the hotel-keepers within the territory of the Gwalior State to record or cause to be recorded all the particulars about a visitor and transmit a copy to the Registration Officer.

The Act also requires the master of any vessal arriving at or leaving any place in Gwalior State to supply to the Registration Officer of the place, a schedule of passengers before any passenger disembarks or embarks and generally, to render to the Registration Officer such assistance as he may reasonably require for carrying out the purposes of the Act and the rules made thereunder.

BOMBAY MEDICAL COUNCIL

Plea For Recognition Of Tilak Vidyapith Medical Degrees

The Bombay Medical Council which met this morning, accepted the suggestion of its Executive Committee that the Council should deal only with questions regarding registration, education, and ethics and not with matters which concern the privileges of practitioners.

Among the other questions that were considered by the Council was the question of appointment of the Registrar. The question was referred to a Sub-Committee. Its recommendations and report regarding the selection of candidates for the post were to be submitted by 14th instant. The budget estimates of the Council for 1940-41, amounting to an expenditure of about Rs. 11,000 were approved for submission to the Government.

TILAK VIDYAPITH DEGREES.

The Council considered the suggestion of the Government regarding the recognition of the Medical Degrees granted by the Tilak Maharashtra Vidyapith Poona, for purposes of registration under the Bombay Medical Act, 1912. The recognition of the degrees was acceptable to the Council.

The Council adjourned after a sitting of two hours.

GERMANS DETAINED

KARACHI, Sept. 4.

A notification by the Karachi Fortress Commander announces a practice black-out to-morrow night between 11 p.m. and 6 a.m. hours in Karachi including Manora and Drighroad. The notification warns the public against committing a breach of the black-out rules, which is punishable with imprisonment upto six months.

A camp for aliens has been set up at Restcamp, wherein seventeen German Jews, including four members of the Nanga Parbat Expedition, are detained.

Mandra Island is being declared a prohibited area for civilians.

AT AGRA

Two Germans were detained at Agra last night.

All important places such as petrol tanks, the Power House, Water Works, the Telegraph Office and the Aerodrome are being guarded.—A.P.

GERMANS IN NAGPUR ARRESTED

NAGPUR, Sept. 4.

All male Germans above the age of sixteen including refugees have been ordered to be arrested by Government, restrictions having been placed on the movements of women and minors.

Government have appointed all District Magistrates as press advisers in their respective districts, while Rai Sahib Narayan Prasad Shrivastava has been appointed as press adviser to the Provincial Press and Mr. S. H. Shahane, Publicity Officer, has been appointed adviser to the Nagpur Press.—United Press.

Karachi Ready To Undertake Anti-Air Raid Precautions

KARACHI, Sept. 3

That the Karachi Municipal Corporation would be ready to undertake anti-air raid precautions provided the cost was borne by the Central Government is the substance of a reply sent by the Mayor of Karachi to the Chief Secretary to Government. This is with reference to a letter addressed by the latter suggesting that the Municipality should sanction Rs. 725 for the purchase of Fire Brigade engines, as part of Air Raid Precautions.—United Press.

Big Boost For British Gift

CHATFIELD'S NEW DEAL FOR INDIA

Indian Exchequer To Foot Bill For Joint Responsibility In Defence

SIMLA, September 4.

It is announced that the Government of India have accepted the British Government's decision on the Chatfield Committee's report as embodied in a military despatch dated the 16th August from the Secretary of State to the Viceroy.

A thorough-going scheme for the re-equipment of all branches of services, for mechanisation of the bulk of the cavalry and of the first line transport of a large portion of the infantry, with the object of increasing the mobility of the units, is an important feature of the new proposals.

Out of the cost of Rs. 45 crores for modernisation three-fourths will be paid by the British Government as a gift, and one-fourth as a loan. No interest is to be charged for the first five years.

The important conclusion of the Chatfield Committee which has been accepted is that "forces maintained by India should be adequate not merely for narrower purposes of purely local defence but also to assist in maintaining what they describe as India's external security and further, India should acknowledge that her responsibility cannot in her own interests be safely limited to the local defence of her land, frontiers and coasts. It follows if Indian forces are used outside India for an emergency covered by joint responsibility, maintenance charges should be borne by India.

CHATFIELD COMMITTEE PROPOSALS

SIMLA, Sept. 4.

Government of India have published to-day the substance of the main recommendations of the report of Chatfield Committee in the form of a dispatch from His Majesty's Government to the Viceroy.

It contains 15 paragraphs of close review of the present position of Army in India and proposals for organising, equipping and maintaining the forces in India in accordance with modern requirements.

The proposals affect the Army, Air and Naval forces maintained by the Government of India.

It is stated that to bring the equipment and organization of the defence forces in India into line with modern conditions both internationally and technically, India requires a capital sum of 44 crores.

The First outstanding fact of this despatch is the free gift of 33-1/2 crores by the Government of the United Kingdom and the loan of the remaining 11-3-4 crores free of interest for the next five years.

The second point of interest is the reduction in the establishment of the British troops in India by about 25 per cent of that obtaining on July 1, 1938, which comprises two regiments of Cavalry the equivalent of three regiments of Artillery, six Battalions of Infantry.

The sole condition attached to that magnificent gift is that India should bring her defence forces up to the standard of equipment necessitated by modern warfare and adjust her strategical plans to the conditions obtaining in the world to-day.

1. The basis of distribution of the Army in India will—

(A) Frontier defence
(B) Internal security.
(C) Coast defence.
(D) General reserve.
(E) External defence troops.

TYPES OF MODERNISED UNITS.

2. Types of modernised units will be as follows:—

British and Indian Cavalry Light Tank Regiments—Equipped with light tanks and armoured carriers for reconnaissance.

Indian Cavalry armoured regiments—Equipped with light tanks and armoured cars.

Indian Cavalry Motor Regiments—provided with motor transport for conveyance of personnel who will normally on foot.

British and Indian Field Artillery Regiments—All Regiments are to be mechanised and in due course equipped with 25 pounder guns.

Sappers and Miners Units—With mechanised 1st line transport and mechanical power tools.

British and Indian Infantry Battalions—Armed with rifles, brens and 2" mortals and fully mechanised 1st line transport.

Units on North Western Frontier will retain a certain proportion of pack mules.

AIR FORCES.

3. The Air forces in India will be re-equipped with modern aircraft as follows:—

BOMBAY SQUADRONS—BLENHEIMS.
ARMY CO-OPERATION SQUADRONS—LYSANDERS.
BOMBER TRANSPORT SQUADRONS—VALENTIAS.

The Indian Air Force Squadron, at present being formed, is expected to be complete by the end of 1940.

Volunteer flights for coast defence duties will be raised at certain ports.

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY.

4. The following new vessels will be ordered:—

(A) Four "Bittern" class escort vessels.

(B) Four "Mastiff" class trawlers.

The "Indus" and "Hindustan" will be re-equipped with new armament.

ORDNANCE FACTORIES.

5. In order to make India as far as possible self-sufficient in the supply of munitions in war the existing ordnance factories will be expanded or reconstructed Where necessary entirely new factories will be built.

With the increased efficiency and mobility afforded by modernisation, it becomes possible to provide equal security with fewer troops, though it has to be recognised that the maintenance costs of a modernised unit are higher.

(Continued on page 9, col. 1)

Edgar Wallace Detective Story: Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE

THE POISON THORN

TH' DOCTOR'S INSIDE, INSPECTOR DONAVAN. FOUR MEN IN A BLACK CAR. ROBBERY. MANAGER'S DEAD --- TH' CLERK MAY LIVE....
DEAD, INSPECTOR... POISON APPLIED TO THE BALL OF THE THUMB... HE'LL NEVER TELL WHO DID IT!
TH' POISON THORN AGAIN... AN' NO WAY OF TRACKIN' 'EM DOWN!
BEGGIN' YOUR PARDON, INSPECTOR, IT AIN'T AS BAD AS THAT. I GOT THEIR LICENSE NUMBER!

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